敦城市規劃委員會秘書:	
專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓	5298
傳真:2877 0245 或 2522 8426	
電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Planning Board	
<u> </u>	ali Dažija III. i iz
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, Nor	un roint, Hong Kong
By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	
By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates	V/ 1 ND/)
一行 两种 5 次元 起 1 中 名 日 N	11-18/2
意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明)	
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)	
T a Litt	
[support ():	4
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	*

日期 Date

「提意見人」姓名/名稱Name of person/company making this comment

簽署 Signature

致城市規劃委員會秘書:

5299

專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 櫻

傳真:2877 0245 或 2522 8426 電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

To: Secretary, Town Planning Board

By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong

By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426 By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates 1/1-08/2
意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明)
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)
It Creates more Jab apportunities
·
「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment Chu Chi Ki 簽署 Signature 日期 Date G-12 16
登著 Signature 日期 Date ローンコート

致效市場型委員會秘書: 1971年1988年1988年1988年1988年1988年1988年1988年	5300
導入送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓 傳真:2877 0245 或 2522 8426	
電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Planning Board	
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, Nor	th Point, Hong Kong
By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	
By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates	Y/1-DB/2
意見詳情(如有需要、請另頁說明)	
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary) 支持 規意()	
·	·
	·
「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment	Ciple Chame
簽署 Signature 日期 Date	}-12-1b

(F

東京 多ないのであることを

:四部會員会國民市政府	5.301
專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署	15 梅
	1,34
電郵: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Flanning Board	
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333	Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong
By Fax; 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	
By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
, , , , ,	
有關的規劃申請編號 The application uo. to which the co	mment relates WI DBL
	<u></u>
意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明)	
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)	
	conced dayalan . L
The surrounding area of the p will be beautified and bring i	TO LOS TO THE TOTAL MENT
will be blantifted and pring	new letture faulties
	· .
「梅菜豆」 - 46.4.2.4.5.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	14: 14 (- A)

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment シストル あ 沙土成 簽署 Signature

5302

致城市規劃委員會秘管	:	
SOUND TO SECURE SECURE		

專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓

傳真:2877 0245 或 2522 8426 電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

To: Secretary, Town Planning Board

By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong

By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426

By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary) 善	•

2000	
智族印度劉武和國王	
是人民邀求野越,哲估和为位于是 252 8426	
傳真: 2877 0245 或 2522 8426	
電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
Te: Secretary, Town Planning Board	
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong	
By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	
By c-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
有限的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates <u> </u>	•
意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明)	
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)	
新校展创造更多就业机气	
	
	
	CD
1.10 to 1.1 th 4.7 4 to 5.	
「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment 上海	
簽署 Signature 日期 Date 9-12-2016	
1 1 10/19	

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir.

1

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental
 deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved
 Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

1 of 2

95%

5304

(1)

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Date: 9 Dec 2016 h Ko Shu Leung

Address:

等。 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個	5305
專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓	
傳真: 2877 0245 或 2522 8426	
電郵:upbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Planning Board	
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North I	Point, Hong Kong
By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	
By e-mail: tpopd@pland.gov.hk	
Barting and the state of the st	
有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates	1/1-08/2
<u></u>	7
意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明)	,
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)	
_	
运計劃 配合大侧山袋庞 保葬 DB 的一致	等力:
18 ET 413 OV 12 KM2 OF GX IR, MAIT US NO) NO	
·	

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment

簽署 Signature

日期 Date Qth DeC.

数拟市装置的竞员食秘密:	5306
專人送遊或郵源:香港北角置華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓	
俘真:2877 0245 或 2522 8426	
電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Planning Board	
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	Point, Hong Kong
By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
By C-main: chopalicy plants. Bornak	
有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates	V-1-DB/2
意見詳情(如有需要・請另頁說明)	
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)	
I Lave Living in DB , so I support to but	The was
and I will have more thorse.	IN WOKE
- mar have have a second	
1	
「提意見人」姓名(名稱 Name of person/company making this comment	Par dan
簽署 Signature (wan varior

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

5307

Ø001/005

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

(1)

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area of forms part of either the "City Common Arcas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered. secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

tires, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature: Date: 9 Dec 2016

Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident: BRIAN CHEUNG NAM CHUNG

Address:

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

5308

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

1

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10,2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC') dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

1 of 2

09-DEC-2016 14:27

+852

P.001

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
 - The proposed felling of 118 nos, mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
 - The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:

Address:

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

5303

15/F North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

V ×

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

(1)

Section 12A Application No. V/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

2095/303

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable ecceptive environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and lieise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature :	ER Lewender.	Date: December 9, 2016
Name of Disco	overy Bay Owner / Resident:	GIBSON RICHARD LEWENDON
Address:	Frank Art Art	

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tphpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs.

1

()

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:

- 1. The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and muisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This the submission has not addressed.
- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in

population implies by the submission, All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.

The second secon

6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature:	Date: 6 NGC 2016
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	JAMES WIEBE
Address:	



5311

The Secretariat Town Planning Board 15/F, North Point Government Offices 333 Java Road, North Point (Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs.

This is Parkvale

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This

96%

Ė

the submission has not addressed.

- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature:	Date:	9 Dx	c 16
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	DEBURAH	a y	MAY F

This is Parkvale

5312

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs.

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2
Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This

the submission has not addressed.

- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zening Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature: Mehr	Date: <u>9 Dee 16</u>	
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	RA GERKLES	_

Address:

5312

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tubud@ntund.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2
Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27,10,2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This the submission has not addressed.

1

- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature:	low		Date: _	9/12/16	
Name of D	iscovery Bay Ov	vner / Resident:	VILLTOR	CAN	
Address:			Property of the second		

人冷變成郵號:香港北角流華道 333	號北角政府合署 15 樓
百:2877 0245 或 2522 8426	
∯F: 1pbpd@pland.gov.hk	
n: Secretary, Town Planning Board	
y hand or post: 15/F, North Point Govern	ment Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong
y Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426	
y e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
可關的規劃申諮編號 The application u	io, to which the comment relates 1/1-DB/2
。 意見詳情 (如有需要・請另頁説明)	
Details of the Comment (use separate sh	nect if necessary)
起发力牌,改善住屋期末	
None of the second	
	erson/company making this comment

From:

5315 数域市規劃委員會秘書: 專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓 傳真: 2877 0245 或 2522 8426 電郵: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk To: Secretary, Town Planning Board By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426 By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk 有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates 意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明) Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment およなア 日期 Date 6/12/16

5316 致城市規劃委員會秘書: 專人巡遞或郵遞:香港北角流華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 提 停真: 2877 0245 或 2522 8426 電郵: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk To: Secretary, Town Flanning Board By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426 By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk 有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates 意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明) Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary) It recates more tob opp ortuntie 「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment daw se Live

日期 Date

്തെനാ:

簽署 Signature

必须的沉默受受其情秘	#C:	53
否:超确须超纪万卷	港北角流華道 333 號北角政	府合署 15 樓
海真: 2877 0245 城 2	522 8426	
電報: tpbpd@pland.g	ov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town I	Planning Board	
By hand or post: 15/F,	North Point Government Offi	ces, 333 Java Road, North Foint, Hong K
By Fax: 2877 0245 or	2522 8426	
By e-mail: tpbpd@plan	nd.gov.hk	
有關的規劃申請編號	The application no. to which	h the comment relates 1/1-DB/2
意見詳情(如有需要		γ /
	ent (use separate sheet if neces	
第三人名	看悉黑張的別義	1XNL
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		
_	ATTEN NO	ny making this comment <u></u>
「提意見人 姓名/	名傳 Name of person/compar	iy making this comment " /

致域市場 劃委員會和智	
	·····································
	至華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓
傳真: 2877 0245 或 2522 8420	ś
電郵: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Planning	Board 1
By hand or post: 15/F, North Po	int Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong
By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 842	
By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
by c-man thopotophimid.gov.the	•
有關的規劃申請編號 The app	lication no. to which the comment relates
~ P = W = 74 = 4 = 7 = 7 = 7 = 7	550 OF 3
意見詳情(如有需要・請另頁	(說明)
Details of the Comment (use so	eparate sheet if necessary)
支持技品	我们见美丽的一寸土地资源。
1	
	·
	•
	·
,	
,	
	ne of person/company making this comment 養債 婦

C

5313

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

軟件者:

Eli:

配件:

09日12月2016年昇期五 10.59

tpbp/f@pland.gov.lik

FW: Application No. Y/I-DB/2. Area 6f.

PVOC Third Comments on the Section 12A Application further information (1)(1), pair

Dear Sirs,

Re: Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f Discovery Bay;

I have read the attached submission from the PARKVALE OWNERS COMMITTEE and I wish to register my objection with the TPB accordingly.

5320

Yours Sincerely,

Ljsa van den Esschert - Owner

Participated. Hong Kong



Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f. Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Further Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.
 - Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
 - Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
 - Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
 - Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
 - Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
 - Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

in its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the



Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline No. 30B "Guidelines – for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land—use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to decide what is commercially sensitive (re ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to keep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the applicant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

- F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key element of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to pass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- I. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.

- M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality Annex:
- 1. Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR
- It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April – June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- 3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the <u>particular instructions and requirements of our client.</u> It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing



together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

 The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

B. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation, i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- 1. HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
- 2. Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

 A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health.

A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The
Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures
that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this
application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC

E. HKR'S RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposa (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area 6f are not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for efficient standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Attrex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would come, with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- EPD comments HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-opt may standalone STA within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misledaing statements in the Es reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summains the EIAC implications of the proposed development". (Le. Area of)
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet at of LPC's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

d. Specific 4 - HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?

- e. Specific 5 again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about ongoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8. EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of 5m between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections B, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale, continue to be ignored. e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-completion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.



Page Commences at Application number 9 1 DH. 1

Aprile mage for stry that six corps with imposed of persopment



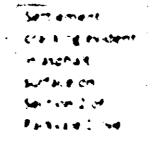
- In the same of a mount of the projector is very modest development interaction on the notion of the projector is very modest development interaction on the configuration will not agree with this eleteration, as it is proposed in all traffic and projects generated by the projector development would have be passed through our or write green and will past the entries will the executoration contains and a hill past the entries were that in the escape and the end of a house of the anatomic court and throughout the number of bounds as an eight from the material because of bounds are repaired in another material throughout the number of bounds are the material or another the projector of the first being nearly doubted the number of bounds of the material or another three projectors for the past of the projector of the past of the

instead of the Organism product and the functions with Middle case there a means of accept to Middle common to a common to a support the same that which is also the wind means of accept to Millions a common to accept the same of accepts to Millions a common to the same of accepts to the same and the same of the same

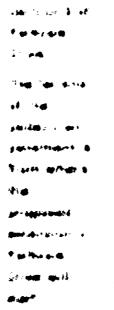
Light faireach air ia Tà gair à fairg dheachdasaid i ei Gaighteadh niùirthe air iann Lighirtanach i ia Theach agus Theacas



Section 2. From the jurytiment of the present of the larger of the purpose of the professional Court of the professional c









\$ \$6.5 to make the state productively contributed by the forest of the sound of the state of the

•

- 6. We are very surprised and concerned that no government department has asked about the suitability of Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and that HKR has not addressed our concerns in its Further Information.
- 7. State of Repair As the photographs above show, the state of repair of Parkvale Drive is already poor. Furthermore, no section of Parkvale Drive was constructed to support heavy usage. In particular, Section 3 is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations, and therefore is only currently designed to cater for 20 tonne FS and operational loading. There is significant concern over the existing and visible damage and settlement that has resulted from the current usage of all three sections of Parkvale Drive, especially of Section 3, the pedestrian pavement section. The surface was not built to be able to sustain usage by heavy construction traffic, nor the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats, being almost twice that of the existing Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

Parkvale
Drive.
Settlement
evident to 20
tonne rated
paving
resulting from
current traffic
loading at start
of proposed
extension of

Parkvale Drive to Area 6f.

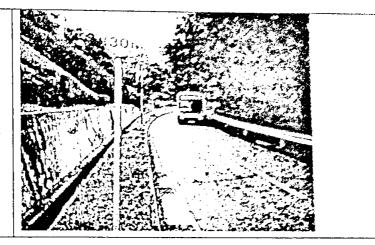
Section 3 of



- 8. Although this is known by HKR, no mention of it is made in its application or Further Information.
- 9. The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvale Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale Village, but they do bear a share of these costs and the costs of maintaining all other such roads in Discovery Bay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 3 of Parkvale Orive are born by the owners of Parkvale Village as these sections only serve Parkvale Village. We are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and ongoing maintenance costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10 Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large vehicles. When residential shuttle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Drive, other small vans or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.

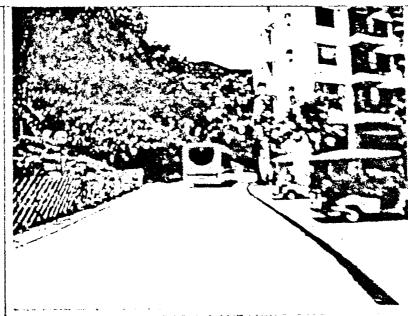
Section 1 of Parkvale Drive.

The view looking up the hill, illustrating the difficulty large vehicles have in passing one another.



- 11 When a residential shuttle bus enters the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive there is no ability for other vehicles to manoeuvre, especially while the bubitums in the cul-de-sac.
- 12. The corner of Woodbury Court is only 11 cm (see photograph below) from the edge of the Passageway. It seems unlikely that large equipment, such as earthmoving equipment, piling gear or tower crane segments, could safely transit this constructed area, if at all. In any event, there would be no safe place for pedestrians with such heavy equipment or construction vehicles passing.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive. View of the rear of Woodbury Court illustrating the narrowness of the pedestrian pavement, its lack of a carriageway to separate vehicles from pedestrians and the inability of vehicles to pass one another.



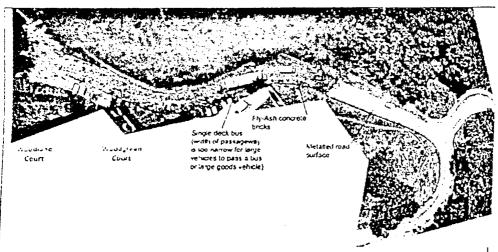
13. The considerable construction traffic will significantly fixed the construction which each above the construction which each above to will construct the constructions along Parks and one





14. Emergency Access - In the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.

15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.



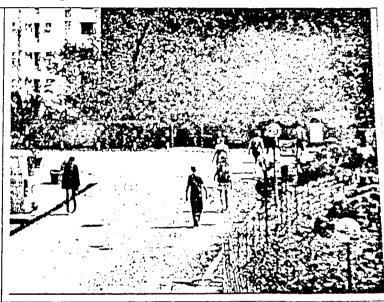
14.Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbies of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.



17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive. View of the pedestrian pavement leading to the start of the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f, illustrating that it is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare.



- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent had room from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the octential traffic Impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Naivey Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

- that there are no impacts on the surrounding areas and that they will use the Parkvale Drive access. We consider this as totally unsatisfactory.
- It Furthermore, no Government Department has requested HKR to propose an alternative access, despite the concerns regarding using Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and the alternative access which we noted in our comments on the original application and in our comments on the HKR's first submission of Further Information.
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Valley Road would not require the use of any part of Parkvale Drive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.





G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- 1. All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the rick of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a CTM with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
 - 3. https:// proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area of through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine suffail and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow sexed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is

environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red tides as well as concentrations of E. coli.

- 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 culms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 5. The consultants have not undertaken a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations, nor a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their approach to modelling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's guide to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this, the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub-optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. in paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G *Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply**, paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that *As this new DBSTW width





only treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".

S. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.

A. S. S. S.

- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f, and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the



gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE DB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As previously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas 6f and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. HKR has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area 6f (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment works and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b.
- This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no
 information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental
 and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the
 supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

- A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone. TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSD and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.

J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT

- 1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.



Existing platform in Area 6f.



- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR'S RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- 1. The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- 2. In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f".
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- 5. Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject HKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section E above.





L. PLANNING CONTROLS

- 1. Pianning controls include the Master Plan, population ceiling of DB and the allocation of undivided shares under the DB Deed of Mutual Covenant.
- 2. Regarding the Master Plan (MP), it was pointed out in comment 4402 submitted last July that, although it has been updated recently, it still does not match the current outline zoning plan (OZP) or the existing development on the Lot. Furthermore, in order to protect the interests of the current 8,300+ assigns of the developer, it is essential that the existing MP and OZP are aligned with the existing development on the Lot before any consideration of any proposal to amend the OZP. Otherwise, there is simply too much risk that the rights of the other owners of the Lot will be interfered with. This aspect appears to have been ignored by both HKR and the TPB.
- 3. With regard to population, it is clear that, with Areas 6f and 10b and other obviously planned developments, HKR is moving towards breaching the population ceiling of 25,000, which is the maximum as per the approved OZP, without going through the necessary government procedure. This latest submission completely ignores this point and only refers to population in the context of water supply.
- Furthermore, unfortunately it appears that relevant government departments have not considered our comments as there is no reference to this subject in the list of department comments.
- 5. HKR's original application noted that the current population of Discovery Bay is 15,000 and that the current approved OZP limits the population to 25,000. Subsequently the current population was amended 19,585 (as per the records of DB Services Management Limited, the property management company of DB and a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR). There is no information provided which would provide assurances about the population figure quoted by HKR. This is information in respect of the method of collection, management of the data and whether it is audited to ensure its reliability. Population figures are a vital element of planning for, and control of, development. It is essential that the population figures quoted and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of interest here since HKR is using figures provided by its wholly owned subsidiary. The TPB is requested to address this serious issue before processing any further applications of any kind in respect of DB.
- 6. The difference between the maximum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas 6f and 10b is only 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted last July which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7.0E. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and Lands Department is ignoring what HKR is doing.



- 8. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by Government to demonstrate, in a fully accountable manner, that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. This should include an accurate count of the existing population using an independent collection method and the expected population of areas for which HKR seeks approval to develop before the Section 12A applications in respect Areas 6f and 10b are considered any further.
- 9. It is clear that the TPB is in danger of being persuaded by this incremental approach, using population figures which are not independent of HKR, to considering projects, especially given the very small population difference of 1,412 mentioned above, to indirectly allow a breaching of the 25,000 population ceiling. There is an urgent need by government to address this issue. Otherwise, in the future, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000. In view of the serious nature of this issue, these comments will again be sent to both the Director of Audit and the Discovery Bay District Councillor for their action. In addition this submission will also be sent to the Ombudsman, as it is clear the administrative processes of the TPB and the Lands Department are either incapable of handling this aspect or just negligent.
- 10. The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which HKR is well aware of from the efforts of a DB owner over the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much correspondence between the owner, HKR and Lands Department and presentations to VOCs and the City Owners Committee (COC). Furthermore, this subject is covered in comment number 4402 submitted last July to the TPB and the Lands Department has asked HKR to prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development of Area 6f. HKR has replied to the Lands Department by requesting the information to be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11. The final determinant of the ultimate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime in which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: 56,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2.150 to Crubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. 55,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12. Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- '13. The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TPB that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 16. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area of and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

- 1. The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:

3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":

- a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
- b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
- c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
- d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area of without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for



heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure B.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure B.2. This figure includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. It is the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC mentage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorty lit.
 - b. Figure B.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VCC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure B.10 view from Lookout these poor quality enctors barokineffect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly. It.
 - d. Figure B.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grains and poorly lit.





- e. Figure B.14 view from the D-Deck why show this when there should be images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted, such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland.
- f. Figure 8.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:
	9 December 2016

Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.

Parkvale Village Owners Committee Chairman

"我们看到是我的我们的"



Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

O THE WAR

關乎申讀過號 Y/I-DB/2 而只作指示用途的擬議發展計劃的概括發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative

Development Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/I-DB/2

医應於 2016 年 10 月 27 日接獲的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27.10 2016

(a)	申請追號 Application no.	Y/I-DB/2			
(b)	位置/地址	偷景灣第 6f 區丈量約份第 352 約地段第 385 號餘段及增批			
	Location/Address	部分(部分) Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext. (Part) in D D 352, Discovery			
(c)	地盤面積 Site area	約 About 7,623 平方米 m²			
(d)	BEN STEEL	偷景灣分區計劃大網核准圍編號 S/I-DB/4			
	Plan	Approved Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan No. S/I-DB/4			
(c)	地帶	「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」			
	Zoning	"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)"			
(1)	擬議修訂	把「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」地帶改劃為「住			
	Proposed)12」地帶		
1	Amendment(s) To rezone the application site from "Other Speci				
<u>_</u>		annotated "Staff Quarters (5)		Group C) 12"	
(g)	總樓面面積		平方米	地積比率 Plot ratio	
j	及/或地積比率	住用 Domestic	約 About	約 About	
	Total floor area	Domestic	21,600	2.83	
-	and/or plot ratio	非住用 Non-domestic	- 21,000	-	
(h)	⁄	住用 Domestic	2		
(")	No. of block 非住用 Non-domestic		-		
1		综合用途 Composite			
(i)	建築物高度(以最高		65 - 米 m		
(1)	實用樓面空間計算)			基準以上)mPD	
	其用後四王四 <u>时</u> 并)		18 層 storey(
	層數	非住用. Non-domestic	- 米 m	~1	
	/智数 Building height		- 米(主水平基準以上)mPI		
	(measured to the		- 層 storey(s)	
	highest usable floor	综合用途 Composite	- 米 m		
	space)/	-	- 米(主水平	基準以上)mPD	
İ	No. of storeys		- 層 storey(s)	
(j)	上蓋面積	约 About 30 %			
	Site coverage				
(k)	單位數目	476 住宅單位 Flats			
L	No. of units				
(1)	休憩用地	- 私人 Private		than 1,190 平	
	Open Space	- 私人 Private	方米	m ²	
		Washing Company	mm	m	
(m)	停車位乃上落	高器夫球車停泊位(申請人未有	提供停泊位數月)G	olf cart parking	

(m) 停車位及上落 客貨車位數目 No. of parking unloading spaces

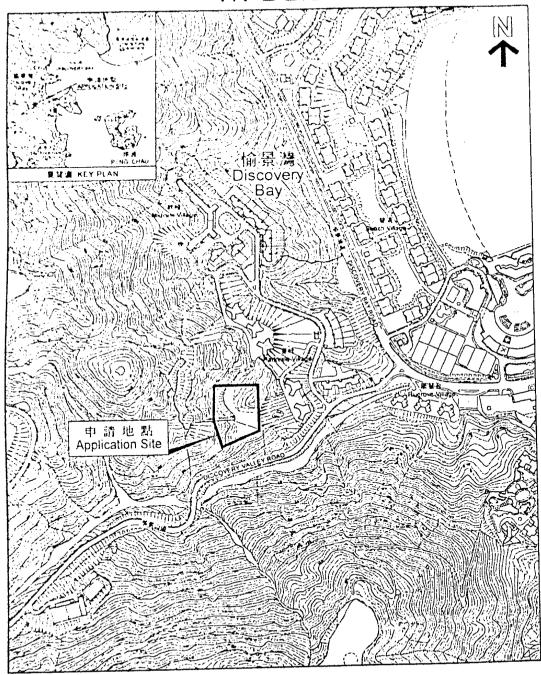
|高陽夫球車停泊位(申請人未有提供停泊位數目)Golf cart parking space (number of parking space not provided by applicant)

|维修車輛上落客貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目)Servicing spaces and loading vehicles loading/unloading space (number of loading/unloading space not provided by applicant)

有關資料是為方便市民大眾審考而提供一對於所取其料在使用上的問題及 市規劃委員會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。 -1-

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

Y/I-DB/2





申請編號 Application No.: Y/L-DB/2

備註 Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日,申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的發展 總網結圖、截視圖、園境設計總圖、環境影響評估、規劃報告、排水、排污及供求研究、 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公報的議錄團則。

On 27.10 2016, the applicant submitted further information providing <u>responses to Responses</u> to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant

PVOC;

Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

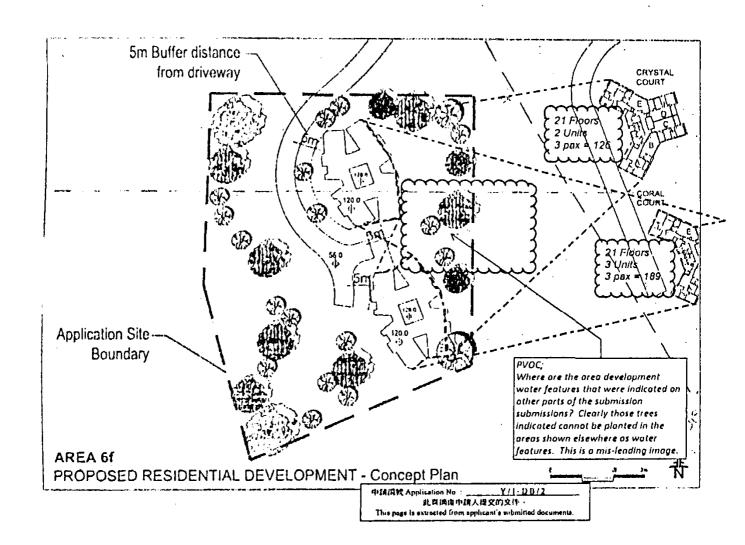
PVOC:

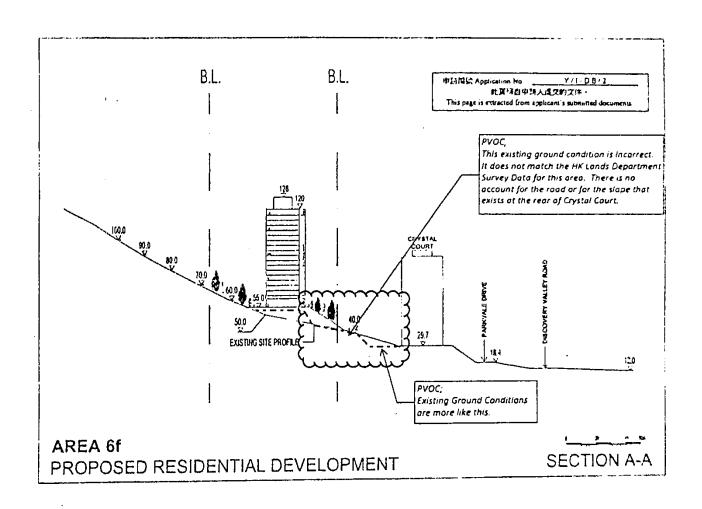
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and ore not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

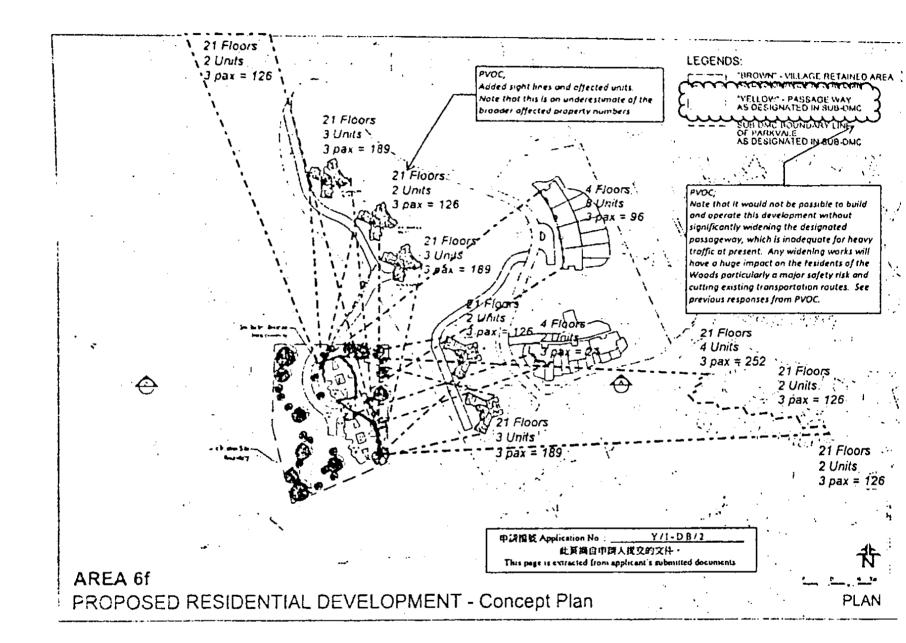
Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

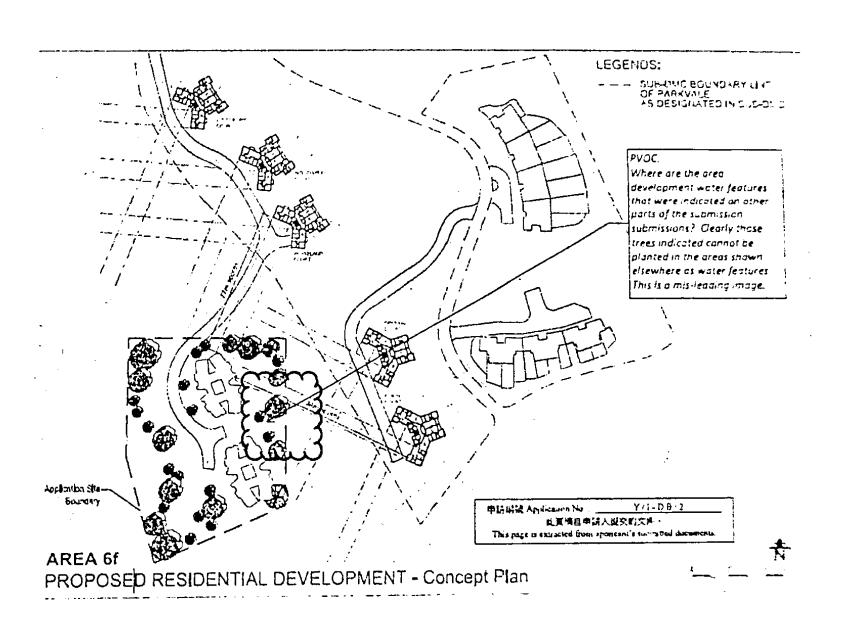
有關資料是為方便市民大眾参考而提供,對於所獻資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧義,氦市規劃委員 會概不負責,若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

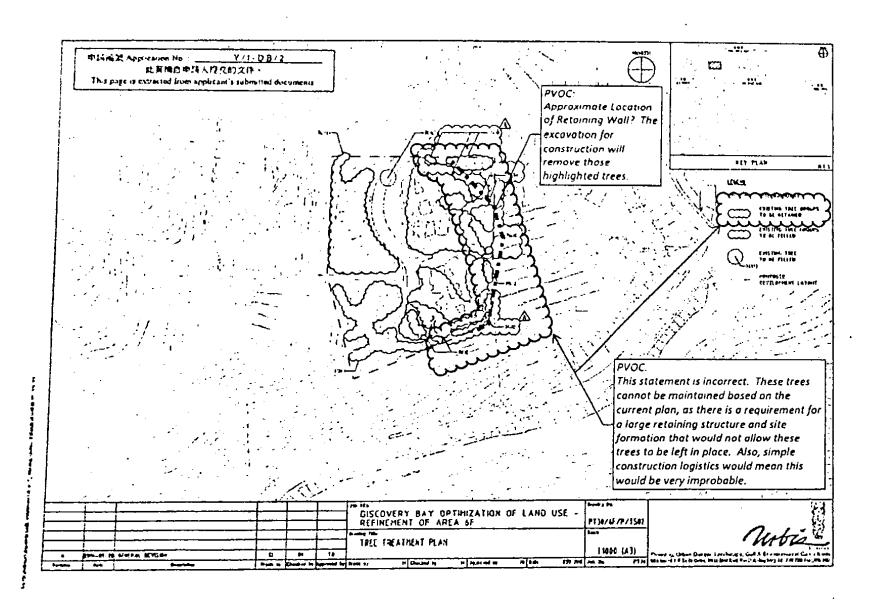
The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

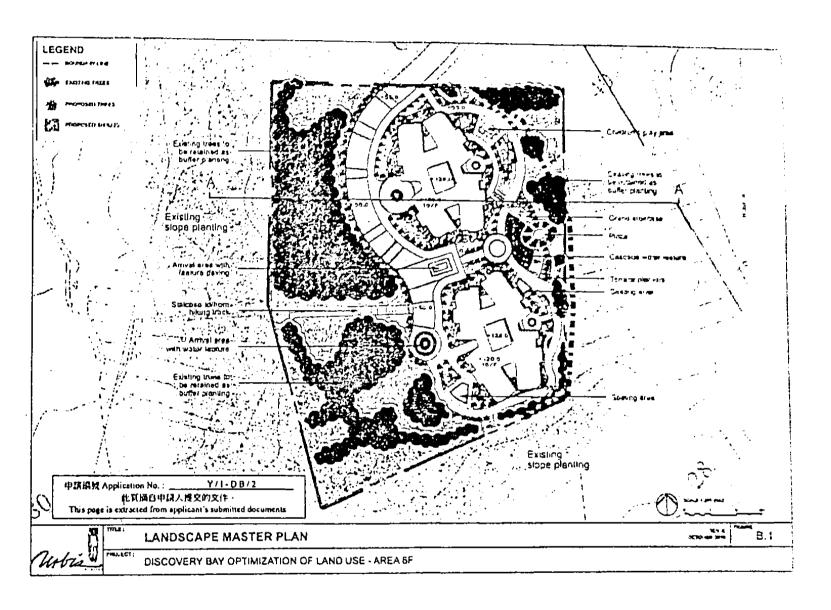




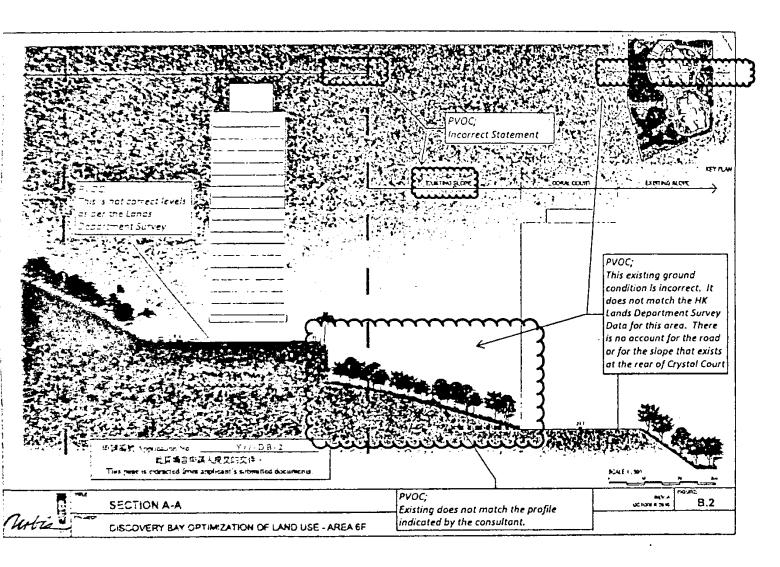


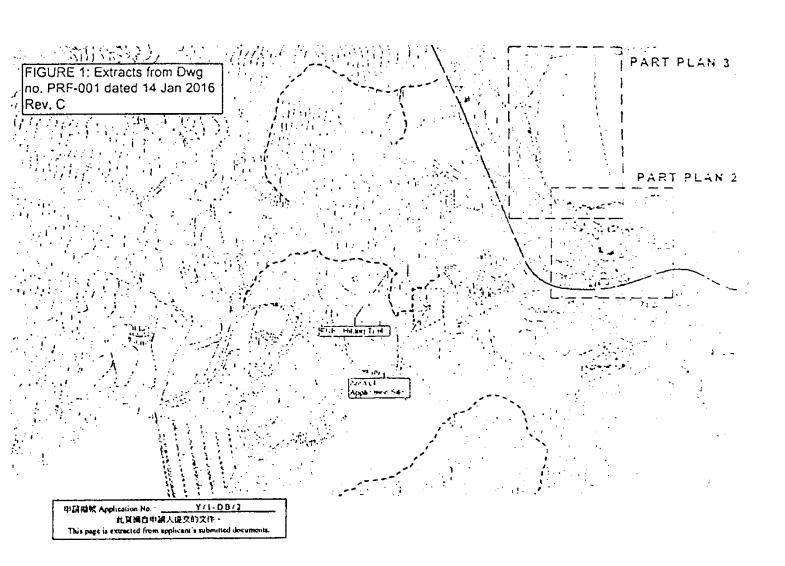


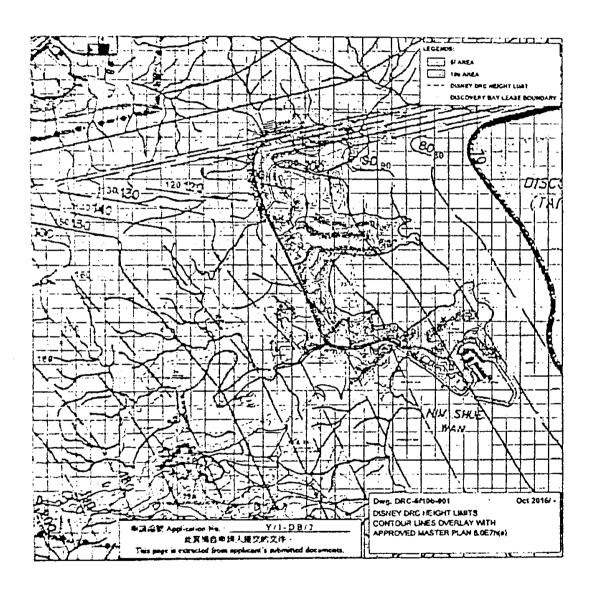


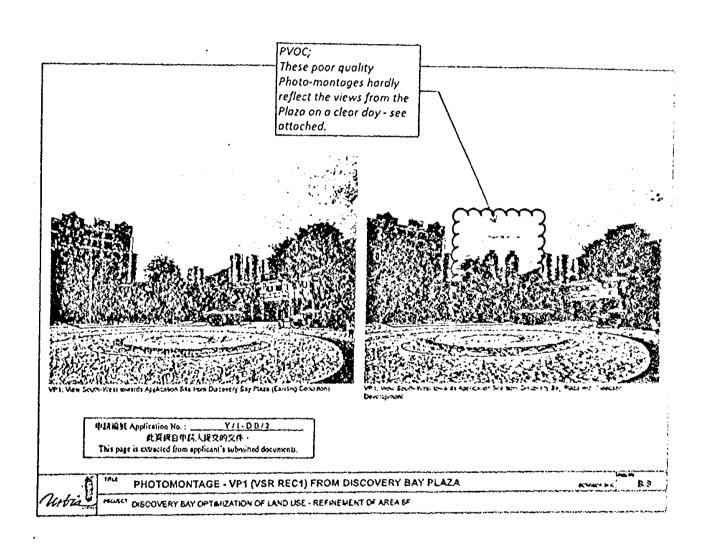


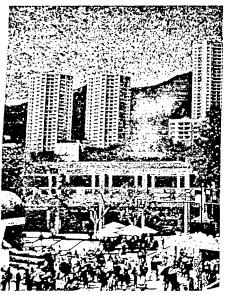
一般によるのでは、これは日本のなって、

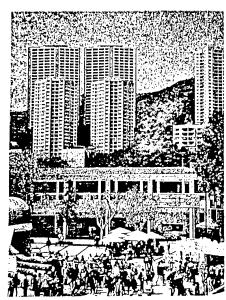












BEFORE

YOC comments on

AFTER

HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA

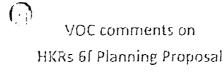
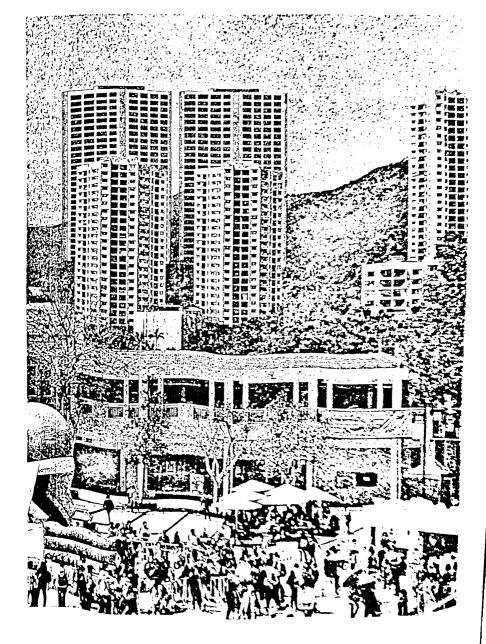
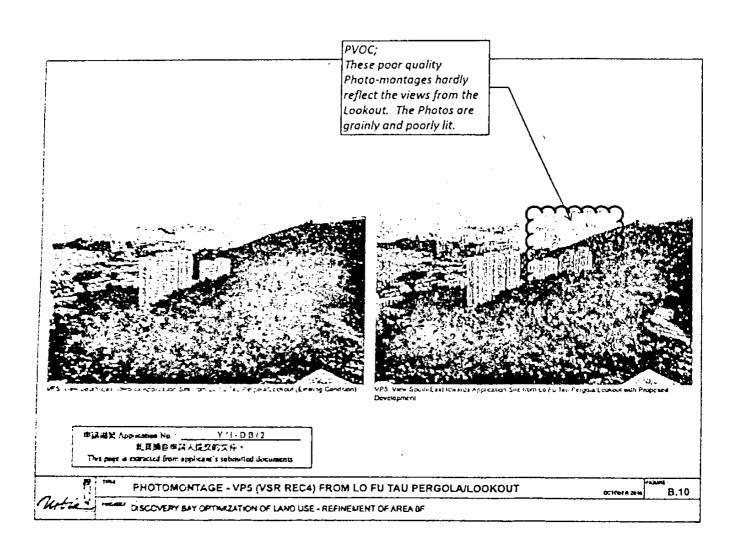
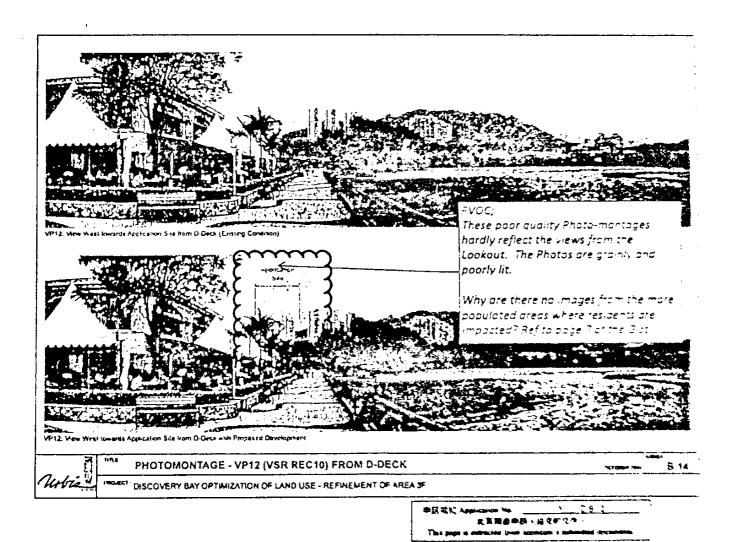
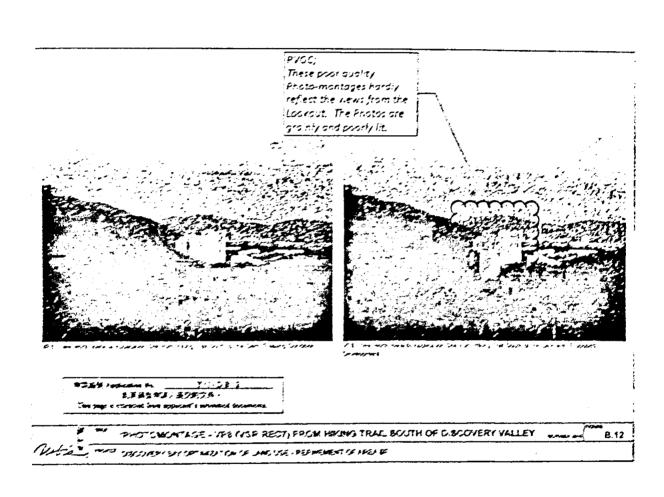


Fig. 1.1.1 AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA





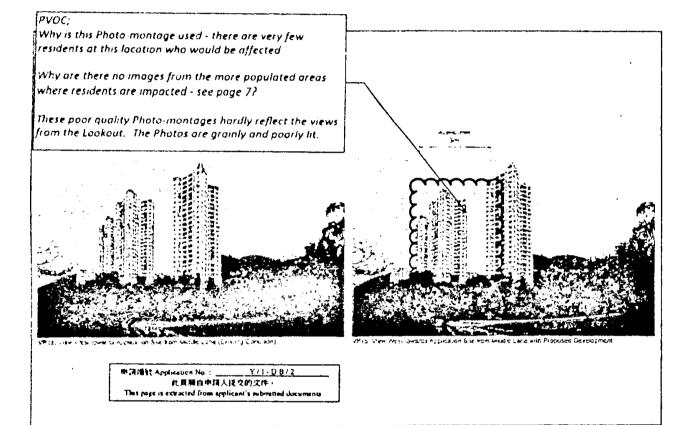






VOC comments on HKRs of Planning Proposal Fig. 1.2.1 AFTER MAPRESSION FROM DISCOVERY BAY VALLEY ROAD





PHOTOMONTAGE - VP15 (VSR T3) FROM MIDDLE LANE

DISCOVERY BAY OPTIMIZATION OF LAND USE - REFINEMENT OF AREA 6F

B.17

申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

與申請地點屬相同地帶的先前申請 Previous Applications Relating to the Application Site with the Same Zoning(s)

申請编號	擬識用途/發展	城市規劃委員會的決定(日期)	
Application No.	Proposed Use/Development	Decision of	
		Town Planning Board (Date)	
Nil			

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供,對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異,城市規劃委員會概不 負責,若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any maccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant



申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

申請人提交的圖則、繪圖及報告書 Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文	英文
	<u>Chinese</u>	English
置則及繪图 Plans and Drawings		
總網發展藍圖/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)		♂
樓字位置圖 Block plan(s)		□ MISSING
樓字平面圖 Floor plan(s)		☐ MISSING
截視置 Sectional plan(s)		Ø
立提置 Elevation(s)		□ MISSING
顯示疑議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed		Ø
development		
置境設計總置/園境設計圖 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)		Ø
PVOC. ify)		Ø
There are many concerns here, that have T協錄圖則 Extract Plans of Public		
been previously raised to the Board, over safety to peaestrians and the inadequate		
longterm solution for traffic - these		
auestions have not been addressed.		
規劃研究 Planning studies		Ø
環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		☑
Environmental impact assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)	·····	~~~
就車輛的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)		MISSING
就行;此來通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians)	~~~	MISSING
提受影響語法 Visual impact assessment	سيند	KYSSING
景觀影響評価 Landscape impact assessment	$\omega_{\square}^{\omega}$	MISSING
樹木調查 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages		☐ MISSING
do not make for a true visual impact 上六影響評估 Geotechnical impact ass		☐ MISSING
排水影響評估 Drainage impact assess provided for the sensitive receivers?		\Box MISSING
非污影響評古 Sewerage impact assessment		MISSING
国險評估 Risk Assessment		□ MISSING
其他(讀註号)Uthers (please specify)	~~	ww
排水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply		
水質技術報告 Technical (PVOC; The Risk to the public is a		
同應部門養員 Responsed imajor concern for this development		
and has not been addressed in any form - please refer to the previous		
PVOC submissions that attached.		

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責。若有任何疑問。應查閱申請人提欠的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



5321

To: Secretary of the Town Planning Board

By hand or post: 25/F. North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong

8v Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426 By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

致:域市規劃委員會秘密

專人送遞或郵遞:香港北角渣華道333號北角政府合署15樓

傳真: 2877 0245或2522 8426

電郵: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

The application no. to which the comment relates (有關的規劃申請編號): Y/I-D8/2 For optimising the land uses in the development proposal of Area 6f, Discovery Bay Public comment- in support of the application 支持偷景灣第 6f 區的發展計劃以善用珍貴土地資源

I am writing in support of the application for Area 6f in Discovery Bay, for the following reasons:

本人來函就愉景灣第 6f 區的發展計劃表示支持,原因如下:

計劃可舒緩香港緊張的房屋供應,並可提供不同類型的房屋選擇,提升市民生活質素。

Name (姓名): Yuz TWG WAH Augustive Signature (簽名): Contact 聯絡方式(質郵/傳真/ 地址):

tpbpd		
寄件者; 寄件日期; 收件者; 主旨;	Frank Stewart (09/31/2)/2016/1-\(\frac{1}{2}\) \(\frac{1}{2}\) \(1/

4/1-0812

5322

We have lived in Discovery Bay for about 16 years. It has been a wonderful experience with lots of room, clean air, nice gardens, a Plaza we enjoy, beautiful sea views, good transportation, low population density, low crime rates, reasonable cost of living I.e., in many ways the ideal place to live. The changes that I see coming put all of this at risk, plus I fear lowered property values. Nothing has been said that my concerns will not come true!, I am very concerned about THIS development. The new structures proposed for Peninsular Village would bring drastic change to where I call my home! I THEREFORE OPPOSE THE DEVELOPMENT PLAN BY THE RESORT MANAGEMENT. I ask your help to assure me that my home will not be degraded.

Hiroko & Frank Stewart,

Sent from my iPad



Dear Sir/Madame,

Lam Gyong Wha Kim who owns the flat of

Good afternoon.

April.

It is a lovely green neighbourhood with mountain behind hence the reason we bought the flat. More than the sea view I like the mountain view as it is right in my window of the two bedrooms.

in Discovery bay in parkvale village since 2011

Anyway, it is so disappointing to hear, there will be major construction happening. It is insane to build 40 odd high rise of two three blocks. Main reasons of many other reasons are below:

1) they cannot OCCUPY our residential road that has regularly running village buses, school buses, delivery vans, hire cars AND PRIVATE golf carts.

The roads CANNOT BE MAINTAINED. The road is already busy as it is and to add onto that Construction

bullodozers is just unthinkable.

We are not the only users of this parkvale road but one main road leads up to midvale And parkvale. It is simply unquestionable that they will use this road to bring in their equipments and trucks.

2) what about the dust and noise pollution?

The most extractive marit of life here is the mountain and hiking route under your dearcten. But if they start

寄件日期: 09日12月2016年星期五 9:23 5324 收件者: tpbpd@pland.gov.bk Objection to application on development in Discovery Bay EH: 附件: 6f.pdf; 10b.pdf Y/1-DB/2 Dear Sir, I would like to submit my objection to 2 applications, Area 6f and Area 10B of Lot 385 in DD352 of Discovery Bay. My objection is simply based on objection to the change of land use and I forward to you the enclosure objection documents. Deborah Wan Resident of Discovery Bay

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This the submission has not addressed.

- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and 'poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature :	Mu	Date:	7-12-2016	
Name of Disco	very Bay Owner / Resident: _	DEBORDE	WHN	
_				

Address:

tpbpd				
寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者:	Serene Chan 09日12月2016年星期五 9:16 tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	5325		
主旨: 附件:	Discovery Bay Planning Area 6F.pxlf; Area10b.pdf	Y/1-DB/2		
Dear Sir/N	Aadam,			
I am writing to express my views about the proposed redevelopment of Areas 6f and 10b in Discovery Bay, Lantau Island. Please see my detailed reasons in the attached documents. Thank you very much for your kind attention.				
Regards, Serene CH	an			

1

 \bigcirc

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f, but the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is substantial, and the submission has not addressed this.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the lot and a fundamental deviation from the land use of the original approved Master Plan or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent from an environmental perspective and would also be against the interest of all property owners of the

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the capacity of the underlying infrastructure could not afford such a substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arisen out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f will be an ecological disaster, and will pose a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural settings. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, mass and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to the existing buildings in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature:

Date: 9 December, 2016

Name of Discovery Bay Resident: Serene Chan

Address:

tpbpd		
寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨: 附件:	Edmund Fan (O)E112/12016/je.je.14/17f. 6:45 tpbpd@pland.gov.hk Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f and Application No. Y/I-DB/3 Area 10b PVOC Third Comments on the Section 12A Application further information (1).pdf; Discovery Bay Objection to 10B (4).pdf	5326 y Penninsular Village Owners Committee
Dear Sirs,	- (///	
Application No. (Y/I	I-DB/2 Area 6f	
Application No. Y/I	I-DB/3 Area 10b	
_	ched submission from the PENINSULA OWNERS COMMITTEEfor 6f)and I wish to register my objection with the TF	
Edmund Fan (Owner of		

•

C

£.



Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Further Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- 3. Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.

T FF FF M T T T T T T

- Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
- Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
- Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
- Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
- Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
- Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

In its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the

Party III

Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline No. 308 "Guidelines – for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land—use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E., HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to decide what is commercially sensitive (re ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to keep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the applicant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

- F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key element of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to pass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how
 it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key
 element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no
 reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is
 the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.

M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

Annex:

- 1. Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR
- It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April – June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- *3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the particular Instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- 8. Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bonging





together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

 The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

B. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation. i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
 - Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to
 obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot
 possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every
 subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

1. A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health.

2. A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.

E. HKR's RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- 2. HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- 3. AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposal (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area of are not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for effluent standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Annex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- 5. EPD comments HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-optimal standalone STW within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summarise the EIAO implications of the proposed development". (I.e. Area 6f).
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet all of EPD's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

- d. Specific 4 HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?
- e. Specific 5 again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about ongoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8. EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of 5m between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- a. Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections 8, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety
 and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale,
 continue to be ignored, e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-competion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.

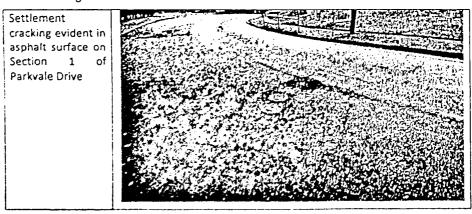






- 3. Paragraph 10.15 of the application notes that "The 476 units and 1,190 populations increase as a result of the proposal is very modest development intensities". In the context of Parkvale Village, we do not agree with this statement, as it is proposed that all traffic and people generated by the proposed development would have to pass through our currently peaceful village. Not only will the considerable construction traffic have to drive up a hill past the existing low rise flats in the village and then past the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, the significant increase in operational traffic, including the increase in the number of buses, required to service the proposed 476 flats, being nearly double the number of flats in the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, will cause ongoing noise, poor air quality and disturbance to the residents of Parkvale Village.
- 4. Parkvale Drive comprises three sections, being:

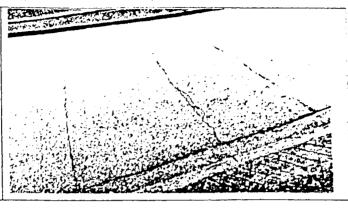
Section 1 - from Discovery Valley Road to the junction with Middle Lane, being a relatively narrow hill covered in asphalt, which is also the only means of access to Midvale Village.





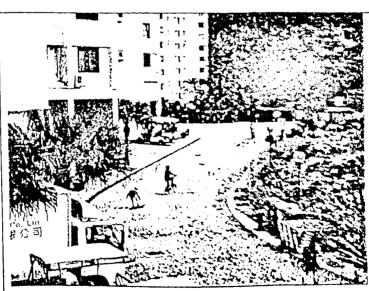
Section 2 - from the junction with Middle Lane to the start of the pedestrian pavement behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, being a steep narrow hill covered in asphalt.

Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 2 of Parkvale Drive.



Section 3 – the "Passageway", as defined in the Parkvale Village Sub-DMC, providing access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, which is designed as a pedestrian pavement and made of paving blocks, not asphalt.

Section 3 of
Parkvale
Drive.
The far end
of the
pedestrian
pavement is
from where
the
proposed
extension of
Parkvale
Drive will
start.



We noted in our previous comments that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuited as a means of
access to Area 6f due to concerns regarding its state of repair and its width constraints
and due to emergency vehicle access and safety concerns.

- 6. We are very surprised and concerned that no government department has asked about the suitability of Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and that HKR has not addressed our concerns in its Further Information.
- State of Repair As the photographs above show, the state of repair of Parkvale Drive is aiready poor. Furthermore, no section of Parkvale Drive was constructed to support heavy usage. In particular, Section 3 is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations, and therefore is only currently designed to cater for 20 tonne FS and operational loading. There is a goificant concern over the existing and visible damage and settlement that has resulted from the current usage of all three sections of Parkvale Orive, especially of Section 3, the pedestrian pavement section. The surface was not built to be able to sustain usage by heavy construction traffic, nor the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats, being almost twice that of the existing Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

Section 3 of Parkvale
Drive.
Settlement
condent to 20
fonce rated
paving
resulting fore
current traff
loading at stary
of proposed

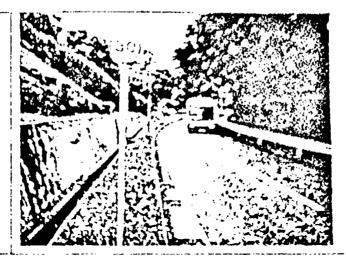
extension (f. Parkvale Omve



- 8. Aithough this is known by MRR, no mention of it is made in its application or Further littermation.
- The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvale Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale village, but they do bear a share of these costs and the costs of maintaining lift of their such roads in Discovery hay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 4 of Parkvale Drive are born by the owners of Parkvale Village as these sections only serve Parkvale Village. We are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and ongoing maintenance costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10 Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large vehicles. When residential shiftle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Crive, other small vans or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.

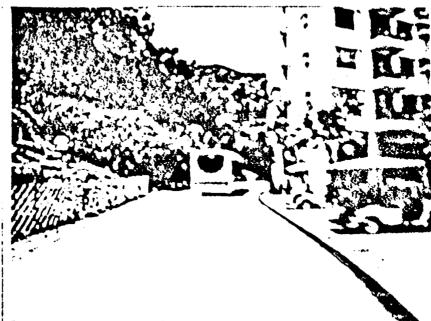
Section 1 of Parkvale Drive.

The view looking up the hill, illustrating the difficulty large vehicles have in passing one another.



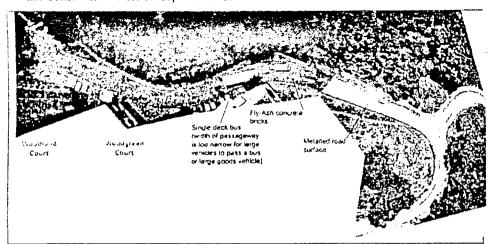
- 11 When a residential shuttle bus enters the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Particals Drive there is no ability for other vehicles to manoeuvre, especially while the busitums in the cull deliac.
- 12 The corner of Woodbury Court is only 11 cm (see photographibe aw from the edge of the Passageway lit seems unlikely that large equipment, such as earthmissing equipment, piling gran or tower crane segments, could safely transit this countries area if at all in any event, there would be no safe place for pedestrians with such heavy equipment or constrict in eventuality passing.

Laction 1 of Partirale Drive Yaw Atha to se of Windbury Corn an estrating the : macrowness of the pedestrian pavement its , lack of a carriageway to separate vehicles from pedestrians and the inability of vehicles to pass one another



13 The considerable construction traffic will expend with exall the considerable construction traffic will expend when two construction with its are transfer two constructions with its area transfers to product a deartions should be taken to be

- 14. Emergency Access in the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.
- 15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.



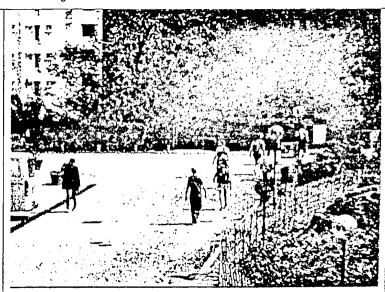
14, Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbics of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.



17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

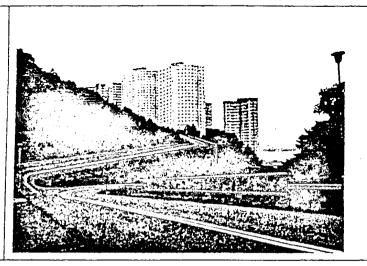
Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.
View of the pedestrian pavement leading to the start of the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f, illustrating that it is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare.



- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent haul road from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the potential traffic impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Valley Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

- that there are no impacts on the surrounding areas and that they will use the Parkvale Drive access. We consider this as totally unsatisfactory.
- 21. Furthermore, no Government Department has requested HKR to propose an alternative access, despite the concerns regarding using Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and the alternative access which we noted in our comments on the original application and in our comments on the HKR's first submission of Further Information.
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Valley Road would not require the use of any part of Parkvale Drive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.





G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- 1. All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is

- environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red tides as well as concentrations of E. coli.
- 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 cu ms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 5. The consultants have not undertaken a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations, nor a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their approach to modelling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's guide to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this, the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub—optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. In paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G "Revised Study on Orainage. Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will





anly treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".

- 8. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.
- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as Illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the



gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE DB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As previously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas of and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. HKR has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area 6f (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment works and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b.
- This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

- 1. A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overcoked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone, TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court. Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the ENSO and FSO reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.

J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT

- 1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.



Existing platform in Area 6f.



- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR'S RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as
 described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at
 the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- 2. In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f"
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- 5. Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject HKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section Elabove





L. PLANNING CONTROLS

- Planning controls include the Master Plan, population ceiling of DB and the allocation of undivided shares under the DB Deed of Mutual Covenant.
- 2. Regarding the Master Plan (MP), it was pointed out in comment 4402 submitted last July that, although it has been updated recently, it still does not match the current outline zoning plan (OZP) or the existing development on the Lot. Furthermore, in order to protect the interests of the current 8,300+ assigns of the developer, it is essential that the existing MP and OZP are aligned with the existing development on the Lot before any consideration of any proposal to amend the OZP. Otherwise, there is simply too much risk that the rights of the other owners of the Lot will be interfered with. This aspect appears to have been ignored by both HKR and the TPB.
- 3. With regard to population, it is clear that, with Areas 6f and 10b and other obviously planned developments, HKR is moving towards breaching the population ceiling of 25,000, which is the maximum as per the approved OZP, without going through the necessary government procedure. This latest submission completely ignores this point and only refers to population in the context of water supply.
- Furthermore, unfortunately it appears that relevant government departments have not considered our comments as there is no reference to this subject in the list of department comments.
- 5. HKR's original application noted that the current population of Discovery Bay is 15,000 and that the current approved OZP limits the population to 25,000. Subsequently the current population was amended 19,585 (as per the records of DB Services Management Limited, the property management company of DB and a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR). There is no information provided which would provide assurances about the population figure quoted by HKR. This is information in respect of the method of collection, management of the data and whether it is audited to ensure its reliability. Population figures are a vital element of planning for, and control of, development. It is essential that the population figures quoted and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of interest here since HKR is using figures provided by its wholly owned subsidiary. The TPB is requested to address this serious issue before processing any further applications of any kind in respect of DB.
- 6. The difference between the maximum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas 6f and 10b is only 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted last July which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7.0E. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and Lands Department is ignoring what HKR is doing.



- 8. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by Government to demonstrate, in a fully accountable manner, that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. This should include an accurate count of the existing population using an independent collection method and the expected population of areas for which HKR seeks approval to develop before the Section 12A applications in respect Areas 6f and 10b are considered any further.
- 9. It is clear that the TPB is in danger of being persuaded by this incremental approach, using population figures which are not independent of HKR, to considering projects, especially given the very small population difference of 1,412 mentioned above, to indirectly allow a breaching of the 25,000 population ceiling. There is an urgent need by government to address this issue. Otherwise, in the future, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000. In view of the serious nature of this issue, these comments will again be sent to both the Director of Audit and the Discovery Bay District Councillor for their action. In addition this submission will also be sent to the Ombudsman, as it is clear the administrative processes of the TPB and the Lands Department are either incapable of handling this aspect or just negligent.
- 10. The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which HKR is well aware of from the efforts of a DB owner over the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much correspondence between the owner, HKR and Lands Department and presentations to VOCs and the City Owners Committee (COC). Furthermore, this subject is covered in comment number 4402 submitted last July to the TPB and the Lands Department has asked HKR to prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development of Area 6f. HKR has replied to the Lands Department by requesting the information to be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11. The final determinant of the ultimate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime in which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: 56,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2.150 to Clubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. 55,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12. Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- 13. The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TPB that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 16. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area 6f and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

- 1. The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:
- 3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":
 - a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
 - b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
 - c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
 - d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area 6f without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for



heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure 8.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure 8.2. This figure includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. I.e. the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC montage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- 6. The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorly lit.
 - b. Figure B.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VOC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure B.10 view from Lookout these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.
 - d. Figure B.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.

AN A AM I SEE SEE A



- e. Figure 8.14 view from the D-Deck why show this when there should be images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted, such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland.
- f. Figure 8.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:
	9 December 2016
Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.	

Parkvaie Village Owners Committee Chairman



Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

寫字申請編號 Y/I-DB/2 而只作指示用途的擬議發展計劃的概括發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative

Development Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/I-DB/2 图應於 2016 年 10 月 27 日接續的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

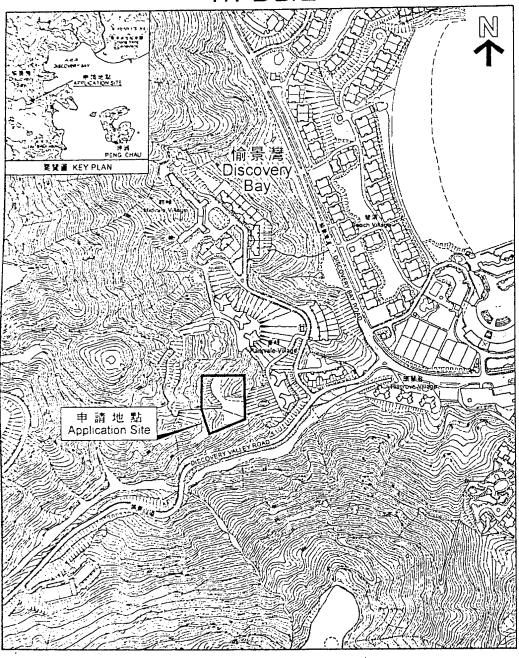
Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27.10.2016

(a)	申請编號	7/11	DD /2	
	Application no.	Y/I-	DB/2	
(b)	位置/地址	偷景灣第 6f 區丈量約份第 352 約地段第 385 號餘段及增批		號餘段及增批
` '	Location/Address		(部分)	
		Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext. (P		Discovery Bay
(c)	地盤面積		23 平方米 m²	
	Site area	IA 653 46 / 1 55 41 661 1 / 15	1 - 16 PP 45 0 B 0 17	DD14
(d)	圖則	愉景灣分區計劃大網		
	Plan	Approved Discovery Bay Out	line Zoning Plan	No. S/I-DB/4
(e)	地帶	「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」		
	Zoning	"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)"		
(f)	擬議修訂	把「其他指定用途」註明「.		脊改劃為,住
	Proposed)12」地帶	
	Amendment(s)	To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses"		
		annotated "Staff Quarters (5)		Group C) 12"
(g)	總樓面面積		平方米 m²	地積比率 Plot ratio
	及/或地積比率	住用 Domestic	約 About	约 About
	Total floor area	Domestic	21,600	2.83
	and/or plot ratio	非住用 Non-domestic	21,000	2.03
1. \	A2 44		2	l
	幢數 No. of block	住用 Domestic		
	NO. OI DIOCK	非住用 Non-domestic	<u> </u>	
		綜合用途 Composite	-	
	建築物高度(以最高	住用 Domestic	65 米 m	Edukatu (. 1. 1. N
	實用樓面空間計算)		1	基準以上)mPI
	/	 	18 層 storey(s	s)
	層數	非住用 Non-domestic	- 米 m	Talente "Alex Iv. I. f
	Building height			基準以上)mPI
	(measured to the		- 層 storey(s)
	highest usable floor	综合用途 Composite	- 米 m	Table Marillo L. N. Box
	space)/			基準以上)mP
	No. of storeys		- 層 storey(s)
(i)	上蓋面積	约 Ah	out 30 %	
	Site coverage			· · · · · · · · - · · - · - · - · -
(k)	單位數目	476 住宅單位 Flats		
	No. of units			
(1)	休憩用地	- 私人 Private	不少於 Not less	
	Open Space	- 14 Pilvaie	方米	m²
		- AND	mm	\sim
(m)	停車位及上落	高爾夫球車停泊位(申請人未有	提供停泊位數目)G	olf cart parking
	客貨車位數目 >	space (number of parking space not provided by applicant) 维修車輔上落客貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目)Servicing		
	No. of parking			
İ	spaces and loading			
	unloading spaces	provided by applicant)	J	
	調資料是為方便市		minne	سسس

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant



Y/I-DB/2





備註 Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日,申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的發展 總網藍圖、截視圖、閱境設計總圖、環境影響評估、規劃報告、排水、排污及供水研究、 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公契的摘錄圖則。

On 27.10.2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant.

PVOC;

Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

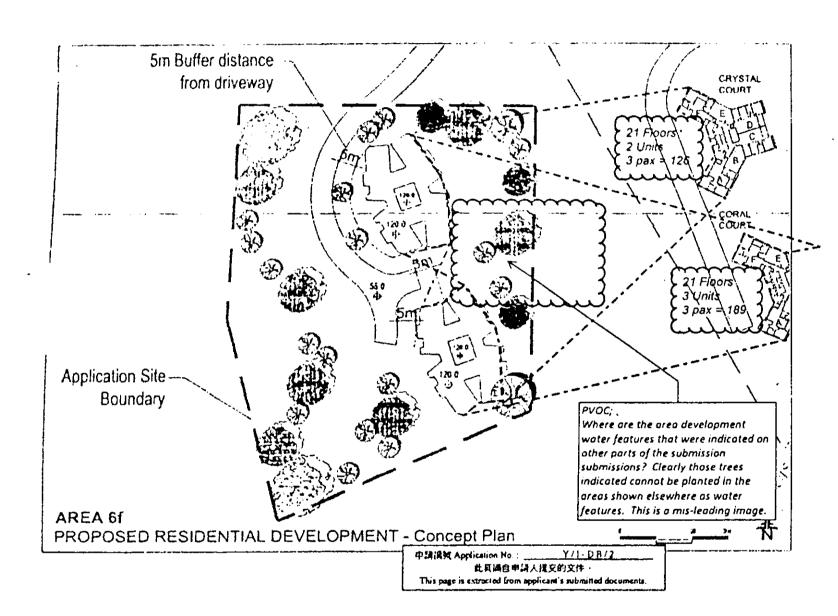
PVOC:

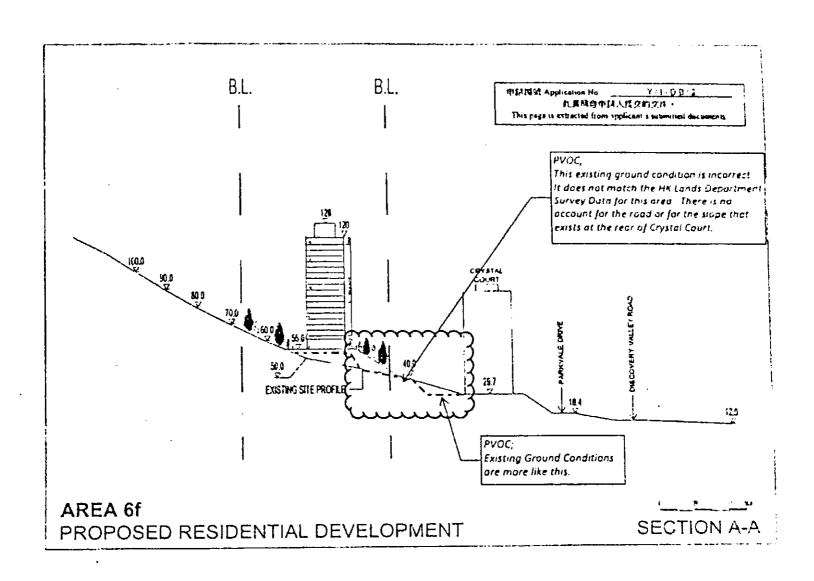
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and are not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所献資料在使用上的問題及文義上的發展。城市規劃委員 會概不負責。若有任何疑問。應查閱申請人提交的文件。

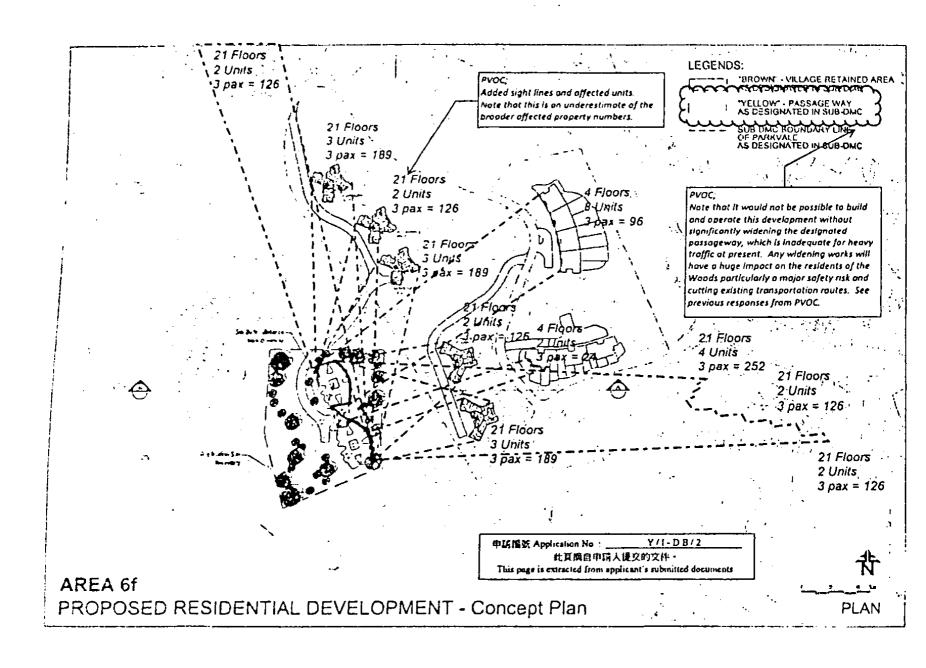
The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant



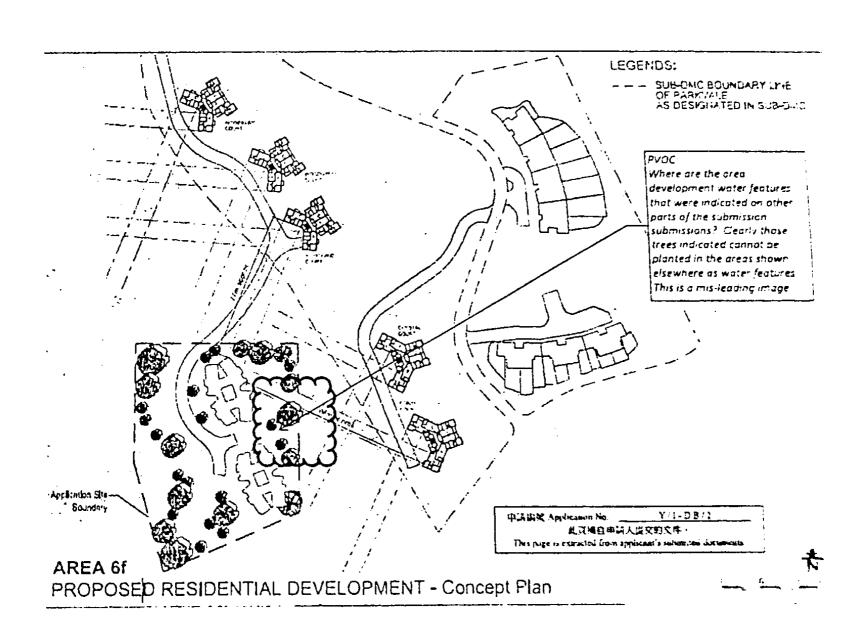


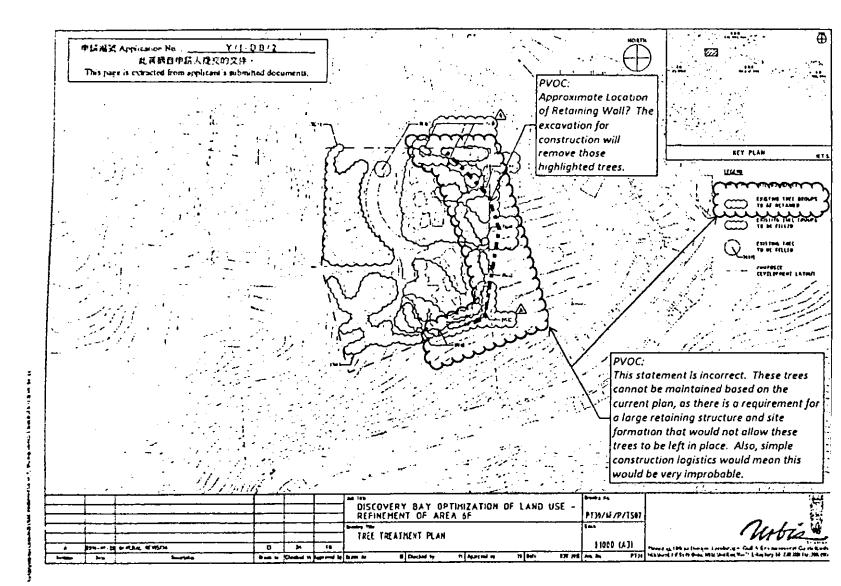


THE REPORT OF THE PERSON AND THE PER

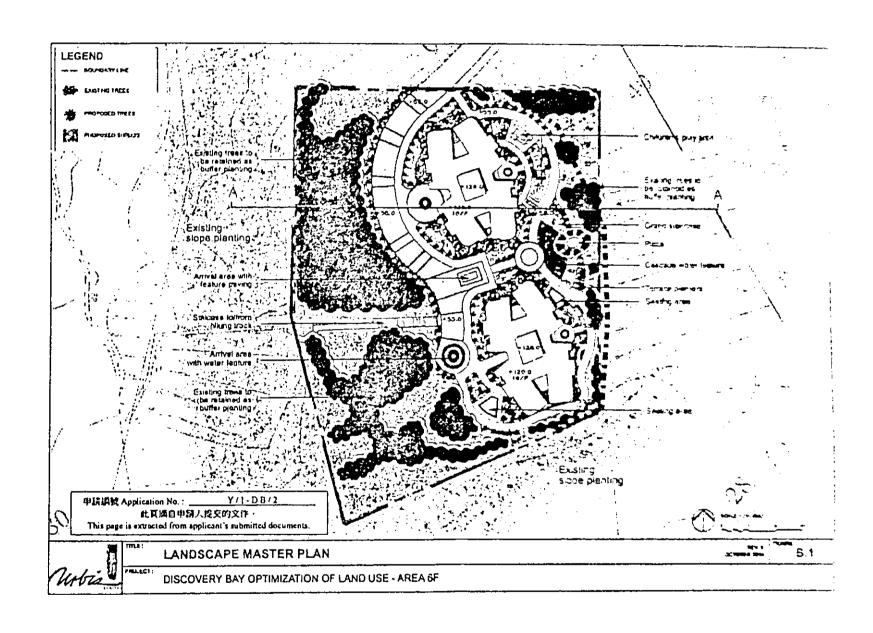


WILL HILL

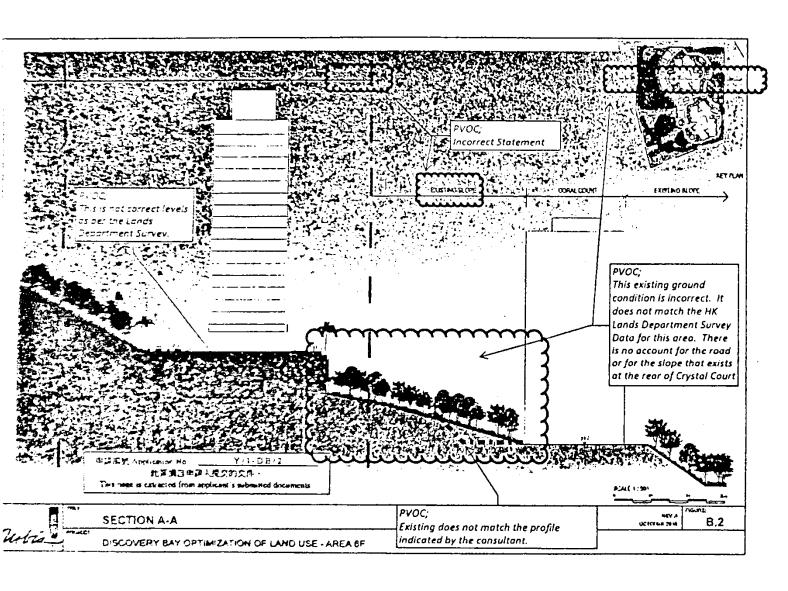


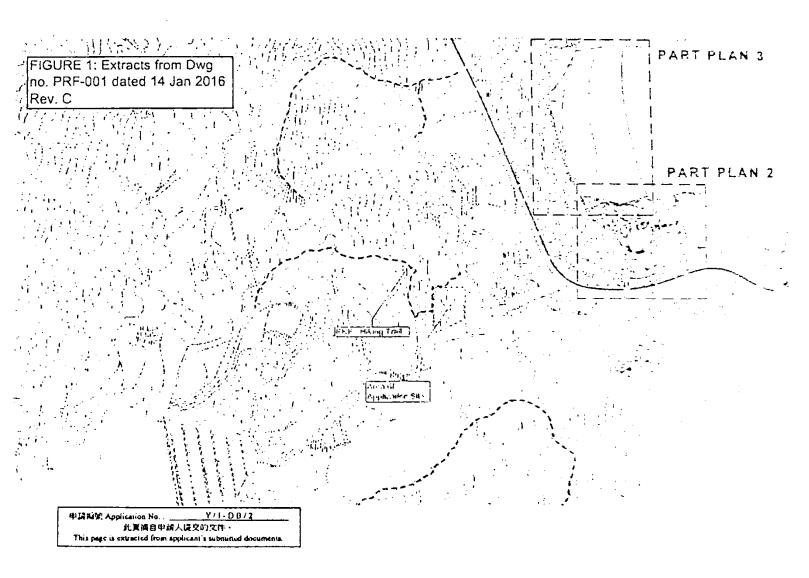


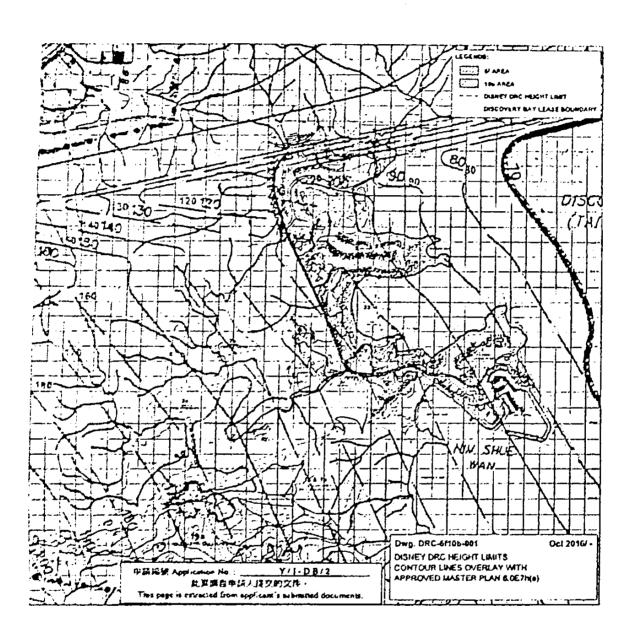


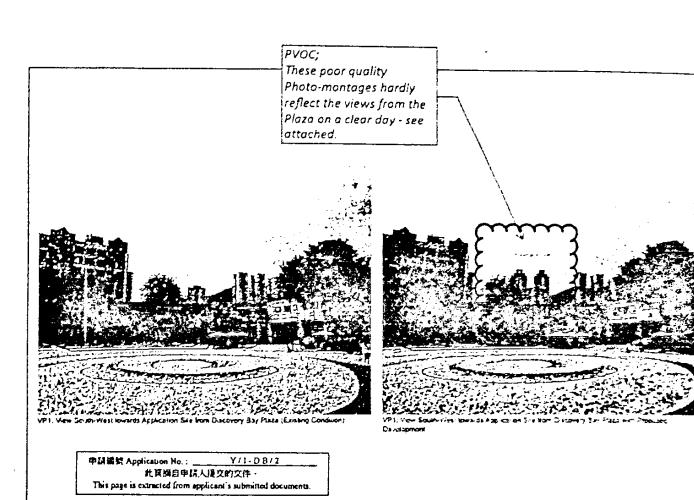






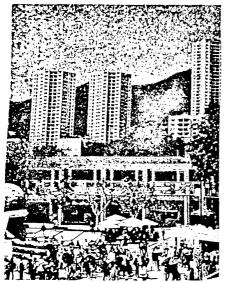






PHOTOMONTAGE - VP1 (VSR REC1) FROM DISCOVERY BAY PLAZA

HACT DISCOVERY BAY OPTIMIZATION OF LAND USE - REFINEMENT OF AREA 5F





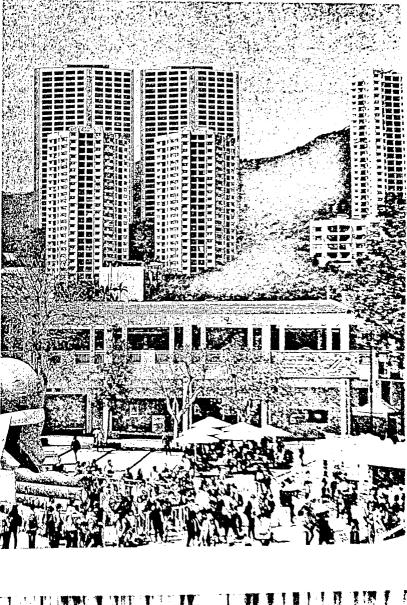
BEFORE

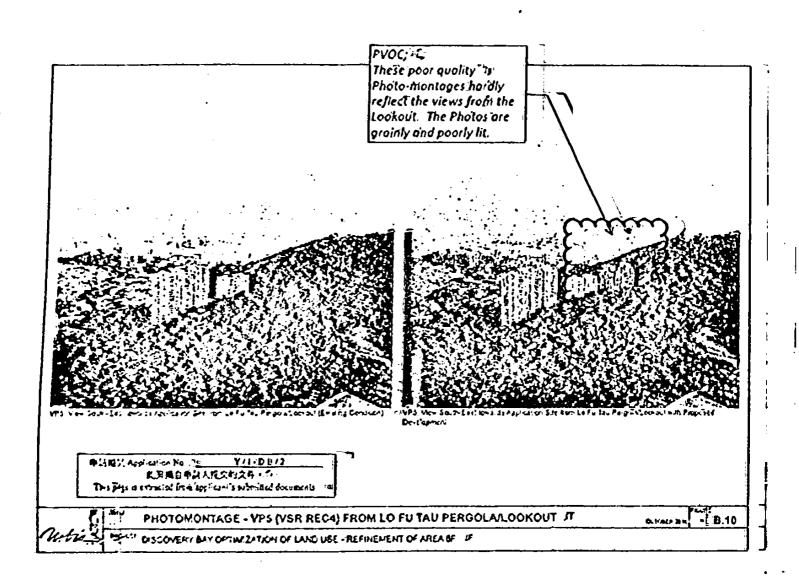
YOC comments on

AFTER

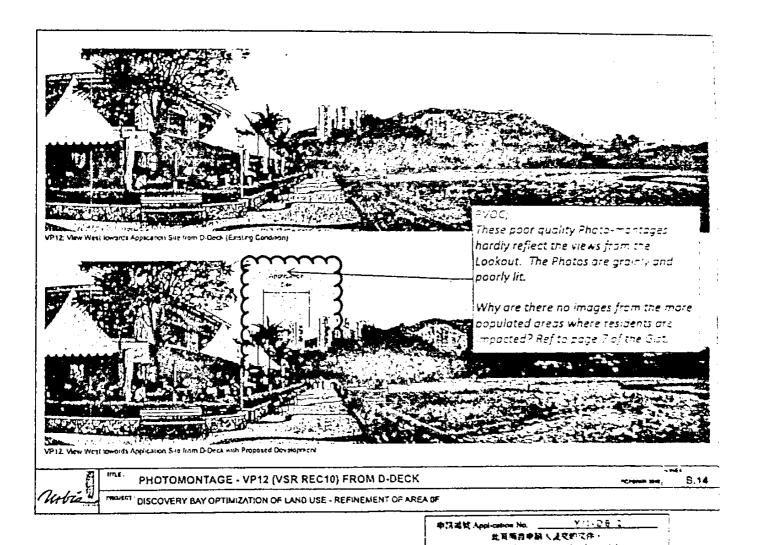
HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

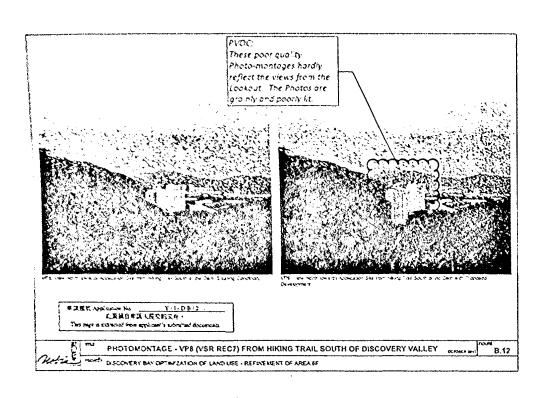
Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA



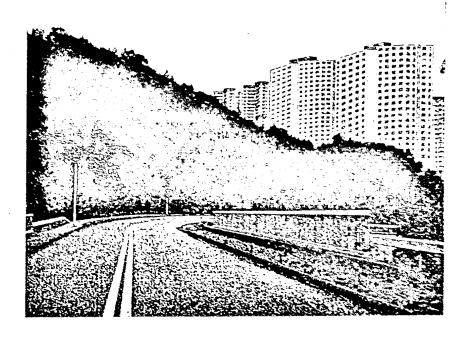








VOC comments on HKRs 6f Planning Proposal Fig. 1.2.1 AFTER IMPRESSION FROM DISCOVERY BAY VALLEY ROAD





Why is this Photo-montage used - there are very few residents at this location who would be affected.

Why are there no images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted - see page 7?

These poor quality Photo-montages hardly reflect the views from the Lookout. The Photos are grainly and poorly lit.



Y/1-DB/2

甲语潜伏 Application No.: 此頁與自申請人提文的文件。

PHOTOMONTAGE - VP15 (VSR T3) FROM MIDDLE LANE

DISCOVERY BAY OPTIMIZATION OF LAND USE - REFINEMENT OF AREA 6F

B.17

申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

與申請地點屬相同地帶的先前申請 Previous Applications Relating to the Application Site with the Same Zoning(s)

申前编號	擬誠用途/發展	城市規劃委員會的決定(日期)
Application No.	Proposed Use/Development	Decision of
l <u> </u>		Town Planning Board (Date)
	Nil	

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供·對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異·城市規劃委員會概不 負責·若有任何疑問·應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

中讀人提交的圖則、给圖及報告哲 Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文 英文 <u>Chinese</u> <u>English</u>	
逐即飞鈴爾 Plans and Drawings 經濟發展藍圖/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s) 樓宇中面圖 Floor plan(s) 載視圖 Sectional plan(s) 立視圖 Elevation(s) 顯示擬議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed development	☐ ☐ MISSING ☐ ☐ MISSING ☐ ☐ MISSING ☐ ☐ MISSING	
超境設計總图/围境設計图 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s) PVOC: There are many concerns here, that have been previously raised to the Board, over safety to pedestrians and the inadequate langterm solution for traffic - these questions have not been addressed. Indicate the landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s) andscape plan(s) Indicate the landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s) Indicate the landscape plan(s)/Landscape pl		
規劃研究 Planning studies 環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染) Environmental impact assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions) 就車輛的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)	☐ ☐ MISSING ☐ MISSING ☐ MISSING	
樹木調查 Tree Survey 土力影響評估 Geotechnical impact assessment, why has this not bis in the sensitive relative by the sensitive by the	al impact D MISSING ot been D MISSING	
指水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water 水質技術報告 Technical PVOC; The Risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not been addressed in any form - please refer to the previous PVOC submissions that attached.	Supply	

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

寄件者: 暂件日期: 收件者:

08上112月2016年星期29 18:44

Janice Fung

主旨: 附件: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Objections to the development application by HKR Area 6f Redident Objection.pdf; Area 10b Objection.pdf Y/1-DB/2

5327

Dear Sir,

I am writing to object the development applications submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited on 27.10.2016. Would you please find the attached comments.

Thank you for your attention.

Best regards, Fung Ka Po

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tphpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs,

(II)

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This the submission has not addressed.

- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature:afice	Date:	_8 December 2016
Name of Discovery Bay Owner:	Fung Ka Po	
Address:		

5328

8 December 2016
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email tpbpd@pland.gov.hk)

The Secretariat

Discovery Bay applications Y/I-DB/2 and Y/I-DB/3

I wish to register my objection to the subject applications.

As a resident and property owner in Discovery Bay I object to the plans submitted to the Town Planning Board (TPB) on several grounds.

The entire lot of Discovery Bay, including the areas covered by the applications Y/I-DB/2 and Y/I-DB/3, is held under a Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). The claim by Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) to be the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.

HKR and the Manager, Discovery Bay Services Management Limited (DBSML), a wholly-owned subsidiary of HKR have not complied with the terms of the DMC. There are numerous unresolved disputes between HKR and the owners including irregularities in the calculation of Management Expenses. HKR is the owner/operator of all the commercial properties in Discovery Bay and, with the assistance of its directly controlled subsidiary DBSML, is not paying Management Fees on the commercial properties in accordance with the provisions of the DMC.

The DMC requires that Management Expenses must be shared according to GBA, as defined in the DMC. HKR and the Manager calculate Management Fees for the commercial properties according to Gross Floor Area (GFA), which allows HKR to underpay its due share of Management Expenses. HKR has blocked attempts to resolve these disputes through the City Owners' Committee (COC), recognised as the owners' committee under the Building Management Ordinance (Cap. 344), as HKR controls the majority of undivided shares in the lot and is able to cast its shares at any time to control the outcome of any vote. For the same reason, the owners of Discovery Bay are unable to form an Owners' Corporation as HKR can block any resolution to incorporate.

The Lands Department is aware of these unresolved disputes and should reject further applications by HKR until these disputes are resolved. Any new development will only subject more owners to the unfair charging of Management Expenses by HKR and their wholly owned subsidiary, DBMSL

On above grounds, I ask the TPB to reject the applications until government departments can show that HKR agrees to abide in full to the terms of the New Grant and the DMC.

tadditionally object to the applications based on the questions of improper submissions in support of the

http://www.scmp.com/news/hong-kong/politics/article/2023045/police-investigate-planning-papers-firm-linked-hong-kong

These reports cite evidence that documents were falsified in support for the application. Such allegations call into question the legitimacy of all the submissions in support of the application. The TPB cannot accurately assess public reaction to the application if certain parties may be manipulating the process by "stuffing the ballot box" with supporting submissions which may be fake or submitted by people who have little or no legitimate interest in Discovery Bay.

As such, the application should be rejected until such time as the investigation into this matter has been concluded and the TPB is assured that the process has not been manipulated.

Lastly, the application should be rejected due to the inability of the existing DB infrastructure to support a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. The application contains insufficient explanation of how peak period transport will be accommodated, particularly in and around Parkvale Village, where access to the new development is only available using a narrow road up a steep slope.

All DB property owners and occupiers would have to pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

Best regards,

Douglas Nairne Discovery Bay

*This email may contain materials that are confidential and privileged for the sole use of the intended recipient Any use or distribution by others, or forwarding without expressed permission, is strictly prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender immediately.

Thank you.*

tpbpd

3.h: Mit:

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者:

JANA BUECHI

08日12月2016年至東記 2745

The Town Board HK

HKR's Applications to The Town Planning Board - Our petitions- Scientise on the John Petition DB Parkvale docx; ATT00352 htm. Petition DB Parkvale pdf. ATL00355 htm.

peninsula.pdf; ATT00361 htm

Dear Sir / Madam

The Town Planning Board,

Included are the attached files (PDF) with my own signature and petitions dated on Dec. 08 2016 for your acknowledge.

Thank you with best regards!

Ms. J. Buechi

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

(1)

Signature:		Date: 08/12/2016				
Name of Discove	ery Bay Owner/	Resident: Can	ipos Valenca	Buechi, Janaina		
Address:						

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree-preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.

(

()

6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :	Muchi	Date: 08/12/2016	
Name of Discove	ery Bay Owner / Residence	dent: Campos Valenca Buechi, Jan	aina

- 1)

Address:

5330

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F. North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tphpd(a pland.gov.hkorfax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned applicationon27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

A Stable Liber - A Section The Mark Table Company (1998年) Market Section 1998年 - A

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature:	uligh-	W/	Date: _	_06/12/2016	
Name of D	iscovery Bay Owner /R	esident:_Meet	a Nayar		
A 41	The state of the state of	the same to the same	recipe de la	San San San San San	

1

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hkorfax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. V/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :	(1		<u> </u>	Date: _	_06/12/2016	
			•				

Name of Discovery Bay Owner-Resident: Katie Jane Jepson_____

Address:

1 / to O

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hkorfax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir.

1

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :		Date:0	6/12/2016	
Name of Discovery Bay Owi	ner / Resident :_k	King, Charles Chir	stian	_
Address:				

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board

15/F. North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd/a/pland.gov.hkorfax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

(1

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned applicationon27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

447		
Signature:	Date:	06/12/2016
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Name of Discovery Bay Owner-/Resident: _Charlotte Elizabeth Clark_____

The Secretariat

5334

Town Planning Board

15/E. North Point Government Office

333 Java Road, North Point

15/F, North Point Government Offices

(Via email: uphpd/a pland.gov.likorfax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

P

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :_	(Le	ads	<i>V</i>	Date: _	_06/12/2016_	
			1			
		/				
		- 1				

Name of Discovery Bay Owner/Resident:_Tina Stradmoor_____

de

Address:

15/F. North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: <u>tpbpd@pland.gov.hk</u> or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

1

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort (*HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. The main reasons of my objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- I doubt if HKR has the sole land ownership of Area 6f, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant (HKR) has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not addressed these foresetable issues and no solutions are suggested here.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

 $\mathbf{\Omega}$

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and posses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory, this has violated the original idea of the land use and totally destroyed the natural environment of this place which is the main reason for people living in this place.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Name of Invariant, Bay Construction

09 DEXX: 2018 20:55

(1)

ne.

架線創申部的後接提出意見下、でしょく コーテー・ロード dead production / エテーティング・普編號

Reference Number:

提別 多昂

Reference Number:

09/12/2016

Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 18:58:42

161208-185842-13622

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

Jane Robbins

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I am writing to highlight my serious concerns over the inaccurate resubmission of the information submitted in support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, in Discovery Bay.

As you are aware, this is the second resubmission of additional information to the Town Plannin

g Board, but the content and quality of this submission is shameful as it is full of technical error s, inappropriate assumptions and misleading images and commentary. Such an application should clearly be rejected as the applicant has not invested sufficient time or expertise to justify the change of zoning with this proposed scheme.

The detailed list to justify the complete rejection of this submission has been collated by the Par kvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), but I strongly feel that these mistakes need to be hig hlighted clearly to the Town Planning Board for their studious review.

In my personal submission I wish to draw the Boards attention to these specific items;

- 1) The Sewerage Treatment Proposal.
- 2) The inaccurate Traffic Study and the clear safety implications.

1) The Sewerage Treatment Proposal offered under this application is very clearly misleading an d is based on unacceptable premise that water may be freely discharges into the Resort's bay which is used by all ages (the old and very young) for swimming and water sports. As I am sure you are aware, the beaches in Discovery Bay have recently been highlighted in the public press for the discovery of large quantities of medical waste (syringes etc) that are washing up on to the shores. Apart from the immediate risk to children and adults alike who could easily be hurt and contract a number of life threatening medical conditions from this criminal situation, this also clear ly demonstrates that the tidal conditions within these bays lead to particulate solids being returned to the beaches.

There is no consideration; no technical data; no environmental study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the study provided by the applicant the study provided by the

There is no consideration; no technical data; no environmental study provided by the applicant to justify that there will not be an increased risk to the residents of Discovery Bay and visitors who use these popular beaches. HKSAR has taken significant measure over the past decade to improve the environmental quality of Hong Kong waters and this is backward step that poses an imprediate health risk to residents and the suffering wildlife. This also goes against current Government environmental policies which have led to the recent development of the Hong Kong sludge treatment facilities.

Vo date Tai Pak bay has experienced red tides due to the current water quality, and the new prop losal will lead to a significant deterioration the water quality to a level which would pose a direct visk to public safety.

Itn addition to the issue of the sea outfall, the technical data presented to the board on the pretreat ment of the sewerage is inaccurate, misleading and inaccurate. For a development designed for 1 190 people, (476 units) the sanitary discharge is significant. In this submission the applicant has failed to describe the content of the standalone sewage treatment process, and based on what wo uld be expected in this location, the applicant has;

a) Not provided answers on the technical criteria for pre-treatment i.e. what type of treatment wo uld be provided.

(b) Not provided answers on the necessary footprint of such equipment and the necessary infrastr acture that would be required to support this facility.

c) Not provided answers to the Town Planning Board on how a vehicle could reach the proposed site for regular maintenance and for emergency conditions. Note that the applicant has stated tha t 36 sewage tankers would be required on a daily basis to address a failure in their proposed facil ity – this equates to 1.5 truck movements per hour (including loading times) with absolutely no provisions for parking, safe loading and additional traffic movements in an already oversubscrib ed minor road system. For issues regarding the road network please see following section. d) Not provided any analysis on the impact of the Sewerage Treatment Plant on adjacent sensitiv

e receivers. The proposed site is at an elevated position, above the Woods. It would be located o In land that is currently very steep and has no flat or accessible areas for such a sizable plant. The re are no existing or logical roadways for maintenance or emergency provisions. There is no dat a on the risks associated with smell or toxicity within the submission.

2) The Traffic Study that was tabled by HKR contains many inaccuracies and assumptions that c ause grave concern to the community of Discovery Bay;

a) The Traffic Study fails to recognize the increased safety risks to the whole community due to the unreasonable increase in traffic volumes for both construction and long term operations.

The very real concern is for safety. Discovery Bay is a very young community that is not used to this quantity of heavy construction traffic. The traffic is being forced on to roads that are shared by golf-carts, cyclists (many of whom are school children), pedestrians, buses and the occasiona I car. This is a clear recipe for a fatality or major traffic incident. This situation exists also at the designated 'access path' into the 6F site. Here the pedestrian pavement is used by children, by c

yclists, by hikers, and by elderly – it is an environment that is wholly unsuitable for heavy constr uction traffic and for increased long term traffic flow to the new project. b) The Traffic Study does not assess the current standard or likely damage to the existing road n

etwork from the increased volume of traffic. As previously highlighted by both the PVOC and t he residents, the existing road system struggles to cope at present. The road surface is cracked a nd uneven due to existing wear and tear, and the Study has failed to address the concerns of the holistic traffic loading that would result on the road network if 6F, 10C and other construction pr ojects within Discovery Bay overlap. The roads simply cannot take this traffic loading.

c) The Traffic Study fails to identify the very real possibility that a single breakdown or accident would gridlock the road system.

d) The Traffic Study does not contain sufficient detail to demonstrate if their proposal for access and logistics is practical. At present there is insufficient room for a bus and a second vehicle to p ass each other in front of the Woods pedestrian paved area. There seems very little hope that an articulated lorry or a haulage truck and a bus could negotiate the existing space. At present there is only 11cm clearance from a vehicle to the side of Woodbury Court. This is insufficient for a p edestrian safety reserve for residents accessing their property, and creates a very real safety cone ern of a significant accident or fatality

There are so many errors in this Submission, misleading images and incorrect assumptions that i t should be rejected immediately. The scheme is ill conceived and inappropriate for the suggeste d site that was Master Planned for a much smaller staff property. I raise these issues as a concern ed resident and professional and trust that the Town Planning Board will recognize that the Sub

mission for rezoning of 6F must be rejected on technical, safety and environmental reasons alon e.

5336

就規劃申請/獲核提出意見 Making Comment on Planning Application / Review 參考編號 161208-185842-13622 Reference Number:

提交限期

09/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Jane Robbins

Name of person making this comment: 聯絡人

Jane Robbins Contact Person

通訊地址

Postal Address: 電話號碼

Tel No.:

傳真號碼 Fax No.:

電郵地址

E-mail address :

彩規劃申請/複核提出意見 Maching Camma casa Prancing / Laster in / Rawlew

念考編號

Reference Number:

161208-190058-04088

帮交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 19:00:58

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/L-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

Neil Robbins

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I am writing to highlight my serious concerns over the inaccurate resubmission of the informatio n submitted in support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, in Di scovery Bay.

As you are aware, this is the second resubmission of additional information to the Town Plannin g Board, but the content and quality of this submission is shameful as it is full of technical error s. inappropriate assumptions and misleading images and commentary. Such an application shoul d clearly be rejected as the applicant has not invested sufficient time or expertise to justify the ch ange of zoning with this proposed scheme.

The detailed list to justify the complete rejection of this submission has been collated by the Par kvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), of which I am a member, but as I am aware of so m any errors within this application, and as a Fellow of the Institution of Civil Engineers (FICE), o

f the Hong Kong Institute of Engineers (FHKIE) and a Master Planner, I strongly feel that these mistakes need to be highlighted clearly to the Town Planning Board for their studious review. In my personal submission I wish to draw the Boards attention to these specific items;

1) The Sewerage Treatment Proposal.

- 2) The size of this development on the allotted land.
- 1) The Sewerage Treatment Proposal offered under this application is very clearly misleading an d is based on unacceptable premise that water may be freely discharges into the Resort's bay wh ich is used by all ages (the old and very young) for swimming and water sports. As I am sure yo u are aware, the beaches in Discovery Bay have recently been highlighted in the public press for the discovery of large quantities of medical waste (syringes etc) that are washing up on to the sh ores, Apart from the immediate risk to children and adults alike who could easily be hurt and co intract a number of life threatening medical conditions from this criminal situation, this also clear by demonstrates that the tidal conditions within these bays lead to particulate solids being returne d to the beaches.

There is no consideration; no technical data; no environmental study provided by the applicant t o justify that there will not be an increased risk to the residents of Discovery Bay and visitors w ho use these popular beaches. HKSAR has taken significant measure over the past decade to im prove the environmental quality of Hong Kong waters and this is backward step that poses an im mediate health risk to residents and the suffering wildlife. This also goes against current Govern ment environmental policies which have led to the recent development of the Hong Kong sludge treatment facilities.

Fo date Tai Pak bay has experienced red tides due to the current water quality, and the new proposal will lead to a significant deterioration the water quality to a level which would pose a direct risk to public safety.

In addition to the issue of the sea outfall, the technical data presented to the board on the pretreat ment of the sewerage is inaccurate, misleading and inaccurate. For a development designed for 1 190 people, (476 units) the sanitary discharge is significant. In this submission the applicant has failed to describe the content of the standalone sewage treatment process, and based on what would be expected in this location, the applicant has;

- a) Not provided answers on the technical criteria for pre-treatment i.e. what type of treatment would be provided.
- b) Not provided answers on the necessary footprint of such equipment and the necessary infrastructure that would be required to support this facility.
- c) Not provided answers to the Town Planning Board on how a vehicle could reach the proposed site for regular maintenance and for emergency conditions. Note that the applicant has stated that t 36 sewage tankers would be required on a daily basis to address a failure in their proposed facility this equates to 1.5 truck movements per hour (including loading times) with absolutely no provisions for parking, safe loading and additional traffic movements in an already oversubscribed minor road system. For issues regarding the road network please see following section.
- d) Not provided any analysis on the impact of the Sewerage Treatment Plant on adjacent sensitive receivers. The proposed site is at an elevated position, above the Woods. It would be located on land that is currently very steep and has no flat or accessible areas for such a sizable plant. The re are no existing or logical roadways for maintenance or emergency provisions. There is no dat a on the risks associated with smell or toxicity within the submission.
- 2) The size of this development on the allotted land is misleading to the Town Planning Board. The photo montages presented as part of the Gist seem to have been prepared to reflect the mini mum impact of this development. The quality of those montages very poor and misleading. The locations of the viewing points are questionable as the positions do not appear to include the most populous locations where the impact would be far more. The PVOC have prepared a new set of montages that seem more representative of the actual conditions faced by residents. It does not seem acceptable to me that the applicant's submission has tabled such mis-representative imagery to the Town Planning Board for their review.

As mentioned in Item 1, the allotment of land for the Sewerage Treatment Plant is not accurate a nd has no consideration for vehicular access for maintenance or emergency planning.

The profile of the existing landscape in front of the 6F development and at the rear of Crystal and Coral courts is incorrect when based on the data provided by the survey and mapping services of the Lands Department, and quite obvious contradictions for a visual study. As a result, it is clear that the construction of a very large retaining structure would be necessary and that construct ion would involve an increase in the number of trees that would be required to be felled, and on the construction impact and overall risk of this development. Therefore, the applicant's proposal for retaining the quantities of existing trees on this slope is incorrect and could be misleading to many.

There are so many errors in this Submission, misleading images and incorrect assumptions that it should be rejected immediately. The scheme is ill conceived and inappropriate for the suggested site that was Master Planned for a much smaller staff property. I raise these issues as a concerned resident and professional and trust that the Town Planning Board will recognize that the Submission for rezoning of 6F must be rejected on technical, safety and environmental reasons along

就規劃申請/浸核提出意見 Marchis Common Configuration / 100 / 10

Reference Number: 161209-094116-62915

提交限期
Deadline for submission:
30/12/2016

提交日期及時間 09/12/2016 09:41:16 Date and time of submission:

Date and time of submission.

有關的規劃申請編號
The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱
Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Stuart Farr

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HK R"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held un

der the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of eit her the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.

- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying in frastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still uns atisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towe rs are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

就規對申請/覆核提出意見 I/ (ロップロロット) (ロップロロット) (1209-111306-03820) (161209-111306-03820)

Reference Number:

提交限期 Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間
Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:13:06

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Ken Bradley

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Area of proposal of a stand alone sewage treatment works and discharge proposal is considered to be totally wrong for this area of and aslo by the HKR consultants to be inefficient. It is incompatible with the modern sewage treatment and discharge policy of the HKG SAR government.

The above is explained in more detail below -

- 1. All the PVOC concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment p rocessing and discharge continue to be ignored.

 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means t
- hat people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing d etails of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe an d into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and locate d less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boar dwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red ti
- des as well as concentrations of E. coli.

 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging the treat ed sewage directly into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Vill age. Therefore, every day 440 cu ms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this vil lage. The nullah serves the dual purpose of a storm water channel and as an overflow relief for the reservoir at the top of Discovery Valley Road. Normally it is virtually empty, but during periods of rainstorm and/or reservoir discharge this nullah is full to the top. The addition of the sewage effluent to the raging storm water flow may cause the nullah to overflow or the effluent to back-up into the STW, both with serious health implications. This option would appear to be cheap

er than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whils

- t giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub-optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bur eaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
- a. in paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
- b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
- c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G "Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will only treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- 8. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Are a 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged in to an open nullah.
- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the se wage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suita ble backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and conne cting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencie s), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modern is eswage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- I O. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. At though the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in s

hallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of "Oscover") and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides not spite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides not 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of und ivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.

13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Arca 6f together with the gravity sewage pape to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Arca of proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Arca of and the gravity sewage pipe or use of the nation will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Arca of proposed development.

5340

· 就規則申請/後核提出意見 Meleng Commant on Flagring Approach or / Playlaw

參考編號

Reference Number: 161209-112001-19620

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:20:01

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Kennth J. Bradley

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT

1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR

NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.

2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Inform

ation in respect of Area 10b.

3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustr ating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straig ht down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.

4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.

5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from the site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD.

m this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading d own towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themsel ves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site for mation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.

6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and toward s Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.

7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.

就規劃中清 獲移提出禁足がみなることによってい コストン ニュスのこれ 多片鱼说 361234 (2043) 9620 Reference Number: 様ク財票 A . 22 15 Deadline for submission 有關的規劃申請編號 The application no to which the comment relates **「提薦見人」姓名李編** I to Mr. We a St. Breatley I F. Name of person making this comment 聯絡人 Ken Heatles Contact Person 通訊地址 Postal Address 椰总數碼 Tel No. :

|海頂製碼 | Fat No. :

斑蛇地址

t. mail address :

就規劃申請/程核提出意見 14 年/kg Criming. Procedure Acquistical Cristics

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-112211-63594

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:22:11

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Kennth J. Bradley J.P.

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR

1. It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April – June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concer n over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition

of the area.

2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitte

d by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 year s since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who c an read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.

3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.

- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
- a. Floor plans
- b. Elevations
- c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
- d. Geotechnical impact assessment
- e. Drainage impact assessment f. Sewage impact assessment
- g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitte d its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omis sion:
- a. Block plan
- b. Visual impact assessment
- c. Landscape impact assessment
- d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.

7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation in exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the f ollowing: "This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our clie at. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility in s undertaken to any third party".

8. Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patentl y unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing together the instr uctions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how ca in anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement a bout liability!

親親聞中間は長月間以降である。 アンド・ステント

心等編號

Reference Number:

161209-111510-28326

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09.12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:15:10

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

YADB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Kennth J. Bradley J.P.

意見詳情

1

Details of the Comment:

PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

1. A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despit e this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone, TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkval e Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.

2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that H KR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSD and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

3. HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.

電郵地址 E-mail address:

就規劃申請/獲核提出意見 Nisking Coop name so Ptemping 4 prices provides 學考編號 161209-111510-28320 Reference Number: 提交限期 09/12/2016 Deadline for submission: 有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/1-DB/2 「提意見人」姓名/名稱 先生 Mr. Kennih J. Bradley J.P. Name of person making this comment: 聯絡人 Ken Bradley Contact Person 通訊地址 Postal Address: 電話號碼 Tel No.: 傳真號碼 Fax No.:

就規劃申請/覆核提出意見 Meading Commercian Planning Application / The fact

参考編號 Reference Number:

161209-113002-26268

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:30:02

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

I P

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Kennth J. Bradley

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Summary of principal concerns are:

A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted s tudies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.

B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.

C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.

D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.

E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone to decide what is c ommercially sensitive (re ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to k eep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the appl

icant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key elem ent of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to p ass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an acciden t; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public;

t; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.

G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the

sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillg rove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not

an efficient sewage planning strategy".

Flet/Alaid animal Carling Comments (1999)

It. HKK is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treat ment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.

I. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.

J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).

K. Ownership issues - HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.

L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outli

ne Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided s hares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholl y owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.

M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

[1]

TEMIS COMMENT SUBINISSION

5340

就規劃申請/覆核提出意見 Picking Comments - Pisaning Ecologic / Posting

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-112401-58979

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:24:01

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

先生 Mr. Kennth J. Bradley

Name of person making this comment:

J.P.

意見詳情

 $\mathbf{0}$

G.

Details of the Comment:

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- 1. Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentatio n. i.e.
- a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitt ed further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission a nd has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
- b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments proced ure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

09/12/2016

Y/I-DB/2

09/12/2016 11:17:12

先生 Mr. Kennth J. Bradley J.

彩規劃申請/優該提出意見ける立とCompanie 1970年8年11日 1970年 參考編號 161209-111712-16859

Reference Number:

提交限期 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 Date and time of submission:

有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

RISK ASSESSMENT

1. A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent si nce risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health. 2. A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The Risk

Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures that all government ent departments and bureaux provide their comments on this application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.

09/12/2016

就規劃申請/獲該提出意見 Marring Command on Electrical Action in / Karfer

參考編號

161209-124058-39115 Reference Number:

提交限期

09/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 09/12/2016 12:40:58 Date and time of submission:

有關的規劃申請編號

Y/J-DB/2 The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

先生 Mr. YIP Cham Sum Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

T

Details of the Comment:

可善用土地資源,減輕香港土地不足的問題,提供不同類型的房屋選擇。6f一直已規劃 為居住用途,證明土地適宜建屋。規劃中的地積比亦很低,基建及配套足以容納新增的

人口。新計劃可支持開辦獨立的巴士路線,令交通更方便快捷。新發展會創造更多就業

D

認識圖申記/覆法提出意見トナーをCommonserで、「AApplit 」 IT was

參考編號

Reference Number: 161209-123456-18904

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 12:34:56

有關的規劃申請編號

Y/I-DB/2

The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

先生 Mr. YIP Cham Sum

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

可善用土地資源,減輕香港土地不足的問題,提供不同類型的房屋選擇。6f—直已規劃 為居住用途,證明土地適宜建屋。規劃中的地積比亦很低,基建及配套足以容納新增的

人口。新計劃可支持開辦獨立的巴士路線,令交通更方便快捷。新發展會創造更多就業

機會,為市民及社會帶來好處及經濟效益。

就規制申請/權該提出意見 lessing Commence (27 m log # c 1/25 / 1/27 / 27 / 27 參考組號 161209-130446-38310

Reference Number:

提交限期

30/12/2016

Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 Date and time of submission: 09/12/2016 13:04:46

有關的規劃申請編號

Y/J-DB/2

利車 東 1 元 マニ 地でもお除れ続き、電子 (予備監 管) 「「(基)」 「「「私」す「

The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

小姐 Miss Law Siu Kuen

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

(1)

Details of the Comment:

- 1. I object to let more people living there, which is already overcrowd, not enough facilities, a lo t of buses /shuttle/truck moving around in DB.
- 2. more air pollution issue.
- 3. It is against the view of DB resident.
- 4. My kids have to travel outside for their secondary school, should more facilities including sec ondary school, basketball court, been ready before letting more people to move in.

說法劃申請/發展提出意見 1000 11 3 3 5 5 5

参考編號 181219-136629-24884 Reference Number:

膜观交劈

30/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 13:06:70

有關的規劃申請編號

Y 1-DB 2 The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情 Details of the Comment:

1. I have high reservation on this project as it only a profit making project which only favour for

HKR for their money earning. Nothing to address the housing problem in HK. However, it creat es many issues to DB resident including recreation facilities, education, traffic, etc. Why HK Go vernment allows HKR to earn more money, which against the views of local resident.

先生 Mr. Cheung Shing YA

2. No resident consultation had been made before. As I believe that most DB residents do not wal nt more house and people in DB in future, which are already overcrowd with people and vehicl

3. There is no local secondary school. Student need to travel outside. They need to plan at least a local secondary before considering to allowing more people living there.

4. Some HKR's house building has destructed the countryside, which is irreversible, e.g. in HK R's project to reconstruct the bus terminal station. They have cut many old trees along the DB m ain road without considering replanting them in other place. May I request to know how many tr ees had HKR been cut in their past housing project? Should they promise to relocate those old t rees in some other place?

5. In peak time around 6:45 – 9:00am, most buses and ferry are full even HKD has changed to u se double deck and large ferry. How HKR to resolve the problem for more people, don't mento ning to add more buses.

慰規劃自297種移提出等に、サイトの

参考编號

Reference Number:

161209 125340-15571

起李镍镧

Deadline for submission:

30/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 12:59:46

有關的規劃申請编號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

先生 Mr. Cheung Hon Man,

Name of person making this comment:

Donald

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

- 1. I have high reservation on this project as it only a profit making project which only favour for HKR for their money earning. Nothing to address the housing problem in HK. However, it creat es many issues to DB resident including recreation facilities, education, traffic, etc. Why HK Go vernment allows HKR to earn more money, which against the views of local resident.
- No resident consultation had been made before. As I believe that most DB residents do not want more house and people in DB in future, which are already overcrowd with people and vehicle.
- 3. Limited recreation facilities, e.g. no basketball court, tennis court, swimming pool, as those fa cilities are only available for club members.
- 4. There is no local secondary school. Student need to travel outside. They need to plan at least a local secondary before considering to allowing more people living there.
- 5. I witnesses the development in last 10 years, more and more vehicles in this place where originally designed for golf cart as the main vehicle. Now, more buses, school shuttle, truck, etc., are moving around in the DB road, any figure showing the pollution condition. We are hoping for a clean living place. Could I know how HKR manage and control the no. of vehicles using the DB main road?
- 6. Some HKR's house building has destructed the countryside, which is irreversible, e.g. in HKR's project to reconstruct the bus terminal station. They have cut many old trees along the DB main road without considering replanting them in other place. May I request to know how many trees had HKR been cut in their past housing project? Should they promise to relocate those old trees in some other place?
- 7. In peak time around 6:45 9:00am, most buses and ferry are full even HKD has changed to use double deck and large ferry. How HKR to resolve the problem for more people, don't mentioning to add more buses.

(D)

京規劃申請/複核提出意見 Monday Command ア・コミメエルコー・アップルー 会事を理解

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-134117-06171

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 13:41:17

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. M.Fairley

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

As per my previous submissions on this application, I strongly protest against the proposed deve lopment for the reasons previously submitted. I am away on leave and cannot re-list all of the re asons that I have already submitted to this department. I would also ask the department to investigate the authenticity of submissions in favour of this proposal, as we (the Resident's) have reason to believe that many of those are fraudulent. My future career and contribution to Hong Kong depends on my quality of life here, and that will be negatively affected by this application for development. Please do the responsible thing for residents of Hong Kong and not bow to the demands of greedy developers. Sincerely, M. Fairley

說規劃中請/覆該提出意見 Maid is Comment at Flamble, A profession / A series

參考編號

161209-111602-10740 Reference Number:

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間 Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 11:16:02

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person making this comment: 夫人 Mrs. SAEWONG SIRIWAN

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Y/I-DB/3 Zone 10b

• 可善用土地資源,減輕香港土地不足的問題,提供不同類型的房屋選擇,提升生活質

• 計劃可改善該區現時雜亂景觀及與愉景灣慗體設計格格不入的情況,整體環境得到改

• 新建的海濱長廊、提升的交通配套、優化的街渡及碼頭設施,令出入更方便。 • 計劃已考慮基礎設施、視覺、交通及社區方面因素及承擔能力,設計亦與周邊環境及景 觀更為融合。

• 創造全新的社區集結點,大眾可享用更多公眾休閒空間。

更多的綠化空間有助減低碳排放,提升空氣質素,提供更佳工作及生活環境。

新發展會創造更多就業機會,為市民及社會帶來好處及經濟效益。 引入適量人口可支持本土小商店的營運,為居民提供更多的零售選擇。

• It optimises the land use to alleviate the land shortage issue in HK, and provides more housing choices.

• The plan redevelops and upgrades the current mix of unsightly uses in the area. The overall en

vironment of the area will be improved. • The improvement to the foreshore promenade, transportation and marine assess, kaito service a

nd pier facilities will enhance the connectivity and convenience to and from Discovery Bay. • The optimisation of the land use is well supported by suitable infrastructure, and has given due consideration for the waterfront setting with improvement to the foreshore promenade and marin

• More community focal points and public leisure space will be created for the residents and the public to enjoy.

• The extra landscape and greening help reduce carbon emissions and improve air quality, thus p roviding a better work and living environment.

• It creates more job opportunities, which will bring in many social and economic benefits to the society.

• The plan brings in suitable amount of population to support the businesses of local shops, in a way to provide more retail choices for residents.



0

競規劃申請/穫液提出意見 161209-102040-30859
Reference Number:

提交限期
Deadline for submission:

の9/12/2016

の9/12/2016 10:20:40

有關的規劃申請編號
The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱
Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

項目計劃有利瑜景灣發展。

就規劃申請/覆该提出意見 Mading Other confirming And Andrew Andrews Andrews 參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-102405-01211

提交限期

09/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 10:24:05

先生 Mr. 馬先生

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

同意是項工程項目,請儘快落實

Reference Number:

就規劃申請/覆核提出意見いで、。コーニーニージ

參考編號

161208-204451-83849

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 20:44:51

有關的規劃申請編號

Y/t-DB/2

The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

女士 Ms. Chole

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Details of the Comment:

The plan brings in suitable amount of population to support the businesses of local shops, in a way to provide more retail choices for residents.

The surrounding area of the proposed development will be beautified and bring in new leisure facilities.

The mountain view of most Crystal and Coral units will not be blocked due to the sufficient distance between the buildings.

With one more village, the cost of sharing the maintenance expense of communal facilities can be reduced which will benefit all owners.

親規創申請/複核提出意見19-king Ct v mas/co-it not ng Apalitic Ct / Pt. c. ...

参考編號

Reference Number:

161208-210348-37700

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 21:03:48

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Chung

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

The plan optimises the land use to alleviate the land shortage issue in HK and provides more housing choices.

The area is suitable for residential building as it has been designated for staff headquarters which are no longer required. The planned plot ratio is still low that the infrastructure and facilities will be sufficient to accommodate the extra population.

The optimisation of the land use has given due consideration to various aspects, such as infrastructure, visual, traffic and capacity of the community. The design is sensitive to the adjacent development and natural setting. It has given due regard for the mountain backdrop and the relationship with the existing residents.

The proposed development will justify for operating a complete separate bus route from Midval e Village which will offer faster and more direct bus service for residents.

家規劃申請/経該提出意見 1/44 「『ここ』 ・ で

参考編號

161208-223220-26448

Reference Number:

提交限期

09/12/2016

Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 Data and time of

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 22:32:20

有關的規劃申請編號

Y/I-DB/2

The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

小姐 Miss LEUNG SIU WING

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

引入新屋苑,可分擔公共設施的維修費用,使周邊的基建設施作出翻新及改善,業主可 減省維修保養及相關開支。支持愉景灣維持不斷發展,令社區環境更美好。

5353

就規劃申請/覆核提出意見166ではCommissionであるには、2012 / Carie a

參考編號

Reference Number:

161208-221201-62484

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 22:12:01

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

小姐 Miss TSE SEE YIN

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

支持善用土地資源,增加樓宇供應。

新發展會創造更多就業機會,為市民及社會帶來好處及經濟效益。

參考編號

Reference Number:

161208-222908-42457

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 22:29:08

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. LAI CHI MAN

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

香港可發展土地買少見少,優質海景住宅更難求。本計劃設計圖則顯示附近屋苑與新屋苑有充足距離,景觀不會受阻。讚成有關發展

說規劃申請/覆該提出意見 Making Commenced Planning Application / Flaviar

参考編號

Reference Number:

161208-220231-16147

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

08/12/2016 22:02:31

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

女士 Ms. 楊錫和

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

贊成盡快落實發展計劃

5356

説規劃申請/覆核提出意見14×20~g Comase までいる。Alipha Com/Paville

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-003630-18327

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 00:36:30

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

女士 Ms. Tang

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

支持善用土地建屋,令社區健康發展。

線規測申請/複核提出意見100% Section 1 to 10 ming Fredoric 1. 1. 1. 1. 1

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-002955-98614

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 00:29:55

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

小姐 Miss Sharon

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I fully support the application as it has conducted thorough studies and surveys on the visual, landscape, environmental, traffic and infrastructure capacity which will only impose very minimal impacts to the adjacent environment, but the project will bring in greater benefits to DB and HK in regards of land supply, housing choices, and sustainable development by offering suitable growth in population to support the running of shops, share the costs and bring in new recreational facilities.

It is a private plot of land that I can't see any points to hinder the development and to utilize the land which has been zoned for housing people.

All technical issues should not impose any obstacles viewing the experience of the developer and the advance technologies nowadays. If the developer can well develop a piece of barren land 4 0 years ago, why can't they overcome the infrastructure problems nowadays?

We should focus the discussion on ironing out the details in executing the project in a pragmatic approach instead of knocking it down based on the NIMBY mindset of individuals.

Without continuous development in the community, DB will be a stagnant, ageing and dead community like the Sea Ranch that no young population will be moving in, and the schools will not be able to recruit sufficient students, and DB owners will suffer from today's consequence of voting down the plan.

就規制的議議後提出意見セッド g C: ハ キーマート g a T Linux 1 / 1

參等編號

Reference Number:

161209-003114-96614

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 00:31:14

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

小姐 Miss Louisa Wong

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I fully support the application as it has conducted thorough studies and surveys on the visual, lan dscape, environmental, traffic and infrastructure capacity which will only impose very minimal impacts to the adjacent environment, but the project will bring in greater benefits to DB and HK in regards of land supply, housing choices, and sustainable development by offering suitable growth in population to support the running of shops, share the costs and bring in new recreational facilities.

It is a private plot of land that I can't see any points to hinder the development and to utilize the land which has been zoned for housing people.

All technical issues should not impose any obstacles viewing the experience of the developer and the advance technologies nowadays. If the developer can well develop a piece of barren land 4 0 years ago, why can't they overcome the infrastructure problems nowadays?

We should focus the discussion on ironing out the details in executing the project in a pragmatic approach instead of knocking it down based on the NIMBY mindset of individuals.

Without continuous development in the community, DB will be a stagnant, ageing and dead community like the Sea Ranch that no young population will be moving in, and the schools will not be able to recruit sufficient students, and DB owners will suffer from today's consequence of voting down the plan.

原料製用等所達換提出該基門の可要では、いったいのではなった。Porter / cive / 後考線院

Reference Number:

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

Deading for saturnssion.

提交日期及時間 Date and time of submission:

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

Y/I-DB/2

09/12/2016

先生 Mr. Alex Chan

09/12/2016 00:24:16

161209-002416-19341

意見詳情

0

Details of the Comment :

I fully support the application as it has conducted thorough studies and surveys on the visual, lan dscape, environmental, traffic and infrastructure capacity which will only impose very-minimal i mpacts to the adjacent environment, but the project will bring in greater benefits to DB and HK i

n regards of land supply, housing choices, and sustainable development by offering suitable gro with in population to support the running of shops, share the costs and bring in new recreational f acilities.

It is a private plot of land that I can't see any points to hinder the development and to utilize the I and which has been zoned for housing people.

All technical issues should not impose any obstacles viewing the experience of the developer an

d the advance technologies nowadays. If the developer can well develop a piece of barren land 4 0 years ago, why can't they overcome the infrastructure problems nowadays?

We should focus the discussion on ironing out the details in executing the project in a pragmatic approach instead of knocking it down based on the NIMBY mindset of individuals.

Without continuous development in the community, DB will be a stagnant, ageing and dead community like the Sea Ranch that no young population will be moving in, and the schools will not be able to recruit sufficient students, and DB owners will suffer from today's consequence of voting down the plan.

09/12/2016

5360

歌規創申請/覆款提出意見1/12/2/20cmに11 100 mig Auritatio / 1975の

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-003857-03850

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 00:38:57

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. HN Chan

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

支持善用土地建屋,令社區健康發展。

总规题申請/後核提出意見Tracking Commission Flam ling/option in / Nevisy

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-001820-11166

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 00:18:20

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

小姐 Miss L. WONG

意見詳情

T

Details of the Comment:

I fully support the application as it has conducted thorough studies and surveys on the visual, lan dscape, environmental, traffic and infrastructure capacity which will only impose very minimal i mpacts to the adjacent environment, but the project will bring in greater benefits to DB and HK in regards of land supply, housing choices, and sustainable development by offering suitable growth in population to support the running of shops, share the costs and bring in new recreational facilities.

It is a private plot of land that I can't see any points to hinder the development and to utilize the land which has been zoned for housing people.

All technical issues should not impose any obstacles viewing the experience of the developer and the advance technologies nowadays. If the developer can well develop a piece of barren land 4 0 years ago, why can't they overcome the infrastructure problems nowadays?

We should focus the discussion on ironing out the details in executing the project in a pragmatic approach instead of knocking it down based on the NIMBY mindset of individuals.

Without continuous development in the community, DB will be a stagnant, ageing and dead community like the Sea Ranch that no young population will be moving in, and the schools will not be able to recruit sufficient students, and DB owners will suffer from today's consequence of voting down the plan.

就規則申請/履法提出意見 Monday Delication and Appendix 17 17 17 17

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-002552-56206

展別交景

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 00:25:52

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. SY

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I fully support the application as it has conducted thorough studies and surveys on the visual, lan dscape, environmental, traffic and infrastructure capacity which will only impose very minimal i impacts to the adjacent environment, but the project will bring in greater benefits to DB and HK in regards of land supply, housing choices, and sustainable development by offering suitable growth in population to support the running of shops, share the costs and bring in new recreational facilities.

It is a private plot of land that I can't see any points to hinder the development and to utilize the l and which has been zoned for housing people.

All technical issues should not impose any obstacles viewing the experience of the developer an d the advance technologies nowadays. If the developer can well develop a piece of barren land 4 0 years ago, why can't they overcome the infrastructure problems nowadays?

We should focus the discussion on ironing out the details in executing the project in a pragmatic approach instead of knocking it down based on the NIMBY mindset of individuals.

Without continuous development in the community, DB will be a stagnant, ageing and dead community like the Sea Ranch that no young population will be moving in, and the schools will not be able to recruit sufficient students, and DB owners will suffer from today's consequence of voting down the plan.

說規劃申請/覆液提出意見 Merting Comment to Clarining Applicator / Tarkey

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-074727-27237

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 07:47:27

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

女士 Ms. 肖

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

支持善用土地資源,應盡速批出此發展項目。

5364

就規劃申請/覆核提出意見 Partiting Control to Life Partition 1 と A a art Jan and 1970

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-083307-98430

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 08:33:07

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

Angel Lam

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

就規劃申請/覆核提出意見Phything Comment on Flanning Applies dia 1/Revisi

参考編號 Reference Number:

161209-092716-96164

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 09:27:16

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

夫人 Mrs. Linyan Wang

意見詳情

(1)

Details of the Comment:

Dear Sir/Madam.

I am strongly against this building project!

Discovery Bay as a unique brand for quality living and being close to nature, too much buildings will just destroy the brand and lower the value of this already remote area, people will not move here if too dense because it is not convenient for transportation.

There are below reasons which we would suggest you to consider:

- 1, these massive buildings will be too dense for this area and destroy the nature, quietness and view.
- 2, The road and infrastructure are not ready for adding so much residents all at once
 3. Discovery Bay recently constant construction already bring us too much noise and dust, living
- in DB is no more pleasant as before.

 4. If DB change to be dense area like the city. I wonder if people will still move here because it
- 4, If DB change to be dense area like the city, I wonder if people will still move here because it is so inconvenient.
- 5, DB is also an important attraction for people coming from all over Hongkong to enjoy the we ekend, its nature and beautiful planning and layout are what attracting them.

Best Regards,

Linyan Wang

- 就規劃中請/複数提出意見ロージー ラーチ ドロードも・コープー / コーデー

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-092716-17068

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 09:27:16

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Alexander Carste n Uhlmann

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Dear Sir or Madam,

I'm very strongly against this building project as it's going to damage the brand of Discovery Bay. The building development is too close, dense and large and doesn't fit into the existing brand of Discovery Bay. I've traveled and lived in many places in the world regard Discovery Bay as a world-wide unique area, that we in Hong Kong should protect and use to attract talent to Hong Kong that would otherwise not be willing to live in dense Hong Kong Island, Kowloon or nearby Shenzhen and Guangzhou. Discovery Bay and in particular the area around this re-development (6A, Parkvale Village) attracts a different type of character. This area is a unique selling proposition for the wider Pearl River Delta. I work in software and in order to attract talents it's critical to provide a natural living environment that supports a sustainable work-life balance. Silicon Valley does provide that and is hence very successful. The Pearl River Delta could also compete with Discovery Bay. Don't destroy the little attraction we still have here.

Additionally, the current road towards Woodland Court over the area 6A is far to small to support the building construction vehicles and later traffic. If at all, they should consider building anot her permanent access road from the waterfall/bridge/golf road. If you make the existing road big ger, you'll need to destroy parts of the mountain, which would lower character of the area.

Additionally, the current nature area that would be destroyed by 6A is valuable to hikers from all around and a small meeting place. Wildlife and vegetation would be negatively impacted.

Overall, I think there are various more suitable areas in Hong Kong to develop further, even in Discovery Bay as long as they fit into the brand and are smaller scale and don't take away much nature.

就提劃申請/複校提出意見 Litaking Ct tomans on Planning Augules Con / Aravis a

参考編號

Reference Number: 161208-171507-20734

提交限期

Deadline for submission: 09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission: 08/12/2016 17:15:07

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

小姐 Miss Natalie Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

本人贊成發展計劃,能提升愉景灣社區設施及美化生活環境。

5358

說規劃申請持後機出意見196年以Community Community Applied

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-141753-04494

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 14:17:53

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. KENNY TAM

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

本人支持愉景灣有關規劃申請.

理由是偷景灣的基建設施,生活服務設施和對外公共交通都發展完備.但偷景灣居住人口密度偏低,可持續發展空間很大.目前香港缺乏土地發展住宅的大環境下,本人支持偷景灣的新發展規劃.

親規劃申請/後核提出意見 Making Comment of Flooring Application / Resize

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-162032-77368

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

30/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 16:20:32

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Peter Monger

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

These comments are from both myself and my wife Ng Sau Ling. We are the owners of adjacent-to and fronting the application site. We are retired and consequently occupy

our property during the working day. We continue to object to the proposed rezoning as the proposed buildings will have significant visual impact on the enjoyment of our dwelling and will compromise our privacy. Notwithstanding our objection to the rezoning in principle we would request that every effort to be made to reduce the visual impact and to maintain our privacy. During the construction period, which including ground and accommodation works will be of a lengthy period, we strongly request that measures are put in place to minimise construction noise. Bearing in mind with the elevations of the existing and proposed residential buildings there is no opportunity for noise attenuation and screening and therefore noise needs to be controlled at source with respite periods.

京党規劃申請/覆核提出意見 Marting Ottomanal Life Control of the Angelor in The Way

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-202251-27983

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

30/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 20:22:51

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

小姐 Miss Rekha

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I am against this rezoning application. Firstly there is no place infrastucturally to support this increase in construction application. There is no access road to it and due to major building projects already taking place, too many vehicles, noise, pollution, travel delays etc. Secondly, this land w as supposed to be for staff quarters but has not been developed as such for so long, which hints to perhaps intentional plan for redevelopment by HKR, which is fraudulent. Thirdly, it supports a lot of flora and fauna, lots of interesting plants and trees and birds, butterflies, dragonflies etc. a and will be shameful to destroy that by building another condo for mainland purchase. I am sure if checked there might be some species which are rare but can be found here. We need green spaces for kids and dogs and people to enjoy and although DB is green, there are not many spaces as such which have not been built upon in the name of progress. Also, as this area is very windy due to the Venturi effect, it will be dangerous to the residents already living in the vicinty if there is major construction due to the risk specially during typhoons.

I do hope our opposal to this is taken into consideration.

就規劃申請/復核提出意見 Making Connection Flamming Application / Perfor

參考編號

151209-202043-56389 Reference Number:

提交限期

09/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間

09/12/2016 20:20:43 Date and time of submission:

有關的規劃申請編號

Y/I-DB/2 The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 先生 Mr. MURALI KRISHN

Name of person making this comment:

AN

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I DO NOT support this application by HKR. HKR has not addressed the concerns of the resident s of discovery bay as the current infrastructure is limited and does not allow for an increase in hi gh-end properties.

HKR has not addressed the concerns raised by me in the previous submission, a copy of which y ou already have. It is for the lands department to make sure that the responses by HKR are vette d, specially in its calculation of the number of residents per flat. Please ask HKR to release that i information on how they arrived at that number without doing a door to door survey.

In the end, do not let big money win by deceit.



115)

就規劃申請/糭核提出意見 Mistans Com vonta frondage paratist / 1997 /

參考編號

161209-210831-69639 Reference Number:

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

09/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 21:08:31

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

夫人 Mrs. JENN ATEPOLIK

HINE

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

I'M OPPOSED TO THE REZONING OF AREA 6f FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

1) The impact of construction vehicles has not been taken into consideration by the applicant. T he existing passageway is too narrow for construction vehicles to use at the same time as existin g buses, golf carts and pedestrians and an increase will make the passageway unsafe. It will also potentially block access for emergency services as the road is too narrow for such an increase of traffic.

2) The applicant has provided insufficient plans for sewage treatment of the buildings with a sug gestion that the sewage will be deposited next to the ferry pier and DBs private beach where resi dents and visitors it use for recreational purposes. The smell plus an increase in bacterial content will have detrimental effects on health and the environment of DB.

Overall the plan does not seem well thought through with little realistic traffic assessment plus i impact studies being completed before the said application.

I strongly object to the proposed application and suggest that the Town Planning Board have a l ook at as the reality of the suggested course of work

Sincerely,

Jennifer Atepolikhine

說規劃申請/覆核提出意見 Mis King Comment on Florening Applies Co. / Feview

參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-222054-48804

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

30/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 22:20:54

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

小姐 Miss Kung Wing Chi

Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

希望可盡快開展工程,增加就業以及美化環境

参考編號

Reference Number:

161209-101813-66554

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

30/12/2016

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

09/12/2016 10:18:13

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. 馬先生

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

同意是項改善建設,希望儘快通過落實

就提劃申請/覆该提出意見 Molding Communities the sing Applicate / Howless

参考編號

Reference Number.

提交限期 30/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 09/12/2016 14:28:33 Date and time of submission:

有關的規劃申請編號 水原 20.2

河南印が成画中間 編動 Y/I-DB/2
The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

I am an owner of a residential flat in Parkvale Village, Discovery Bay, the village adjacent to Ar ea 6f, through which HKR proposes to access Area 6f. I have lived in Discovery Bay for more t han 30 years and seen its considerable growth and the benefits which have arisen from this grow th. Although I think it is appropriate to further develop Discovery Bay, I believe that HKR's plans to build two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey building are very ill judged and that the Town Planning Board should reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

In its covering letter to its submission of its first submission of Further Information, HKR noted

n'', although it did not address at all, or very inadequately, the comments which I and others sub mitted in April 2016. Furthermore, although many comments were submitted by the public in response to HKR's first submission of Further Information, its latest submission of Further Information is only a response to government departmental comments and fails to respond to, or even a cknowledge, the comments submitted by the public. It also appears that government department s are not familiar with many of the objections submitted by the public as they have not raised questions about many of these objections. This is very disappointing in what is supposed to be a pu

that "We have also reviewed the public comments received during notification of the applicatio

HKR's application to rezone Area 6f. Before HKR's application to change the use of Area 6f can be approved, I believe it still needs to address a number of serious defects in its application.

blic consultation. Nevertheless, I still hope that the TPB's secretariat will adequately inform gov ernment departments and members of the TPB of the serious objections raised by the public to

1. Access to Area 6f – The Traffic Impact Assessment focuses on the impact of the proposed increase in the population on traffic into and out of DB. It does not mention the impact of construction traffic on the Cheung Tung Road leading to DB or on roads within DB, nor does it focus on the impact of increased traffic on Parkvale Drive, an extension of which will provide access to the

e site, nor on the potential impact on emergency vehicle access. Parkvale Drive is narrow and two large vehicles can only pass with difficulty. There are already several road wide cracks in the a sphalt across several parts of the metalled part of the Drive. The narrow section of Parkvale Drive outside the three residential buildings, from where HKR proposes to build the extension to Parkvale Drive to provide access to Area 6f and along which all traffic to the site will have to pass,

is a pedestrian pavement, part of which directly abuts Woodbury Court. Its surface is only pavin g block. It is wholly unsuited to be used for construction traffic and increased use by buses to ser

l,

- ve the proposed development. Doing so would not only destroy the surface but create serious satety concerns and give rise to emergency services not being able to reach the existing residential units and the site. HKR should be required to assess alternative access to the site via Discovery Valley Road.
- 2. HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to parts of Parkvale Drive as a "Passageway". In Annex E of its first submission of Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f", despite the fact that the owners of Parkvale Village have borne the costs of maintaining these "Passageways" for the past 28 years. HKR's assertion is its unilateral interpretation of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village. As there may be other interpretations, HKR should be required to present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- 3. Scwage The proposed development would be reliant on an on-site sewage treatment plant, e ven though HKR's own consultants note that having an on-site sewage treatment plant is not pre ferred, as having numerous sewage treatment works in the area is considered to be ineffective an d could cause an offensive smell and be a health hazard. Furthermore, although HKR states in it s second submission of Further Information that the sewage would be disposed of through a grav ity sewage pipe into the sea near the Discovery Bay pier and bathing beach, it also states that "D uring the subsequent detailed design, it is recommended to conduct further analysis to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging the treated effluent into the nullah and box culvert directly". Surely, particularly given the efforts made by government o ver past years to prevent sewage being discharged into the harbour, it is not acceptable for sewa ge to be discharged through an open nullah, which passes directly beneath the balconies of a resi dential building, into the sea close to a pier and a public bathing beach. Furthermore, HKR shoul d be required to confirm that the capital and operating costs of the sewage disposal works should be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed de velopments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay, whose sewage is disposed on through the government STW in Siu Ho Wan Wat
- 4. Water treatment and fresh water supply HKR proposes to supply private water using the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir, which ceased to provide fresh water to DB residents many years ago, and building a private water treatment works to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b. This appears to be a ver y expensive alternative. HKR should be required to confirm that the capital and operating costs arising from adopting this alternative will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.
- 5. Other utilities No mention is made in the application of how other utilities, including LPG s upply, telephone, TV, street lighting and especially electricity supply, will be provided and of the effect on the residents of Parkvale Village, through which these utilities will have to pass.
- 6. Slope safety The site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down to wards Crystal and Coral Courts. The application does not address the risk of slope failure above these buildings arising from the steep slope and the proposal to construct two high rise buildings of 21,600 m2 of gross floor area on a platform formed to accommodate only 170 m2 of gross floor area.
- 7. Population In its application HKR noted that the population of Discovery Bay is 15,000. In response to comments made, HKR now admits the population of Discovery Bay is 19,585. How can a developer not know the population of its major development, especially when the government has limited the population to 25,000 in the current approved OZP? The sum of the proposed populations of Areas 6f and 10b is 4,003. Without any other increase, the population of Discove

5375

ry Bay would therefore be 23,588, being only 1,412 less than the permitted maximum. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by government to demonstrate that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with the other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. If HKR is allowed to breach the limit of 25,000, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000.

I believe that the Town Planning Board should not approve HKR's application due to these deficiencies in its application.

說規劃申請/覆核提出意見 Making Comment on Planning Application / Review 參考編號

Reference Number:

161209-142833-78767

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

30/12/2016

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates: Y/I-DB/2

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Simon Minshall

聯絡人

Contact Person

Simon Minshall

通訊地址 Postal Address:

電話號碼

Tel No.:

傳真號碼

Fax No.:

電郵地址

E-mail address:



說規劃申請/複核提出意見 Marchag Comment on Planning A publishing / Little / Little /

參考編號 161209-162714-66401

Reference Number:

提交限期 09/12/2016 Deadline for submission:

提交日期及時間 09/12/2016 16:27:14

Date and time of submission:

有關的規劃申請編號 Y/I-DB/2 The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

女十 Ms. Natalia Veldman Name of person making this comment:

意見詳情 Details of the Comment:

The Secretariat Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices 333 Java Road, North Point (Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HK R"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned applica tion on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held un

der the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of eit

- her the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant t o Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right a nd liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with t he proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The e applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to thi s unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.

- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to a the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying in frastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. There has been no satisfactory explanation of how provision of potable water and handling of sewerage will be addressed. The existing infrastructure cannot support this deviation from initial master plan.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still uns atisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towe rs are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

1

tpbpa

新件者: 备件日期: 收件者: 主旨:

船件:

08日12月2016年星期四 14.05

G W Lovegrove; tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

RE: Objection Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/3 TPB YI-DB2 Area 6f R3 Undivided Shares.pdf

5377

Excellent as always. One of the things that amazed me in the latest round was the dismissive attitude that HKR took to the government comments, especially those from WSD and EPD but also those that you highlight.

Here is a piece on an issue that I have been working on. I have a similar one for 10b.

Andrew

From: G W Lovegrove [mailto:

Sent: December 8, 2016 1:45 PM

To: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Subject: Objection Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/3

1 attach my objection concerning Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/3; Area 10b, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay Objection to the Submission by the Applicant dated 26.10.2016 For Optimising Land Uses at Area 10b, Discovery Bay.

G W Lovegrove

tpbpd

主语:

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: Tish Hayward 12日12月2016年至第一 13.22 phpd@pland gov.hk

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f

5378

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f

I have read the attached submission from the PENINSULA OWNERS COMMITTEE for 10b (PARKVALE OWNERS COMMITTEE for 6f) and I wish to register my objection with the TFR accordingly

Kind Regards,

Tish Hayward

HABITAT PROPERTY LTD

www.habitat-property.com



The information contained in this communication is confidential and may be legally privileged. It is interided solely to the violent to the violent of the violent of the violent of the violent of the contents of this information is strictly prohibited and may be unlawful.

Shelagh Byron 10日 12月2016年星期六 9:16 tpbpd@pland.gov.lik Discovery Bay

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

5379

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2
Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Observing to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this

development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly r	gate
and addressed in the submission.	

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos, mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review		the
application for Area 6f should be withdrawn. Date 9/12/16	5379	
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:shelagh Byron		
Correspondence Address:		

Sent from my iPhone

tpbpd

寄件者:

Rob Craig

寄件日期: 收件者; 10日12月2016年星期六 0:06

收件者: 主旨: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk 6f discovery bay

Dear sir,

Please accept this as my objection to the rezoning and development of the above area. The proposal is insufficient in scope and does not address issues with regards to direct access during the construction phase and then afterwards with the congestion that will ensue. Also, I understand that HKRI does not have approval for the significant increase in water and sewage requirements which will be a disaster. DB already has recurring water and sewage breakages as the system is antiquated.

5360

Sincerely, Rob Craig

Sent from my iPhone

好件者:Rob Craig and Vera Giovannitti寄件日期:10日12月2016年星期六 0:02收件者:tybpd@pland.gov.hk

tphpd@pland.gov.hk
Area 6f Discovery Bay proposed development

5331

Dear Sir/Madam

主旨:

Please accept this letter as our objection to the proposed development in Discovery Bay for the many reasons pointed out by our VOC at Parkvale Village - we are residents there. As well as, our own opinion that this community cannot sustain any more development until HKR repairs the many other infrastructure problems from burst water pipes affecting flushing water - twice this year alone, and traffic problems, etc.

Sincerely,

Vera Giovannitti



寄件日期: 收件書:

丰富:

09日12月2016年星期五 23:40 tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

objection to the Development of Area 6f in DB

5382

Dear Sirs.

1, Low Siok Eng of is still very concerned that TPD and HKRI is still not taking any notice to our owners's concern and objections to the above development.

For the third time, in addition to what I have submitted before, I would like to submit my objections and concerns to you again.

- 1) Safety Issue of using the existing steep slope road up to Parkvale by big heavy cement mixers and truck carrying dangerous building materials has still been ignore by TPD and HKR1. Should there be any road accidents due to your approval of using the steep slope road during the development stage, who will be responsible? HKRI? TPD?
- 2) Sewage issue: I object to the plan for any "treated sewage" to be dumped into Discovery Bay water next to the ferry pier. This is absolutely not allowed because of the close proximity to residential area and where people lives. Also, there are many restaurants, people swimming in the next bay, children and elderly around the pier... This is the most unhealthy solution to sewage issue however well the treatment you may claim to be... there will also be a small and bacteria hovering around.

Again, who will be responsible in the future should there is any health problems?

3) Road maintenance of Parkvale road .. should be the responsibility of HKRI ..

These are additional concerns to my previous submission.

Unless and until all of the above issues plus those already submitted before are satisfactory addressed, I would like to hold TPB & HKRI responsible should TPB & HKRI choose to ignore the DB residents' concern and objections.

寄件日期:

收件者:

主旨:

09[112] H2016年 提明点 23:28 Town Planning Board Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f - OBJECTION

5383

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f - OBJECTION

With my husband, I am owner of I

Clearly the 6f development will be negative for the DB lifestyle.

Only the appearance of these two monsters on the hillside would take away a part of the resort feel, and consequently an important part of the famous DB lifestyle lMy apartment loses part of my open, very green view of the hillside, where the two towers will stand. The property is tenanted and the main attractions is the peace relaxing we still experience. There have been several tenants over the years and I can say with confidence, that their Hong Kong experience had been "enhanced" (to use HKR's own word from Sound Developments for a Better Community) by DB as it is. I know that this has no value for this generation of developer, but it should have meaning for the TPB.

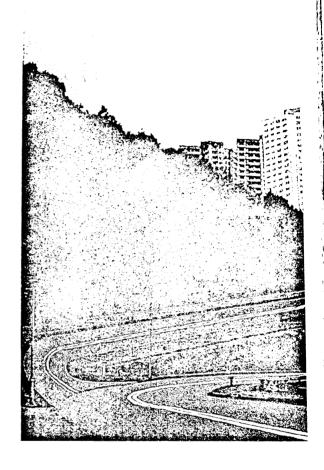
In the image on the opening page of your website the TPB captures the balance that must preserve, not only in Discovery Bay, but for Hong Kong in general. The hillside you are carefully preserving in your image is very much like the one the developer wants to take away.:





I fear that many do not understand why Hong Kong needs Discovery Bay. It does not satisfy everyone but it satisfies enough people to maintain its popularity. It will not have enough advantages to maintain its popularity if the special lifestyle is wrecked. It may have been a happy coincidence that the original concept of resort for weekends and short holidays grew to be what it is now. Discovery Bay grew to be what it is because there was a demand for a certain type of lifestyle close to Central. The wishes of the developer and the recognition by town planners coincided and the demand was satisfied. WIN.WIN.WIN.

The TPB may need to save HKR from itself. "Build and they will come", does not always work. The hotel makes very little profit and there are many offices and shops at the North Plaza still unoccupied. Sales of Positano were slow and these certainly do not satisfy the need for low cost housing, which is a priority for the TPB. Discovery Bay does not make sense to most Hong Kongers (car lovers for example) but for those that like it, it makes a lot of sense. If the essence of the well known "DB lifestyle" is lost, the supply may well exceed demand, as seems to be the case in North Plaza area, and house prices may well be relatively low but the important niche lifestyle market would have been lost. The proportion of homes with a pleasant open views of the sea or green hillsides will be much reduced, and the Plazas will be overcrowded.



I cannot claim to have read through all the material submitted by HKR in their application, but have read quickly through the objections of the PARKVALE VOC (Ken Bradley) and the PENINSULA VOC (Trevor Jarrett) and the remarkable submissions of Thomas Gebauer, Peter Crush, Andrew Burns, Gepff Lovegrove and others. They are technical and legalistic and look like they will stop this 6f and the 10b project dead, without my relatively subjective reasoning above.

There is one technical point coming from the PARKVALE VOC submission which is even more important for Hillgrove Village:

..... discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 cu ms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst

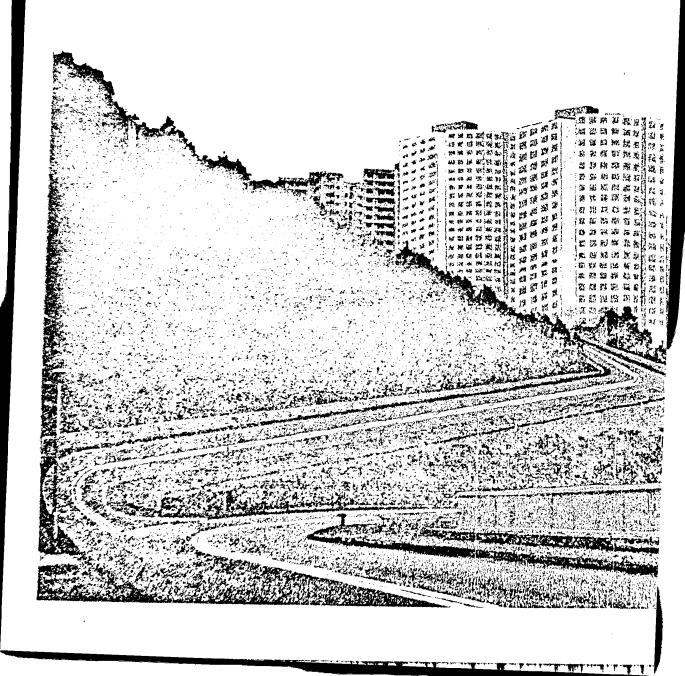
Whatever evacuation of sewage route, it presumably goes into the on large scale, and has been pointed out it is too close to the public in relatively contained areas of sea.

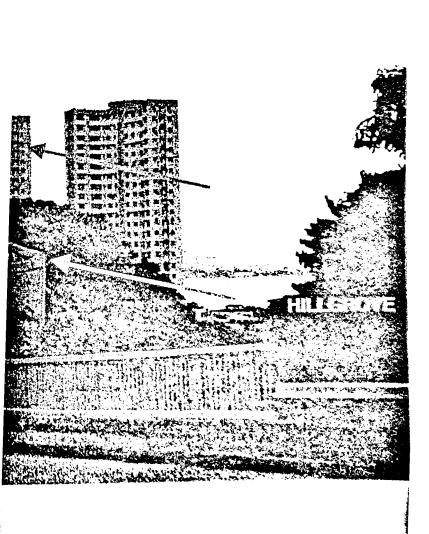
New owners will not enjoy the Discovery Bay that we know. This is a bad plan. It puts a burden on the infrastructure, which was never designed. The traffic around Hillgrove will be massively increased. The relatively quite "residential road", will become a "main road" and the turn off to the "golf course" will become a "busy junctions". There are accidents now, but they are likely to be more. HKR are not controlling the entry of vehicles as the should now. We should be reducing not increasing traffic.

Iza Rainbow OWNER

5383°







TO DE TO THE THE STATE OF THE S

HIE BALL

器件日期:

收件者:

丰旨:

附件:

(9)日12月2016年至1月五 23:02 Town Planning Board

Town Planning Board
Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area of - OBJECTION FROM HILLGROVE VOC
6F 3.pdf

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f - OBJECTION

5384

Dear Sirs

Of 4th December, I was elected as Chairman of Hillgrove Village by a quorate Owners Meeting (20% of the owners). This for the third time

For the first and second round of consultations the VOC unanimously agree that I should write a submission on behalf of the VOC to object to both 6f, which effects Hillgrove directly, and 10b, which effects Hillgrove indirectly.

The VOC are expecting me to object to the developments in the 3rd Consultation. I can be completely confident that the VOC is in line with the views (as far as we can tell) of ALL OWNERS OF HILLGROVE In my step down speech, I made it very clear to owners that the VOC had been consistent in objecting to the developments. The VOC had done its best to communicate throughout the process so far. The owners we contact regularly (around 30%) are well informed, far more than they have through HKR and their appointed management company DBMSL, which is limited to process to material

schedule of events, all presented as if it is

a fait accompli

and a

With each round of consultation, the level of awareness of the shortcomings of the projects from the Hillgrove owners point of view, become more apparent. A few owners, like myself take a deep interest in the details studied and presented by others. We are in close contact with PARKVALE VILAGE AND one of our VOC members is also a member of the

PARK VALE

VOC. We

are well acquainted with all there submissions. They have our unanimous endorsement.

According to the recent Village Owners Meeting, we have 100% support for this OBJECTION. There is no dissent.

We have referred to and support the numerous submissions made by the following owners and I will not attempt to list the powerful points they make.

PARKVALE VOC

Ken Bradley Trevor Jarrett

PENINSULA VOC

TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT Peter Crush LEGAL AND TECHNICAL Geoff Lovegrove

LEGAL AND TECHNICAL Andrew Burns

ENVIRONMENTAL ETC Thomas Gebauer

I thank the TPB for noting that two adjacent villages of HILLGROVE and PARKVALE, opposite sides of Discovery Valley Road are solidly against the 6f development. From what I know any submission, in support should be rare and is likely due to pecuniary reasons or relationship to the developer, which of course would be their right

on behalf of the Hillgrove Village Owners Committee

ED RAINBOW



CHAIRMAN HILLGROVE VILLAGE

COC COMMITTEE MEMBER

VOC MEMBER PENINSULA VILLAGE

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUB COMMITTEE (OF THE COC)

Signed attachment

5384

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f - OBJECTION

Dear Sirs

On 24th December, I was elected as Chairman of Hillgrove Village by a quorate Owners Meeting (20% of the owners). This was forthe third time, with over 20% of owners present (Quorum is 20%)

For the first and second round of consultations, the Hillgrove VOC unanimously agreed that I should write a submission on behalf ofthe VOC to object to both the 6f, which effects Hillgrove directly, and the 10b developments, which effects Hillgrove indirectly.

The VOC have asked me to object again to the developments in the 3rd Consultation.

I can be completely confident that the VOC is in line with the views (as far as we can tell) of EVERY OWNERS OF HILLGROVE, since In my step down speech, prior to the election. I made it very clear to owners that the VOC had been consistent in objecting to the developments, thus far. The VOC has done its best to communicate the issues throughout the process to the owners we contact regularly (around 30%). These owners are well informed, and can ask for more inforation. They have access to far more than they have through HKR and their appointed management company. DBMSL, which is limits itself to promotion material and a schedule of events, all presented as being in small owner interest and keepingthem informed

With each round of consultation, the level of awareness of the shortcomings of the projects from the Hillgrove owners point of view, becomes more apparent.

A few owners, like myself take a deep interest in the details studied and presented by others. We are in close contact with PARKVALE VILLAGE and one of our VOC members is also a member of the PARKVALE VOC.

Hillgrove is well acquainted with all the PARKVALE submissions and directly share some of its concerns.

According to the recent Village Owners Meeting, we appear to have 100% support from owners for this OBJECTION, there being no sign of dissent.

We have referred to, and endorse the submissions made by the following owners, and it seems pointless to extract and list the powerful points they make.

PARKVALE VOC

RK VALE VOC

PENINSULA VOC

Ken Bradley Trevor Jarrett

TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT Peter Crush

LEGAL AND TECHNICAL

Geoff Lovegrove

LEGAL AND TECHNICAL

Andrew Burns

ENVIRONMENTAL ETC

Thomas Gebauer

Please note that two adjacent villages of HILLGROVE and PARKVALE (opposite sides of Discovery Valley Road) are both solidly

against the 6f development with good reasons, as cited in the above submissions.

I would expect any person, from these two villages, submitting support, would be rare and likely due to pecuniary reasons (speculation on better valuations maybe) or a relationship to the developer, which of course is entirely their right.

On behalf of the Hillgrove Village Owners Committee:

ED RAINBOW

CHAIRMAN HILLGROVE VILLAGE COC COMMITTEE MEMBER

VOC MEMBER PENINSULA VILLAGE

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SUB COMMITTEE (OF THE COC)

ppppd

寄件者: 钻件日期:

Sally Contr ! 09日12月2016年呈刷五23.00

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

收件者: 主旨: 附件:

Discovery Bay Area 6f - Application No. Y/1 - DB/2

ATT00188.pdf; ATT00191.txt

Dear Sirs,

I wish to object to the planning application (as amended) filed by the developer in respect of the above area in Discovery Bay. The reasons for my objection are as summarised in the attached submissions from the Parkvale Village Owners' Committee.

Yours faithfully,

Timothy Conti



5385



Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f. Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Further Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- 2. HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- 3. Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.
 - Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
 - Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
 - Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
 - Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
 - Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
 - Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

In its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the

Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline No. 30B "Guidelines – for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land—use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HXR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to decide what is commercially sensitive (re ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to keep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the applicant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

- F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key element of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to pass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- I. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population celling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed. of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.



M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

Annex:

- 1. Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR
- It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April – June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- 3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing



together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

9. The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

B. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation, i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- 1. HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
- 2. Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

 A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health.

2. A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.

E. HKR's RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1
 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposal
 (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area 6f are
 not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for effluent standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Annex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- 5. EPD comments HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-optimal standalone STW within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summarise the EIAO implications of the proposed development". (i.e. Area 6f).
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet all of EPD's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

- c. Specific 4 HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?
- e. Specific S again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about ongoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8. EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of Sm between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- a. Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections 8, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale, continue to be ignored. e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-completion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.



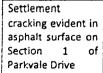


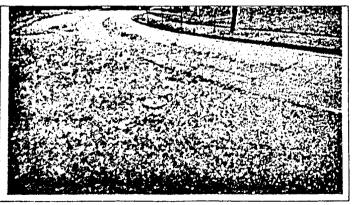


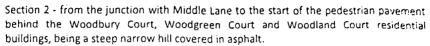


- 3. Paragraph 10.15 of the application notes that "The 476 units and 1,190 populations increase as a result of the proposal is very modest development intensities". In the context of Parkvale Village, we do not agree with this statement, as it is proposed that all traffic and people generated by the proposed development would have to pass through our currently peaceful village. Not only will the considerable construction traffic have to drive up a hill past the existing low rise flats in the village and then past the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, the significant increase in operational traffic, including the increase in the number of buses, required to service the proposed 476 flats, being nearly double the number of flats in the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, will cause ongoing noise, poor air quality and disturbance to the residents of Parkvale Village.
- 4. Parkvale Drive comprises three sections, being:

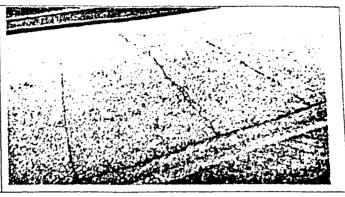
Section 1 - from Discovery Valley Road to the junction with Middle Lane, being a relatively narrow hill covered in asphalt, which is also the only means of access to Midvale Village.





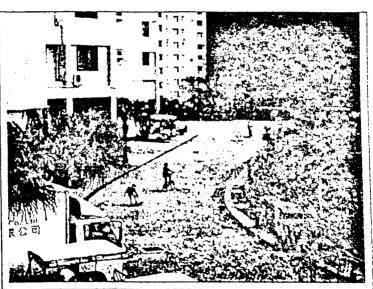


Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 2 of Parkvale Drive.



Section 3 – the "Passageway", as defined in the Parkvale Village Sub-DMC, providing access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, which is designed as a pedestrian pavement and made of paving blocks, not asphalt.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.
The far end of the pedestrian pavement is from where the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive will start.

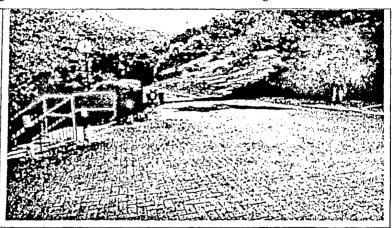


5. We noted in our previous comments that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuited as a means of access to Area 6f due to concerns regarding its state of repair and its width constraints and due to emergency vehicle access and safety concerns.

- 6. We are very surprised and concerned that no government department has asked about the suitability of Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and that HKR has not addressed our concerns in its Further Information.
- 7. State of Repair As the photographs above show, the state of repair of Parkvale Drive Is already poor. Furthermore, no section of Parkvale Drive was constructed to support heavy usage. In particular, Section 3 is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations, and therefore is only currently designed to cater for 20 tonne FS and operational loading. There is significant concern over the existing and visible damage and settlement that has resulted from the current usage of all three sections of Parkvale Drive, especially of Section 3, the pedestrian pavement section. The surface was not built to be able to sustain usage by heavy construction traffic, nor the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats, being almost twice that of the existing Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.

Settlement evident to 20 tonne rated paving resulting from current traffic loading at start of proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f.

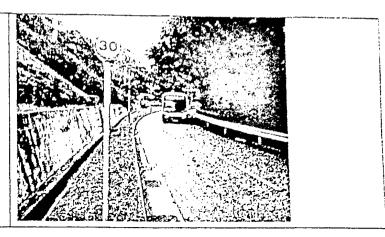


- 8. Although this is known by HKR, no mention of it is made in its application or Further Information.
- 9. The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvale Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale Village, but they do bear a share of these costs and the costs of maintaining all other such roads in Discovery Bay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 3 of Parkvale Drive are born by the owners of Parkvale Village as these sections only serve Parkvale Village. We are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and ongoing maintenance costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10. Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large vehicles. When residential shuttle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Drive, other small vans or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.



Section 1 of Parkvale Drive.

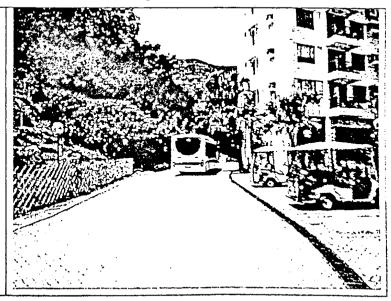
The view looking up the hill, illustrating the difficulty large vehicles have in passing one another.



- 11. When a residential shuttle bus enters the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive there is no ability for other vehicles to manoeuvre, especially while the bus turns in the cul-de-sac.
- 12. The corner of Woodbury Court is only 11 cm (see photograph below) from the edge of the Passageway. It seems unlikely that large equipment, such as earthmoving equipment, piling gear or tower crane segments, could safely transit this constricted area, if at all. In any event, there would be no safe place for pedestrians with such heavy equipment or construction vehicles passing.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.

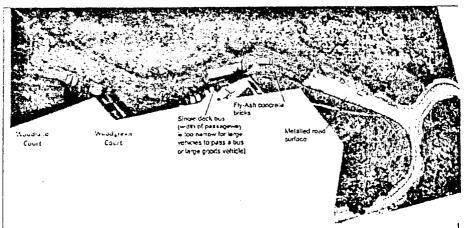
View of the rear of Woodbury Court. illustrating the narrowness of the pedestrian pavement, its lack of a carriageway to separate vehicles from pedestrians and the inability of vehicles to pass one another.



13. The considerable construction traffic will significantly exacerbate these problems, especially when a construction vehicle and a bus, or when two construction vehicles, are travelling in opposite directions along Parkvale Drive.



- 14. Emergency Access In the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.
- 15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.



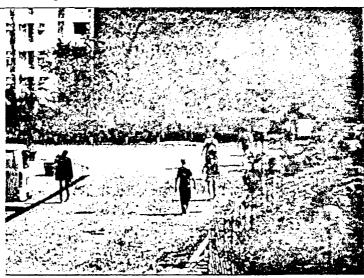
14,Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbies of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.



17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

Section 3 of
Parkvale Drive.
View of the
pedestrian
pavement
leading to the
start of the
proposed
extension of
Parkvale Drive
to Area 6f,
illustrating that
it is primarily a
pedestrian
thoroughfare.



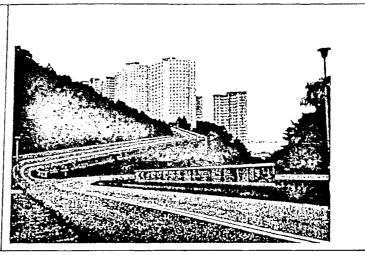
- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 5f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent haul road from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the potential traffic impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Valley Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

藥量者 《日子》即曰:"不謂謂其以爲己謂

that there are no impacts on the surrounding areas and that they will use the Parkvale Drive access. We consider this as totally unsatisfactory.

- 21. Furthermore, no Government Department has requested HKR to propose an alternative access, despite the concerns regarding using Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and the alternative access which we noted in our comments on the original application and in our comments on the HKR's first submission of Further Information.
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Valley Road would not require the use of any part of Parkvale Drive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.





G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- 1. All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is



environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red tides as well as concentrations of E. coli.

- 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 cu ms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 5. The consultants have not undertaken a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations, nor a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their approach to modelling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's guide to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this, the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub-optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. In paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G "Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will



only treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".

- 8. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.
- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the

gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE DB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As previously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas 6f and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. HKR has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area 6f (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment works and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b.
- This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

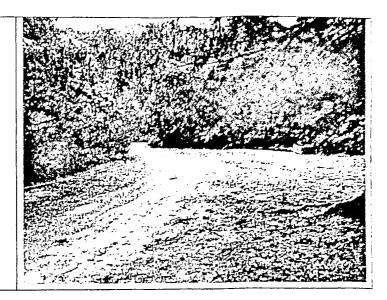
I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

- A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone, TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSD and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

- HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.
- J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT
- 1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.







- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR'S RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f".
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject HKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section Elabove.



L. PLANNING CONTROLS

- Pranning controls include the Master Plan, population ceiling of DB and the allocation of ungivided shares under the DB Deed of Mutual Covenant.
- 2. Regarding the Master Plan (MP), it was pointed out in comment 4402 submitted last July that, although it has been updated recently, it still does not match the current outline zoning plan (OZP) or the existing development on the Lot. Furthermore, in order to protect the interests of the current 8,300+ assigns of the developer, it is essential that the existing MP and OZP are aligned with the existing development on the Lot before any consideration of any proposal to amend the OZP. Otherwise, there is simply too much risk that the rights of the other owners of the Lot will be interfered with. This aspect appears to have been ignored by both HKR and the TPB.
- 3. With regard to population, it is clear that, with Areas 6f and 10b and other obviously planned developments, HKR is moving towards breaching the population ceiling of 25,000, which is the maximum as per the approved OZP, without going through the necessary government procedure. This latest submission completely ignores this point and only refers to population in the context of water supply.
- Furthermore, unfortunately it appears that relevant government departments have not considered our comments as there is no reference to this subject in the list of department comments.
- 5. HKR's original application noted that the current population of Discovery Bay is 15,000 and that the current approved OZP limits the population to 25,000. Subsequently the current population was amended 19,585 (as per the records of DB Services Management Limited, the property management company of DB and a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR). There is no information provided which would provide assurances about the population figure quoted by HKR. This is information in respect of the method of collection, management of the data and whether it is audited to ensure its reliability. Population figures are a vital element of planning for, and control of, development. It is essential that the population figures quoted and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of interest here since HKR is using figures provided by its wholly owned subsidiary. The TPB is requested to address this serious issue before processing any further applications of any kind in respect of DB.
- 6. The difference between the maximum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas 6f and 10b is only 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted last July which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7.0E. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and Lands Department is ignoring what HKR is doing.



- 8. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by Government to demonstrate, in a fully accountable manner, that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. This should include an accurate count of the existing population using an independent collection method and the expected population of areas for which HKR seeks approval to develop before the Section 12A applications in respect Areas 6f and 10b are considered any further.
- 9. It is clear that the TPB is in danger of being persuaded by this incremental approach, using population figures which are not independent of HKR, to considering projects, especially given the very small population difference of 1,412 mentioned above, to indirectly allow a breaching of the 25,000 population ceiling. There is an urgent need by government to address this issue. Otherwise, in the future, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000. In view of the serious nature of this issue, these comments will again be sent to both the Director of Audit and the Discovery Bay District Councillor for their action. In addition this submission will also be sent to the Ombudsman, as it is clear the administrative processes of the TPB and the Lands Department are either incapable of handling this aspect or just negligent.
- 10. The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which HKR is well aware of from the efforts of a DB owner over the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much correspondence between the owner, HKR and Lands Department and presentations to VOCs and the City Owners Committee (COC). Furthermore, this subject is covered in comment number 4402 submitted last July to the TPB and the Lands Department has asked HKR to prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development of Area 6f. HKR has replied to the Lands Department by requesting the information to be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11. The final determinant of the ultimate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime in which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: 56,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2,150 to Clubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. 55,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12. Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- 13. The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TP8 that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 16. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area 6f and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

- The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:
- 3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":
 - a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
 - b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
 - c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
 - d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area 6f without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for



heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure B.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure B.2. This figure Includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. i.e. the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC montage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- 6. The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorly lit.
 - b. Figure 8.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VOC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure B.10 view from Lookout these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.
 - d. Figure 8.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.



e. Figure 8.14 view from the D-Deck – why show this when there should be images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted, such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland.

法制 排 摄

- f. Figure B.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no Images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:
	9 December 2016

Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.

Parkvale Village Owners Committee Chairman



Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

智学申請編號 Y/L-DB-2 而只作指示用途的擬議發展計劃的极話發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative

Development Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/I-DB/2

因應於 2016年 10月 27日接獲的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27.10 2016

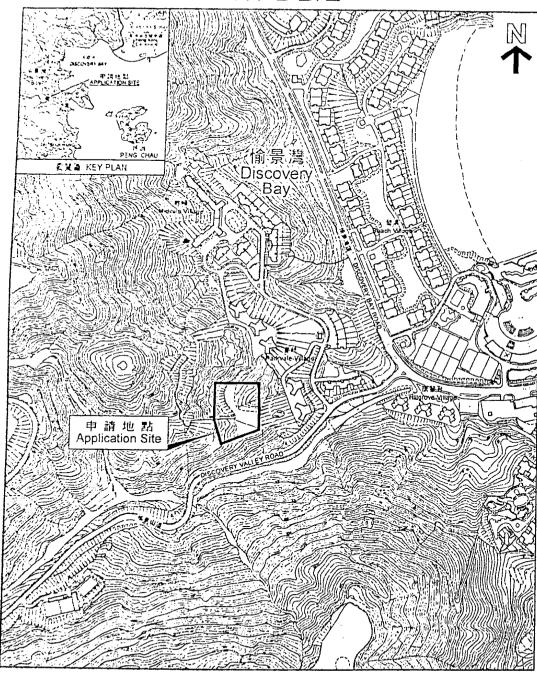
(a)		Y/1-DB/2			
(5)	Application no 實置之類別	偷景灣第 6f 區丈量約份第 352 約地段第 385 號餘段及增批			
(-1	Location/Address				
	Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext. (Part) in D D. 352, Discov				
70)	地盤遊博				
()	Site area	約 About 7,623 平方米 m²			
(J)	圖則	偷景灣分區計劃大網核准圖編號 S/I-DB/4			
<u></u>	Plan	Approved Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan No S/I-DB/4			
(e)	地帶	「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」			
<u></u>	Zoning	"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)"			
(1)	擬議修訂	节改劃為「住			
	Proposed	笔(丙類)12」地帶			
1	Amendment(s)	To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses			
		annotated "Staff Quarters (5)" to "Residential (Group C) 12"			
(g)	總樓面面攢	-	平方米	地積比率 Plot ratio	
	及/或地積比率	住用 Domestic	約 About	约 About	
	Total floor area	L/11 Domestic	21,600	2.83	
	and/or plot ratio	非住用 Non-domestic	-		
(h)	幢數	住用 Domestic	2		
1117	No. of block	非住用 Non-domestic			
	, to or block	综合用途 Composite -			
-	7.4年代 4年 11年 11年 12年				
(5) 是张的高及(《政场			65 米 m 120 米(主水平基準以上)mPD		
ĺ	實用樓面空間計算)		18 層 storey(s		
	/ F7 mu	非住用 Non-domestic	+ m	2/	
	層數	7, 52,12	- 米(主水平基準以上)mPD - 層 storey(s)		
	Building height (measured to the				
İ	highest usable floor	综合用途 Composite - 米 m			
	space)/	great asacto recor		米(主水平基準以上)mPD	
1	No. of storeys	- 屬 storey(s)			
(j)	上蓋面積				
	Site coverage	. 约 About 30 %			
	單位數目	476 住宅單位 Flats			
1	No. of units	110 Tr O-F III - 1100			
(1)	休憩用地	木憩用地 TAL Private 不少於 Not less than		than 1,190 平	
1	Open Space			m²	
Company Robbinson				mm	
(m)	停車位及上落	序車位及上落 高陽夫球車停泊位(申請人未有提供停泊位數目)Golf cart parkin			
,	客貨車位數目				
1	No. of parking (维修車輛上落客貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目) spaces and loading (vehicles loading/unloading space (number of loading/unloading			(目) Servicing	
i				oading space not	
		provided by applicant)			
	禁資料是為方便市民		主使用主的向姐友又	A PARALA	

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Plaining Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies of discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

الأردائيلات وجرائي فالمعطفا يتكا فتحصيرها



Y/I-DB/2





申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

備註 Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日,申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的發展 總網藍圖、截視圖、圍境設計總圖、環境影響評估、規劃報告、排水、排污及供水研究、 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公契的摘錄圖則。

On 27.10 2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant.

PVOC;

Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

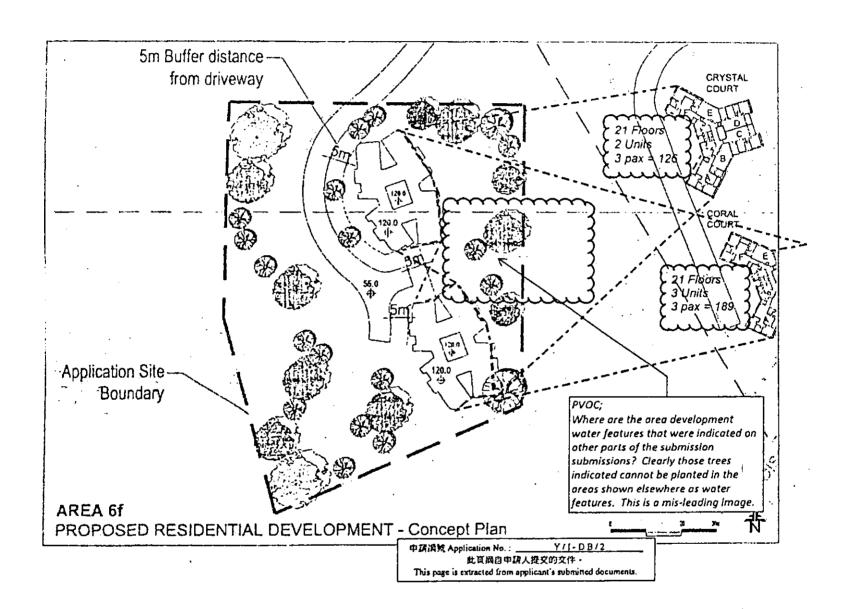
PVOC;

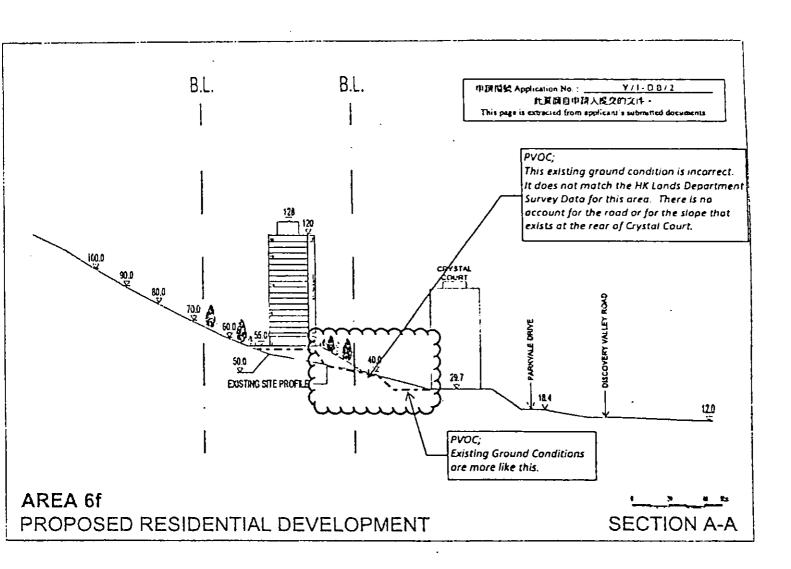
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and are not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

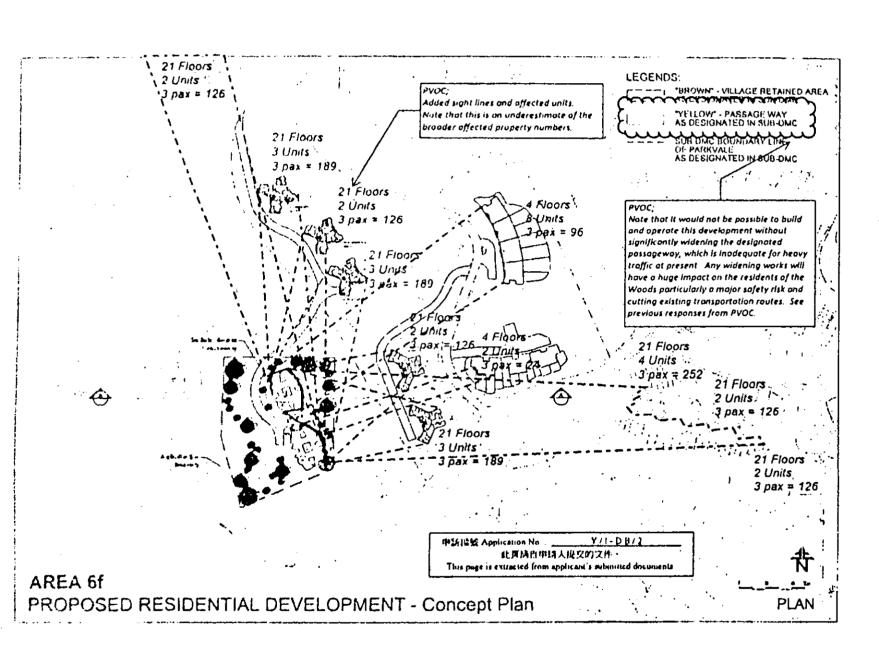
Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

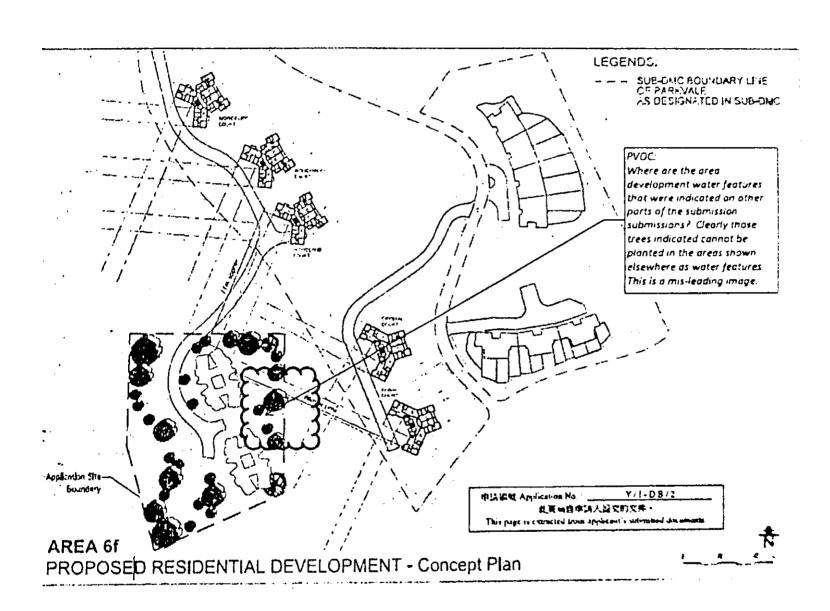
有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員 會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

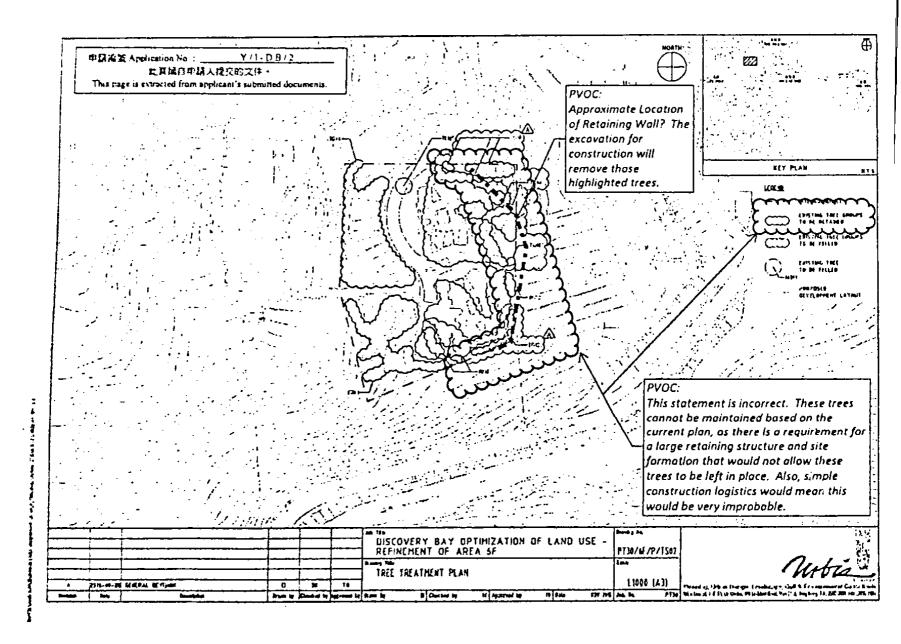
The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

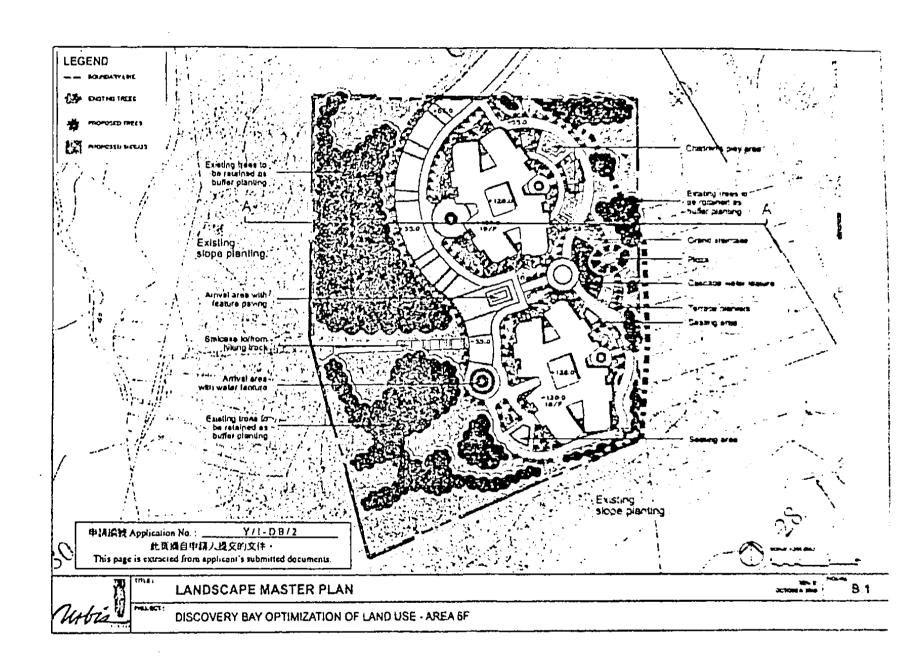








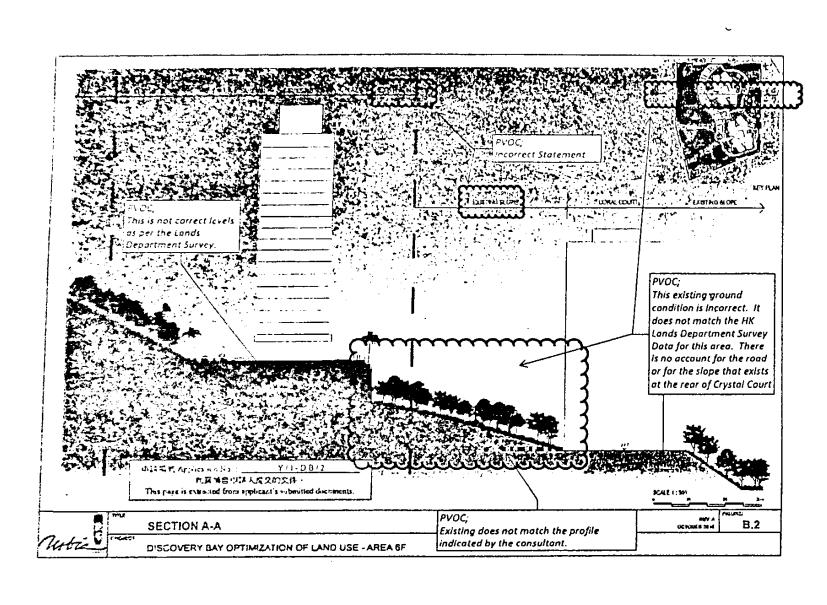


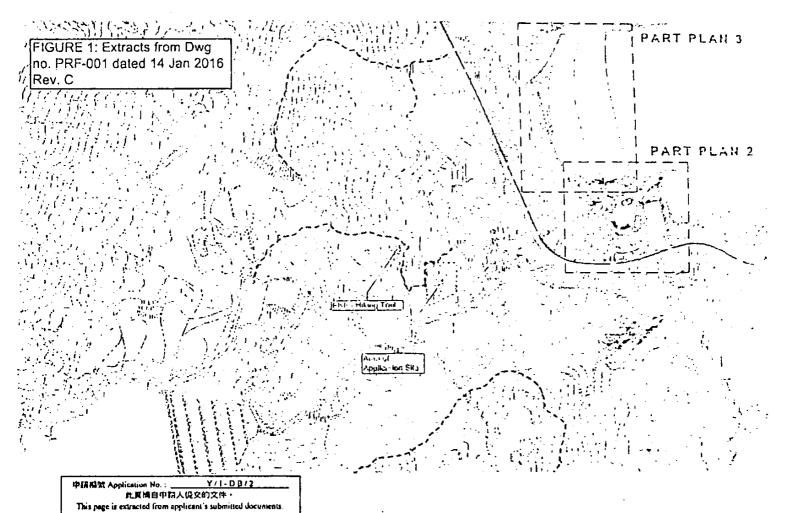


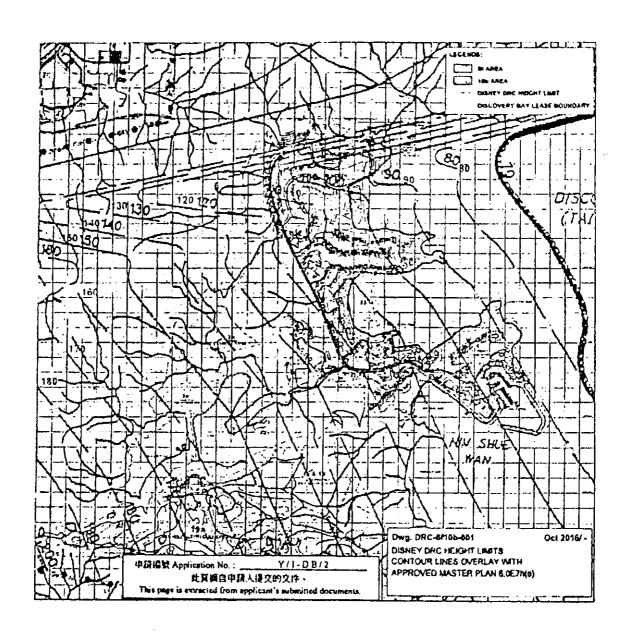


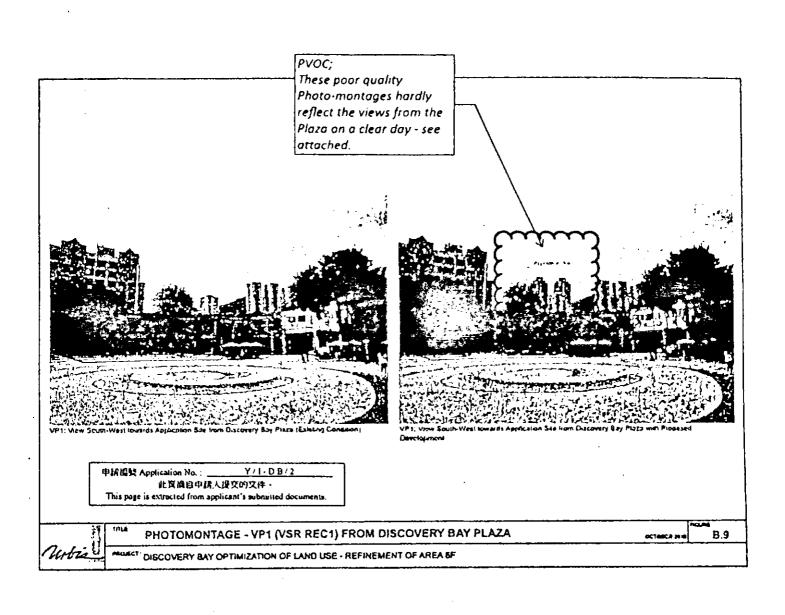
A STATE OF THE STA

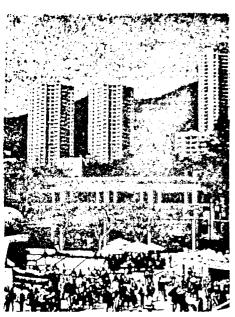


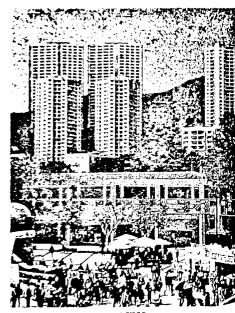










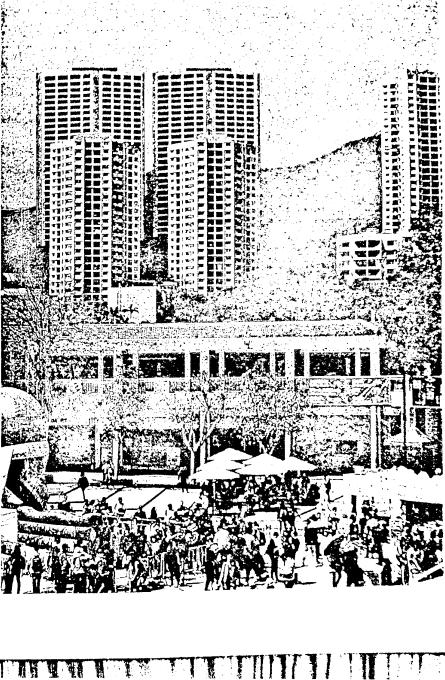


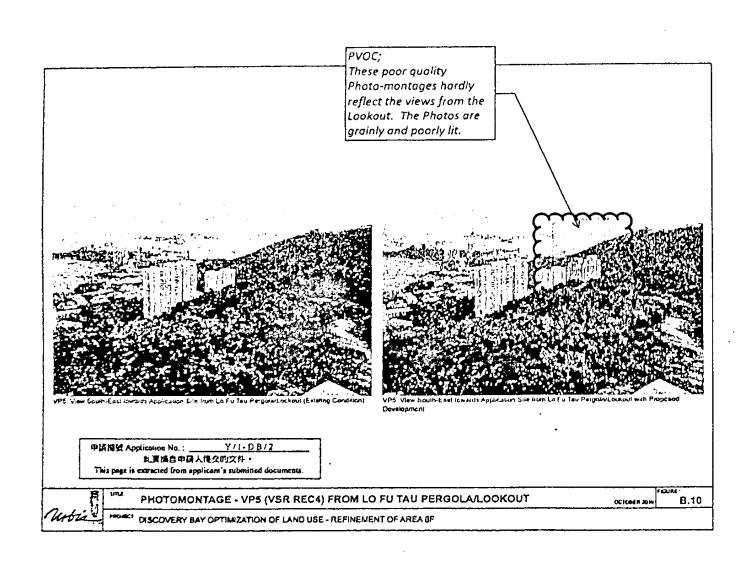
YOC comments on

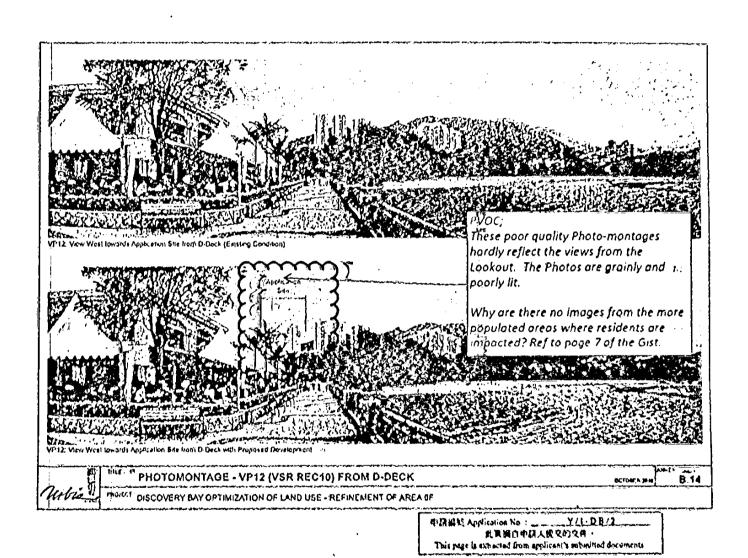
A.FTE

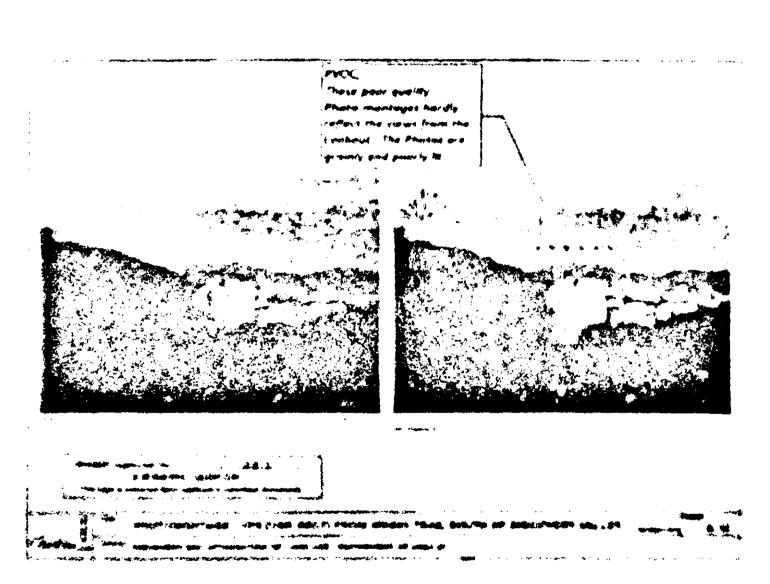
HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA

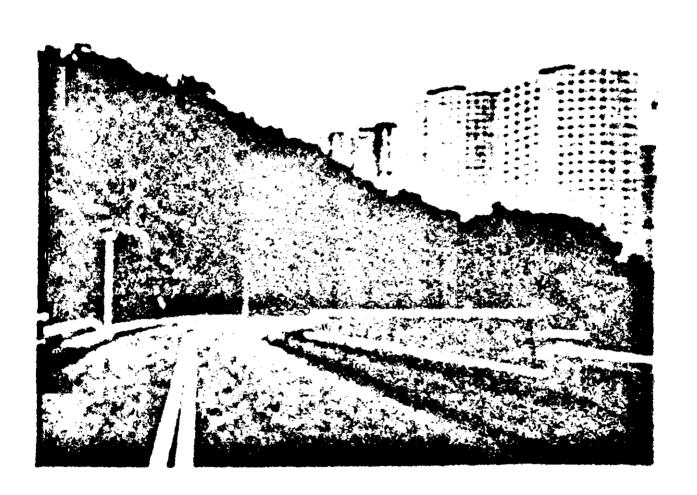


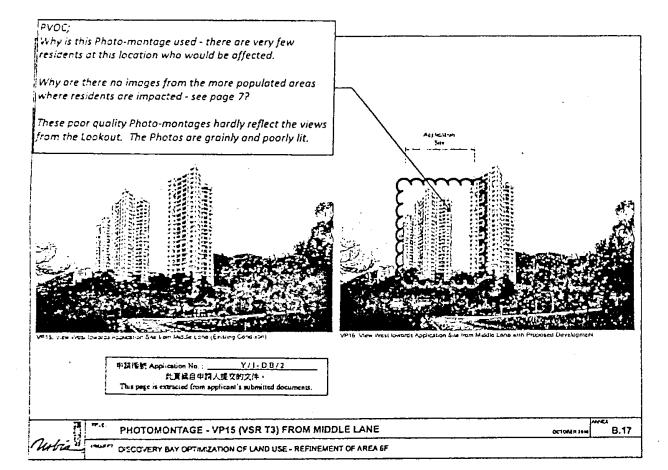






VOC comments on MNRs 56 Planning Proposal Fig. 1.2.1 - AFTER IMPRESSION FROM DISCOST RT BAY SALLES





申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

與申請地點屬相同地帶的先前申請 Previous Applications Relating to the Application Site with the Same Zoning(s)

申討编號	擬識用途/發展	城市規劃委員會的決定(日期)	
Application No.	Proposed Use/Development	Decision of	
		Town Planning Board (Date)	
Nil			

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供·對於所職資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責·若有任何疑問·應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

申請编號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

中請人提交的圖則、繪圖及報告實 Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文 <u>Chinese</u>	英文 <u>English</u>
質則及繪图 Plans and Drawings		
總屬發展藍閱/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)		\square
楼宇位置圖 Block plan(s)		☐ MISSING
複字平配圖 Floor plan(s)		□ MISSING
裁視圖 Sectional plan(s)		\square
立規圖 Elevation(s)		☐ MISSING
顯示擬議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed		☑
development		
画境設計總圖/團境設計圖 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)		\square
[PVOC:]ify)		\square
There are many concerns here, that have p捣錄圖則 Extract Plans of Public	-	
been previously raised to the Board, over		
safety to pedestrians and the inadequate longterm solution for traffic - these	-	
questions have not been addressed.		
規劃研究 Planning studies		\square
環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		\square
Environmental impact assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)		
就車輛的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)		MISSING
就行人的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians)	~~~~	MISSING
民姓科學評估 Visual impact assessment	mighi	WASSING
保証影響評估 Visual impact assessment 景觀影響評估 Landscape impact assessment 樹木調査 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages	\mathcal{M}_{\square}	MISSING
樹木調查 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages		☐ MISSING
土力影響評估 Geotechnical impact ass assessment, why has this not been		☐ MISSING
排水影駁評估 Drainage impact assess provided for the sensitive receivers?		☐ MISSING
排污影響評估 Sewerage impact assessment	~~ ~	MISSING
国簽評估 Risk Assessment		□ MISSING
其他 (調註明) Uthers (please specify)	mym	سپہن
排水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply	-	•
水質技術報告 Technical PVOC; The Risk to the public is a		
同海岬西黎目 Personse major concern for this development /		
and has not been addressed in any form - please refer to the previous	-	
PVOC submissions that attached.		
有舞者終為為方便市民大眾会將而提供。對於所隸資料在他用上的問題及立義上的成果。	(成市組創)	5島會掷不

有為資料是為方便市民大眾多考而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異,城市規劃委員會概不 負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

tebed

寄件者:

gong yuyao [

寄件日期:

09日12月2016年星期五22:36

收件者:

耐件:

主旨:

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Objection to Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 - Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D.352, Discovery Bay

Objection Letter to Section 12A Application No. Y-I - DB-2 (1).jpg; Objection Letter to Section 12A Application No. Y-I - DB-2 (2).jpg

5386

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am a Discovery Bay resident and please see attached my objection letter to the Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 for Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D.352, Discovery Bay.

Thank you.

Kind regards, Yuyao



The Secretarial
Town Planning Board
The North Point Government Offices
The North Point Government Offices
The Stave Road: North Point
(Via cinail: Tphind@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

3 Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

Trefer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9 1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, accured and respected.

The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the unadiate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the calling the construction and the calling spinish in the construction and the calling spinish in the construction and the calling spinish in the construction and the calling spinish in the construction and the calling spinish in the construction and the calling spinish the construction and the calling spinish the construction and the calling spinish the construction and the calling spinish the construction and the calling spinish spinish the calling spinish the calling spinish the calling spinish the calling spinish the calling spinish the calling spinish s

1 for is right change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental action to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved action. The Application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area, and approval of it would be an undestrable precedent case from application and against the interest of all property owners of the attack.

- The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and finise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development, its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos, mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 1965 hould be withdrawn.

Signature	Date: 08 /12/16
Hima of Discovery Buy Owner/Resident:	GONG YNYAU

寄件音: 寄件日期:

收件者: 主旨: 附件:

Keld Sorensen [09日12月2016年星期五 22:34

tpbpd@pland gov hk
Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2
Area 6f (Behind Parkvale) - Objection Letter to TPB.docx

5387

pls refer to attached

(1)

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Dear Sir.

Section 12A Application No. V/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC') dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.
- The Applicant has not addressed questions raised in previous submissions other
 than those raised by Government Agencies. I fully expect the Town Planning
 Board to request the Applicant to address those questions before the Submission
 can be considered.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Keld Soerensen, December 9, 2016

and the second and the second second

. 4 46 . 1 14-365-4-512

Agripolitications that I to both it to my tit.

Policy and Labor

The same

Preside Spielere

Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the Interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Eurther Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- 2. HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- 3. Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.
 - Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
 - Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
 - Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
 - Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
 - Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
 - Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

In its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the

Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline No. 308 "Guidelines – for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land-use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to decide what is commercially seril, tive frelowhering of runting wave or an introductional under sharing and to knep that information from the right of the information provided by the approach must be placed when in the information of the trace setting out these responses calculable considered to be comprehensive.

- Proposed acress to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public, and HKR's lack of consideration of alternation of alternation of the development is the "acress road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale visiage. There are many issues arising from unsultable access to the site such as the park of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavernent under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it, width construction venicles, to cass one another, potential lack of emergency arcess to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident sufety, as the proposed acress to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public, and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HkR s comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the poliution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TiN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- 1. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.



M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

- Comments on HkR's diagrams and photomontages
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR.
- 1 It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- 3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- 8. Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing





together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

9. The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

8. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- 1. Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation. i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- 1. HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
- Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

1. A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health.

- 2. A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.
- E. HKR'S RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- 2. HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- 3. AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposal (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area 6f are not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for effluent standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Annex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- 5. EPD comments + HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-optimal standarone STW within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summarise the EIAO implications of the proposed development". (i.e. Area 6f).
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet all of EPD's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

WIND MEDIUM

- d. Specific 4 HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?
- e. Specific S again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about ongoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- 7. EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8 EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of 5m between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- a. Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections B, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

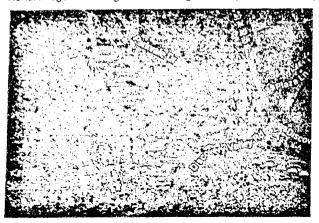
F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale, continue to be ignored. e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-completion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.



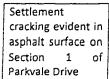


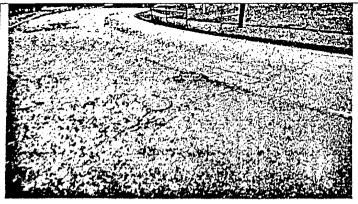




- 3. Paragraph 10.15 of the application notes that "The 476 units and 1,190 populations increase as a result of the proposal is very modest development intensities". In the context of Parkvale Village, we do not agree with this statement, as it is proposed that all traffic and people generated by the proposed development would have to pass through our currently peaceful village. Not only will the considerable construction traffic have to drive up a hill past the existing low rise flats in the village and then past the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, the significant increase in operational traffic, including the increase in the number of buses, required to service the proposed 476 flats, being nearly double the number of flats in the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, will cause ongoing noise, poor air quality and disturbance to the residents of Parkvale Village.
- 4. Parkvale Drive comprises three sections, being:

Section 1 - from Discovery Valley Road to the junction with Middle Lane, being a relatively narrow hill covered in asphalt, which is also the only means of access to Midvale Village.

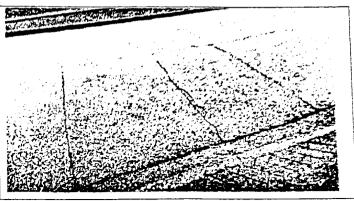




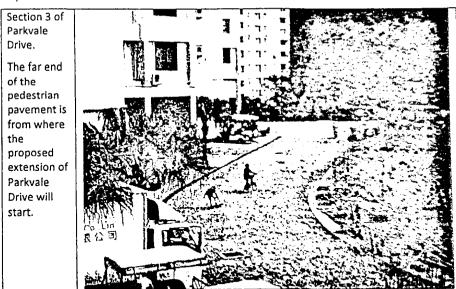


Section 2 - from the junction with Middle Lane to the start of the pedestrian pavement behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, being a steep narrow hill covered in asphalt.

Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 2 of Parkvale Drive.



Section 3 – the "Passageway", as defined in the Parkvale Village Sub-DMC, providing access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, which is designed as a pedestrian pavement and made of paving blocks, not asphalt.



5. We noted in our previous comments that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuited as a means of access to Area 6f due to concerns regarding its state of repair and its width constraints and due to emergency vehicle access and safety concerns.

- 6. We are very surprised and concerned that no government department has asked about the suitability of Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and that HKR has not addressed our concerns in its Further Information.
- 7. State of Repair As the photographs above show, the state of repair of Parkvale Drive is already poor. Furthermore, no section of Parkvale Drive was constructed to support heavy usage. In particular, Section 3 is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations, and therefore is only currently designed to cater for 20 tonne FS and operational loading. There is significant concern over the existing and visible damage and settlement that has resulted from the current usage of all three sections of Parkvale Drive, especially of Section 3, the pedestrian pavement section. The surface was not built to be able to sustain usage by heavy construction traffic, nor the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats, being almost twice that of the existing Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.

Settlement evident to 20 tonne rated paving resulting from current traffic loading at start of proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f.

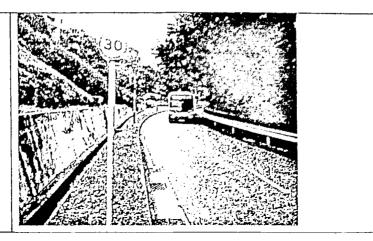


- Although this is known by HKR, no mention of it is made in its application or Further Information.
- 9. The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvale Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale Village, but they do bear a share of these costs and the costs of maintaining all other such roads in Discovery Bay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 3 of Parkvale Drive are born by the owners of Parkvale Village as these sections only serve Parkvale Village. We are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and ongoing maintenance costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10. Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large vehicles. When residential shuttle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Drive, other small vans or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.



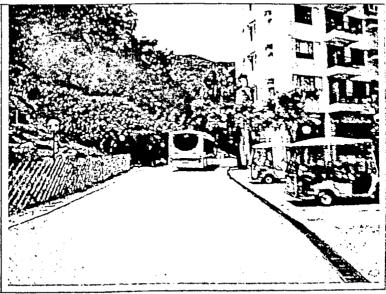
Section 1 of Parkvale Drive. The view

looking up the hill, illustrating the difficulty large vehicles have in passing one another.



- 11. When a residential shuttle bus enters the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive there is no ability for other vehicles to manoeuvre, especially while the bus turns in the cul-de-sac.
- 12. The corner of Woodbury Court is only 11 cm (see photograph below) from the edge of the Passageway. It seems unlikely that large equipment, such as earthmoving equipment, piling gear or tower crane segments, could safely transit this constricted area, if at all. In any event, there would be no safe place for pedestrians with such heavy equipment or construction vehicles passing.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive. View of the rear of Woodbury Court. illustrating the narrowness of the pedestrian pavement, its lack of a carriageway to separate vehicles from pedestrians and the inability of vehicles to pass one another.

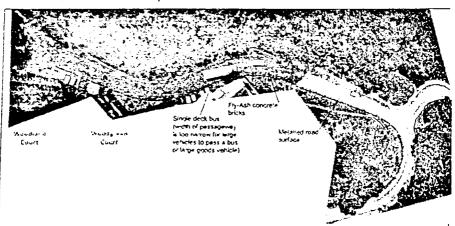


13. The considerable construction traffic will significantly exacerbate these problems, especially when a construction vehicle and a bus, or when two construction vehicles, are travelling in opposite directions along Parkvale Drive.





- 14. Emergency Access In the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.
- 15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.



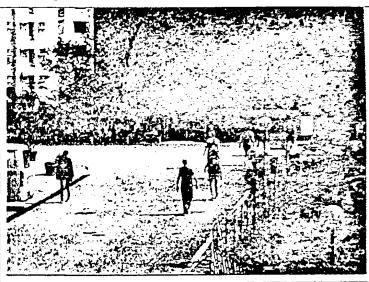
14,Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbies of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.



17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.
View of the pedestrian pavement leading to the start of the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f, illustrating that it is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare.

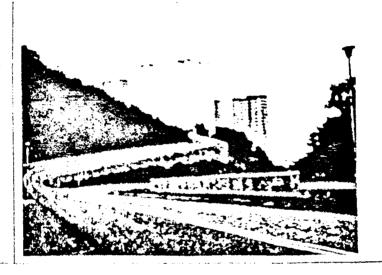


- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent haul road from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the potential traffic impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Valley Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

it at ther**e are** no propagts on the surrour dirigillareas and that they will live fifth halfeye. Or wellaceas live consider this as cotally unital statistacy.

- 21 Furthermore, no Government Department is a requested in KK to project exist in Africa access, despite the concerns regarding uping estimate bowe as the or anti-exist of an exist to Area of and the alternative access which we represent the increase of the internative access which we represent the increase of the in
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Vulley Road will Sold precise the Committee of Carevalle Orive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.

Alternative access to Area 61 from Discovery Valley Road.



G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- 1. All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Viflage will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is

- $e^{-i\omega_{\rm c}}$, which registable and will encourage toxic red tides as well as something the i
- A trial content many sizes saying as a did did in its second submission, that discharging a convent of a sewage into an apico nubah is still an option to be considered at the longer trial of the convent of the conven
- 5. The condition, have not computed a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations from a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their at project to moderling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's good to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub-optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wans, HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. In paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage plunning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G "Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will



only treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".

- S. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.
- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 In Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the



gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE OB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As previously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas 6f and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. HKR has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area 6f (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment works and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b.
- 2. This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

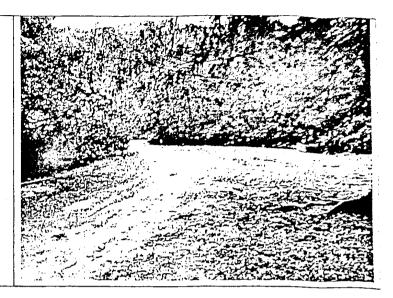
I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

- A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone. TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSD and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

- HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.
- J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT
- 1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.

41年度1200





- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Corat Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope fallure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR's RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- 1. The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6;".
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- 5. Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject HKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section E above.



Language Committee Committee Committee

The Marie Committee of the Committee of

- I de la company
- 4 Furthermore uniters instead as many that common every most subject in the BS of details instead commissions.
- ANCH I configured shapes after named cross many and processes of Discovery Say is 15,000 and that the current epocation of the ment is at the current epocation of the ment in the ment at the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the process of the method of the process of the method of collection, management of the data and manufacture is a subsect of the method of collection, management of the data and manufacture is a subsect to ensure its respect of the method of collection, management of the data and manufacture is a subsect to ensure its respect of the method of collection, management of the data and manufacture is a subsect to ensure its respect of the method of collection figures are a vital expensent of planning for and construct of, development. It is assential that the population figures subsect and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of inference have since with a using figures provided by life wholly owned subsidiary. The TPS is required to address this senious issue before processing any further applications of any band or respect of OS.
- 6. The difference between the mannum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas of and 10b is daily 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted test suly which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7 08. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and cands Department is ignoring what HKR is doing.

ź

- The second of th
- The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which there is well aware in trum the efficiency of the lower of the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much plants. The like is first were the lower HKR and lands Department and presentations to violated for an inverse section of the lands of the lands of the lands. Department has asked many in one that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the union section be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11 The final determinant of the offinate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime to which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: \$6,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2,150 to Clubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. \$5,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12 Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- 13 The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TPB that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 16. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area 6f and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

- The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:

3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":

- a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
- b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
- c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
- d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area 6f without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for



heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure B.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure B.2. This figure includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. I.e. the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC montage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- 6. The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorly lit.
 - b. Figure B.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VOC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure B.10 view from Lookout these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.
 - d. Figure B.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.





- e. Figure 8.14 view from the D-Deck why show this when there should be images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted, such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland.
- f. Figure 8.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:
	9 December 2016

Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.

Parkvale Village Owners Committee Chairman



Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

寫字申請編號 V/I-DB/2 而具作指示用途的擬議發展計劃的概括發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative

Development Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/I-DB/2

达達於 2016 年 10 月 27 日接獲的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27 10 2016

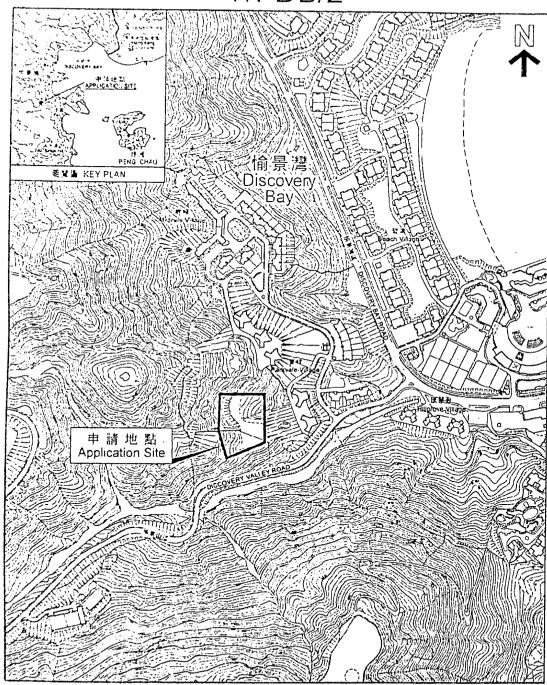
(1) 申請編號	Y	/I-DB/2			
Application no					
(b) 位置/地址	偷景灣第 6f 區丈量的份第		號餘段及增批		
Location/Address	部分(部分)				
	Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext	(Part) in D.D. 352,	Discovery Bay		
(c) 地盤面積 Site area	約 About 7	,623 平方米 m ²			
(d) 3 8110	偷景游分區計劃大	選核准圖編號 S/I	DB/4		
Plan	Approved Discovery Bay O				
(e) 地帶	「其他指定用途」	註明「員工宿舍(5),		
Zoning	"Other Specified Uses" a	"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)"			
(1) 擬談修訂	把「其他指定用途」註明「	把「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」地帶改劃為「住			
Proposed		頁)12」地帶			
Amendment(s)	To rezone the application s		cified Uses"		
	annotated "Staff Quarters (5		Group C) 12"		
g) 總樓面面積		平方米	地積比率 Plot ratio		
及/或地積比率	住用 Domestic	约 About	約 About		
Total floor area and/or plot ratio		21,600	2.83		
and/or procratio	非住用 Non-domestic	-	-		
	住用 Domestic	2			
	非住用 Non-domestic				
	综合用途 Composite	 			
) 建築物高度(以最高		65			
實用樓面空間計算)			基準以上)mPD		
/		18 層 storey(s			
層數	非住用 Non-domestic	- 米 m			
Building height		*(主水平	基準以上)mPD		
(measured to the		- 層 storey(s)			
	综合用途 Composite	- 米 m	-		
space)/	•	- 米(主水平)	基準以上)mPD		
No. of storeys		- 層 storey(s)			
上蓋面積	6/2 AL	20 0/			
Site coverage	约 About 30 %				
單位數目	476 住宅	單位 Flats			
No. of units					
休憩用地	- 私人 Private		han 1,190 平		
Open Space	- 12/ Filvate	方米 m	2		
~	ている。	سسسس	m		
()		UH 的方位數目 \ Col	f cart parking		
停車位及上落 【 層	5萬夫球車停泊位(申請人未有拼	医医肾净性胚数 田 人 001	i care pariettig [
客貨車位數目 > sp	所聞夫球車停泊位(申請人未有的 pace (number of parking space not	provided by applicant)			
客貨車位數目 sp No. of parking / 维	ace (number of parking space not) 珍車輛上落客貨位(申請人未有	provided by applicant) f提供上落客貨位數目	3) Servicing		
客貨車位數目 sp No. of parking / 维		provided by applicant) f提供上落客貨位數目	3) Servicing		

^{*} 有關資料是為方便市民大眾營予而提供·對於所被資料在使用主的問題及文義主的政義·破 市規劃委員會模不負責·若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

Y/I-DB/2



申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

備註 Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日, 申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的發展 總網藍圖、載視圖、閱境設計總圖、環境影響評估,規劃報告,排水,排污及供水研究, 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公契的摘錄圖則。

On 27.10 2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant.

PVOC:

Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

PVOC:

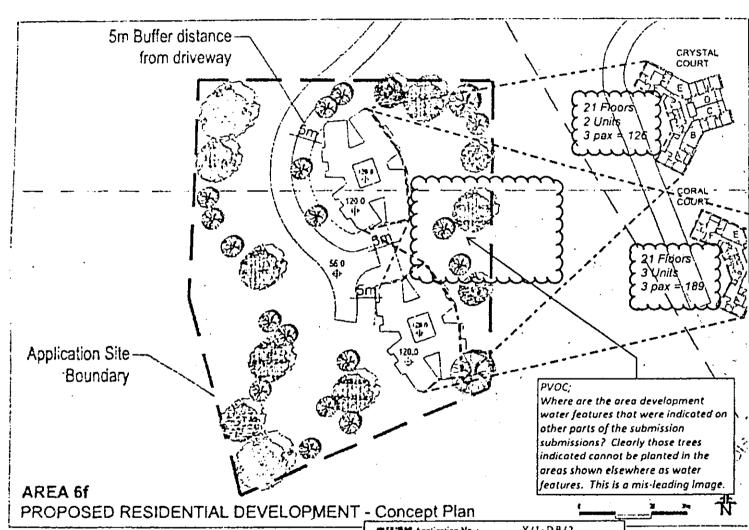
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and are not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

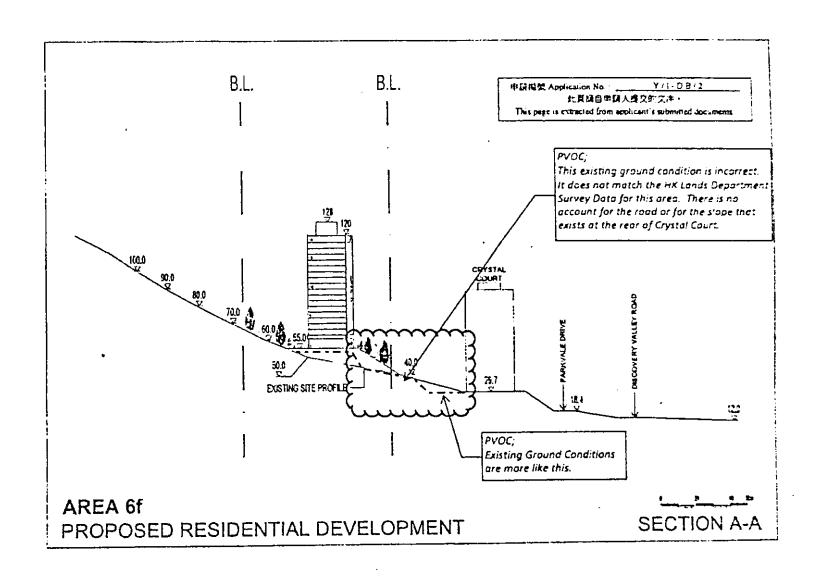
有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供,對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的鼓異,城市規劃委員會概不負責,若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant

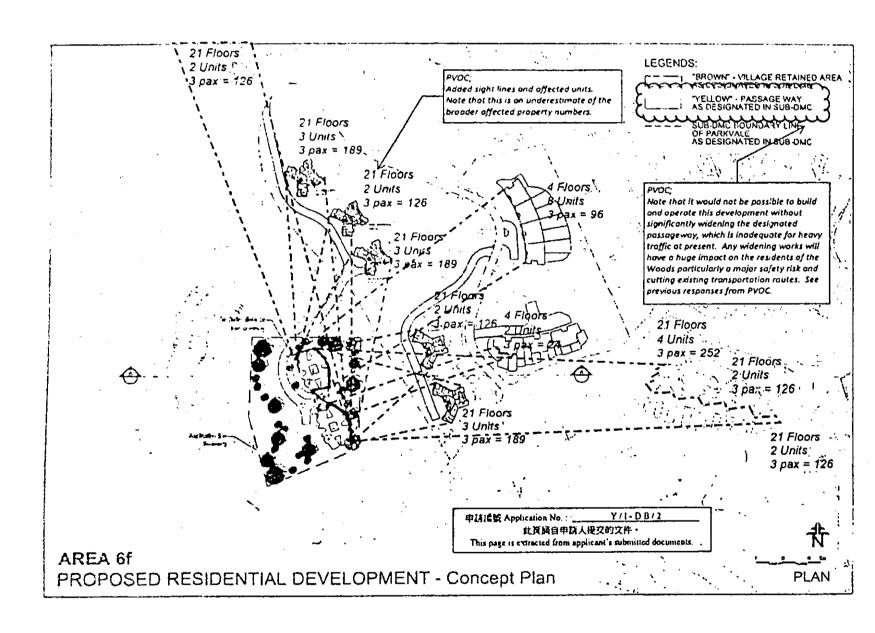
Tible the W

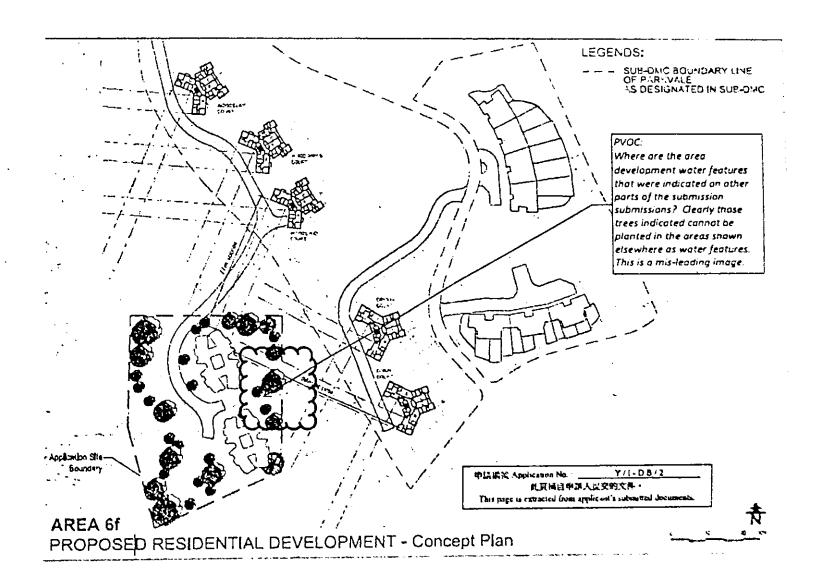


中語清號 Application No.: Y/1-DB/2 此頁語目中語人投交的文件 This page is extracted from applicant's submitted documents.

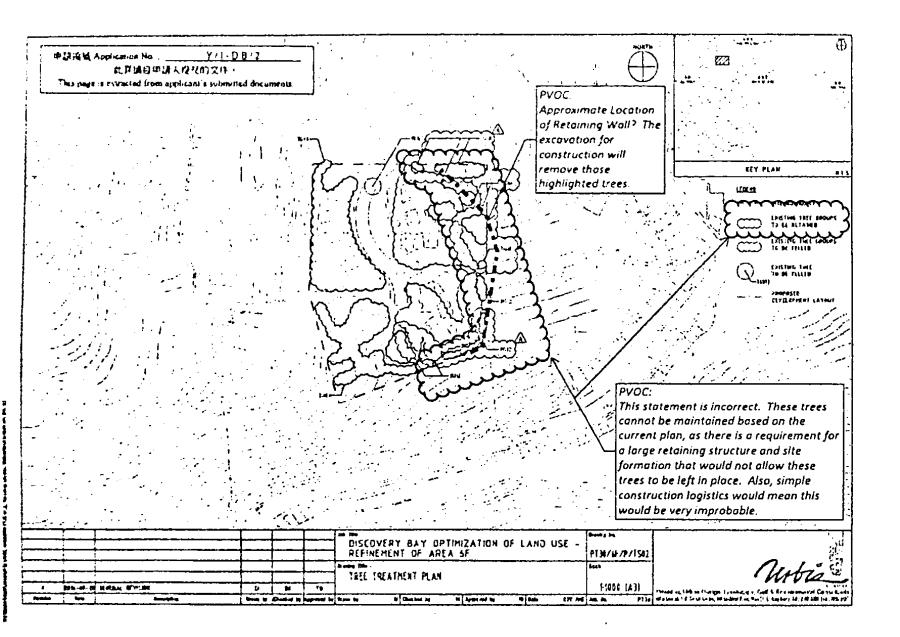


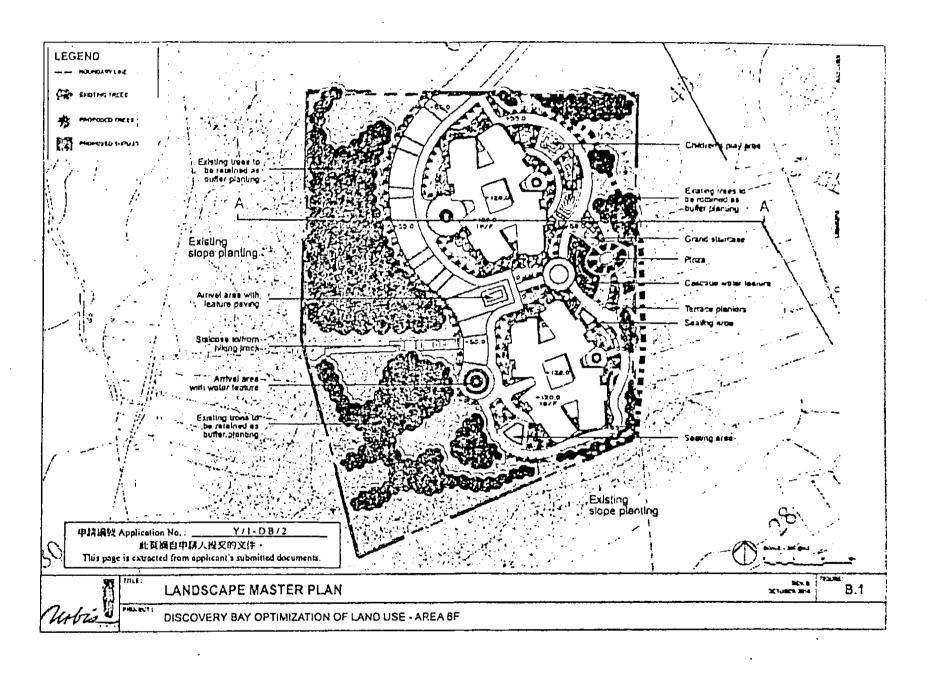
THE WALL



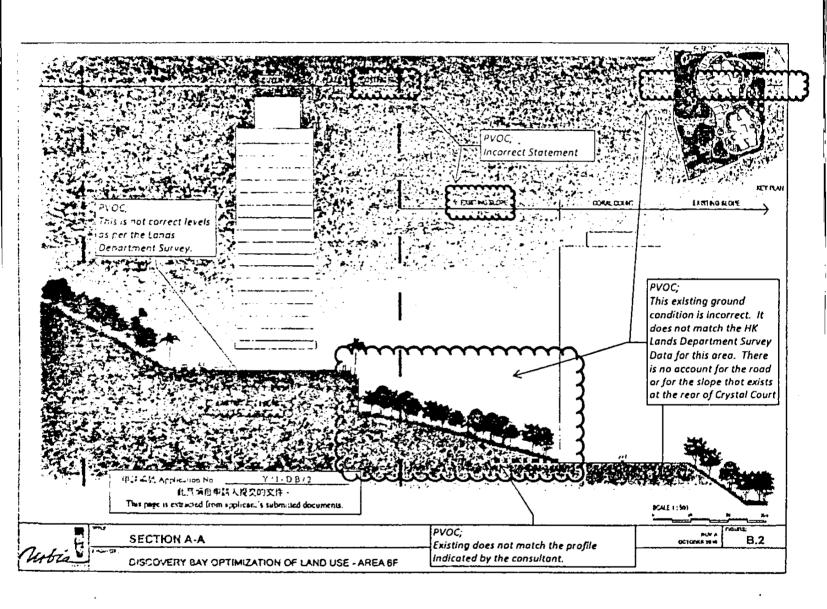


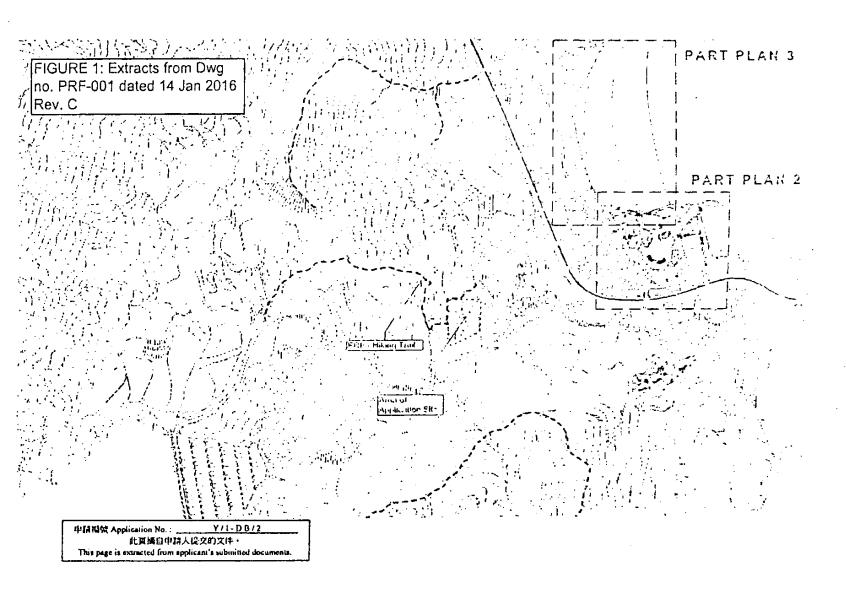
THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF

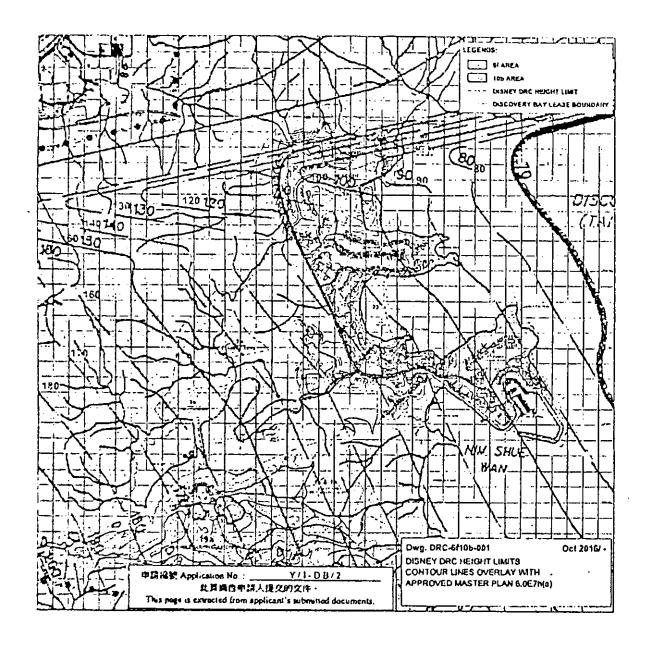


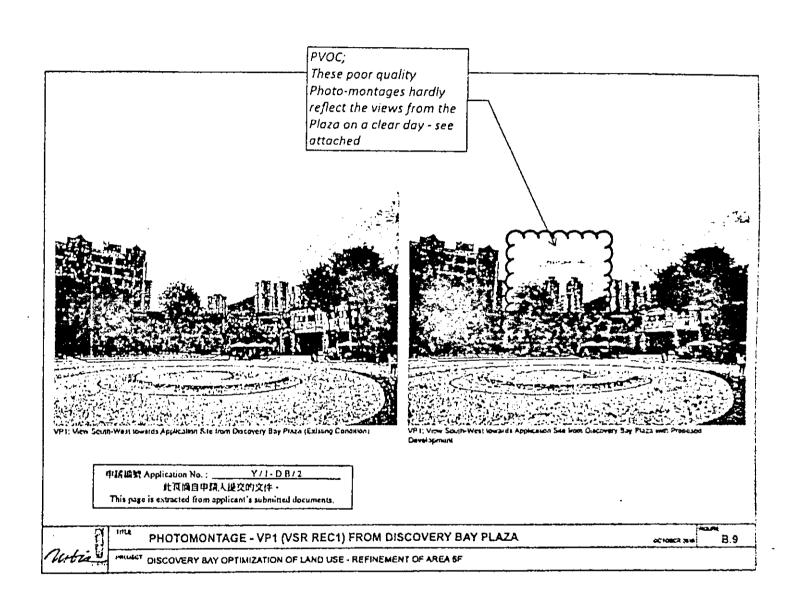


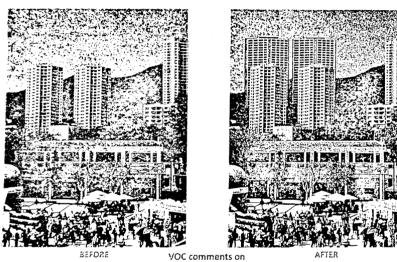






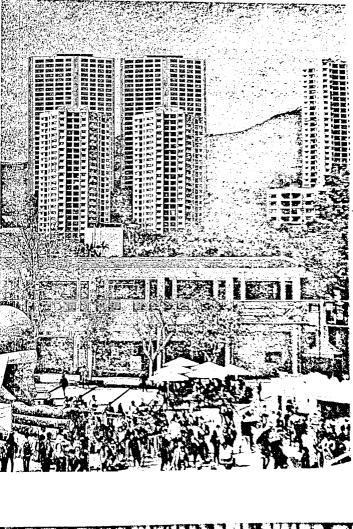


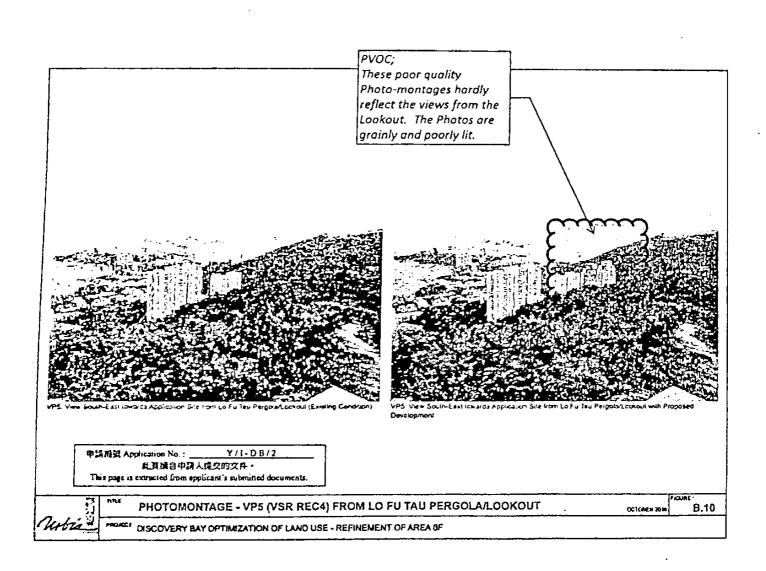


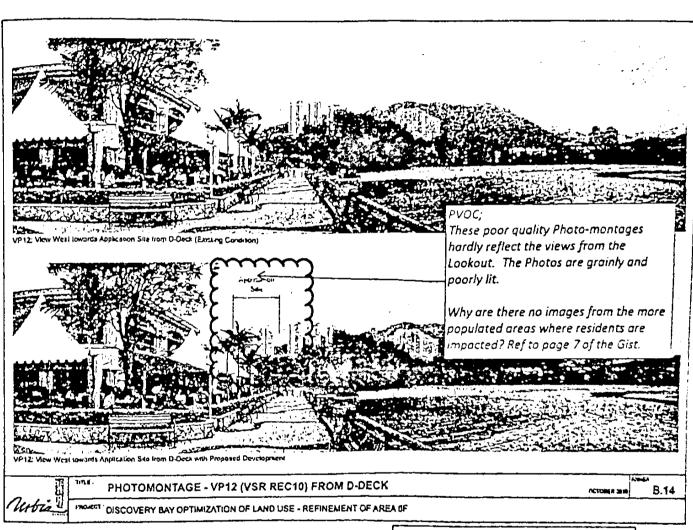


HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA

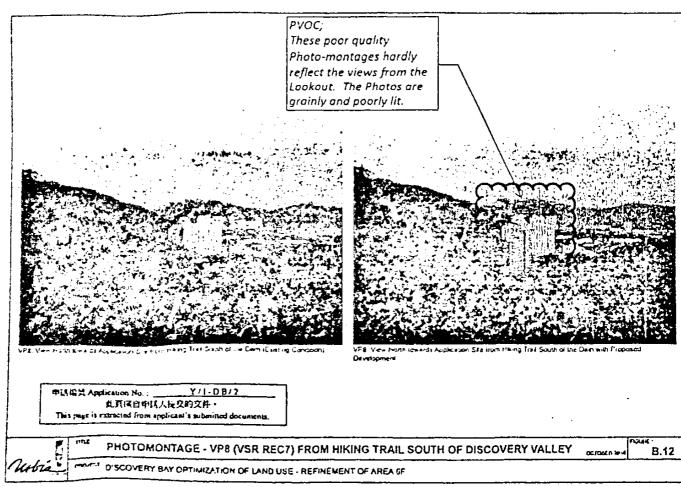






性。於**是,其**其一樣的。例如,例如於自己則是一種,但是

中研網院 Application No.: Y/1-DB/2
此頁面自中研入提交的文件。
This page is extracted from applicant's submitted documents.

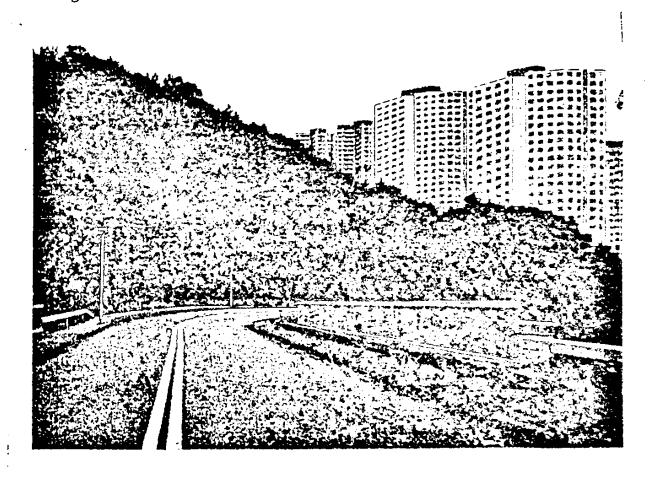


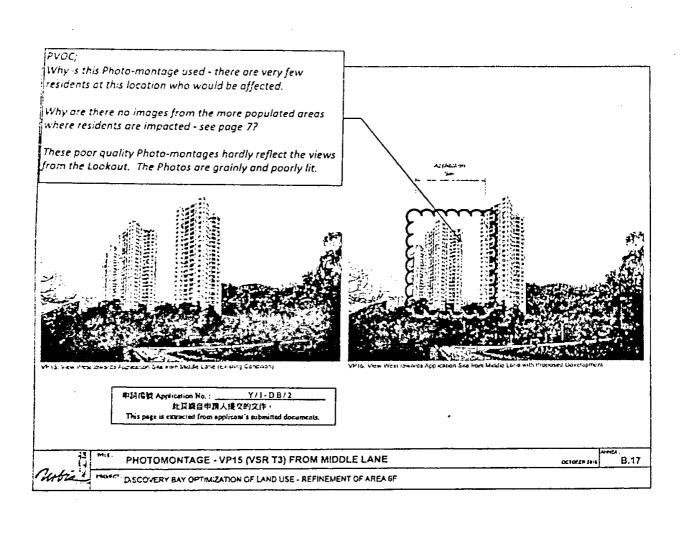


VOC comments on HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

AND INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY.

Fig. 1.2.1 AFTER IMPRESSION FROM DISCOVERY BAY VALLEY ROAD





1. 建筑

申請编號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

與申訪地點屬相同地帶的先前申訪 Previous Applications Relating to the Application Site with the Same Zoning(s)

申訓編號	擬議用途/發展	城市規劃委員會的決定(日期)
Application No.	Proposed Use/Development	Decision of Town Planning Board (Date)
	Nil	Town Hamming Board (Date)

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供·對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的該異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責·若有任何疑問。應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

申請人提交的國則、给圖及報告書 Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文 <u>Chinese</u>	英文 English
图則及統制 Plans and Drawings		
總調發展藍圖/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)		\square
极宇位置图 Block plan(s)		☐ MISSING
搜字平面圈 Floor plan(s)		☐ MISSING
截視圖 Sectional plan(s)		Ø
立視圖 Elevation(s)		□ MISSING
顯示擬議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed		\square
	-	
development		Ø
園境設計總圖/園境設計圖 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)		Ø
PVOC; ify)	- ب	.
There are many concerns here, that have 摘錄圖則 Extract Plans of Public been previously raised to the Board, over		
safety to pedestrians and the inadequate	_	
longterm solution for traffic - these		
questions have not been addressed.		~~
規劃研究 Planning studies		☑
環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		I
Environmental impact assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)	mi	m
就車輛的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)		□ MISSING
部行人的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians)	mffin	MISSING
民党影響評估 Visual impact assessment		₩ ISSING
景觀影響評估 Landscape impact assessment		MISSING
樹木調查 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages		☐ MISSING
出力影響評估 Geotechnical impact assessment, why has this not been	· 🔲	☐ MISSING
排水影響評估 Drainage impact assess provided for the sensitive receivers?		☐ MISSING
排污影響評估 Sewerage impact assessment	~~ ~	MISSING
風險評估 Risk Assessment	\Box	MISSING
深度(調証明)Uthers (please specify)	wifi	كېټىن
排水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply	- "	
水質技術報告 Technical (PVOC; The Risk to the public is a		
Impior concern for this development		
四應部门應足 Response-t and has not been addressed in any	-	
form - please refer to the previous		
PVOC submissions that attached.		

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所職資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責。若有任何疑問。應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

tpbpd

寄件者:

John Terenzini

寄件日期:

09日12月2016年星期五 21:19

收件者:

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

主旨:

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f OBJECTION

附件:

PVOC Third Comments on the Section 12A Application further information (1).pdf

Dear Sir/Madam,

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f-

I have read the attached submission from the PARKVALE OWNERS COMMITTEE for **6f** , and I wish to register my **objection** with the TPB accordingly.

Regards, John Terenzini





5389

Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Further Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.
 - Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
 - Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
 - Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
 - Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
 - Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
 - Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

In its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only, to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the



Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline No. 30B "Guidelines — for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land—use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to decide what is commercially sensitive (re ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to keep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the applicant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

- F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key element of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to pass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- I. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.



M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

Annex:

- 1. Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR
- It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April – June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- 3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- 8. Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing



together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

 The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

B. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- 1. Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation. i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
- Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to
 obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot
 possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every
 subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

1. A Risk Assessment has not been done as Indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes: environment; and public health.

2. A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.

E. HKR's RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- 3. AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposal (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area 6f are not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for effluent standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Annex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- EPD comments HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-optimal standalone STW within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summarise the EIAC implications of the proposed development". (I.e. Area 6f).
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet all of EPO's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

- d. Specific 4 HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?
- e. Specific 5 again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about ongoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8. EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of 5m between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- a. Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections B, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

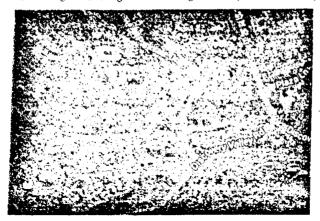
- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale, continue to be ignored, e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-completion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.



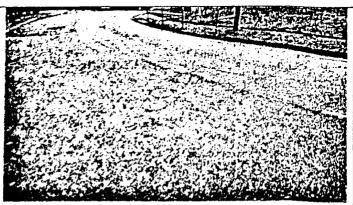
Aeriac image of existing Parkvale Village with imposed 6f Development



- 3. Paragraph 10.15 of the application notes that "The 476 units and 1,190 populations increase as a result of the proposal is very modest development Intensities". In the context of Parkvale Village, we do not agree with this statement, as it is proposed that all traffic and people generated by the proposed development would have to pass through our currently peaceful village. Not only will the considerable construction traffic have to drive up a hill past the existing low rise flats in the village and then past the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, the significant increase in operational traffic, including the increase in the number of buses, required to service the proposed 476 flats, being nearly double the number of flats in the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, will cause ongoing noise, poor air quality and disturbance to the residents of Parkvale Village.
- 4. Parkvale Drive comprises three sections, being:

Section 1 - from Discovery Valley Road to the Junction with Middle Lane, being a relatively narrow hill covered in asphalt, which is also the only means of access to Midvale Village.

Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 1 of Parkvale Drive





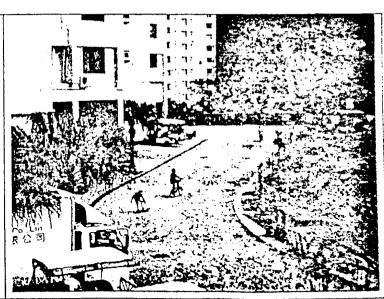
Section 2 - from the junction with Middle Lane to the start of the pedestrian pavement behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, being a steep narrow hill covered in asphalt.

Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 2 of Parkvale Drive.



Section 3 – the "Passageway", as defined in the Parkvale Village Sub-DMC, providing access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, which is designed as a pedestrian pavement and made of paving blocks, not asphalt.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.
The far end of the pedestrian pavement is from where the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive will start.

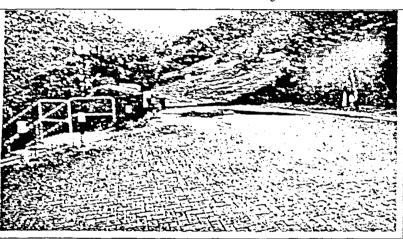


5. We noted in our previous comments that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuited as a means of access to Area 6f due to concerns regarding its state of repair and its width constraints and due to emergency vehicle access and safety concerns.

- 6. We are very surprised and concerned that no government department has asked about the suitability of Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and that HKR has not addressed our concerns in its Further Information.
- State of Repair As the photographs above show, the state of repair of Parkvale Drive is a ready poor. Furthermore, no section of Parkvale Drive was constructed to support heavy usage. In particular, Section 3 is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations, and therefore is only currently designed to cater for 20 tonne FS and operational loading. There is significant concern over the existing and visible damage and settlement that has resulted from the current usage of all three sections of Parkvale Drive, especially of Section 3, the pedestrian pavement section. The surface was not built to be able to sustain usage by heavy construction traffic, nor the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats, being almost twice that of the existing Woodbury Court. Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.

Settlement evident to 20 tonne rated paving resulting from current traffic loading at start of proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f.



- Although this is known by HKR, no mention of it is made in its application or Further Information.
- 9. The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvale Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale Village, but they do bear a share of these costs and the costs of maintaining all other such roads in Discovery Bay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 3 of Parkvale Drive are born by the owners of Parkvale Village as these sections only serve Parkvale Village. We are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and ongoing maintenance costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10. Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large vehicles. When residential shuttle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Drive, other small vans or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.

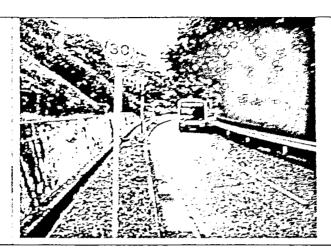


11

Parkvale Drive.
The view
looking up the
hill, illustrating

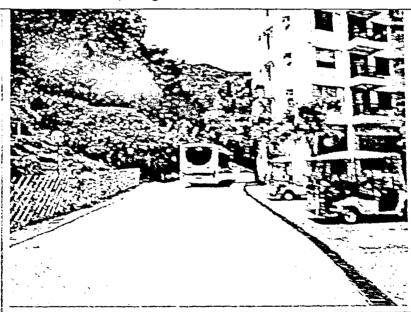
Section 1 of

the difficulty large vehicles have in passing one another.



- 11. When a residential shuttle bus enters the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parking a Drive there is no ability for other vehicles to mandeuvre, especially while the bus turns in the cul-de-sac.
- 12. The corner of Woodbury Court is only 11 cm (see photograph below) from the edge of the Passageway. It seems unlikely that large equipment, such as earthmoving equipment, piling gear or tower crane segments, could safely transit this constributed area, if at all. In any event, there would be no safe place for pedestrians with such nearly equipment or construction vehicles passing.

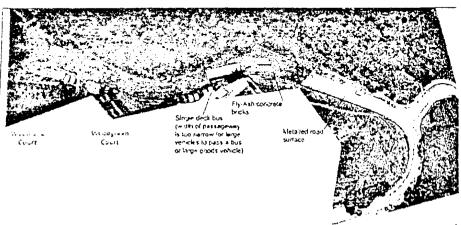
Section 3 of Parkvale Drive. View of the rear of Weedbury Court illustrating the narrowness of the pedestrian pavement, its lack of a carriageway to separate vehicles from pedestrians and the inability of vehicles to pass one another.



13. The considerable construction traffic will significantly exacerbate these problems, especially when a construction vehicle and a bus, or when two construction vehicles, are travelling in opposite directions along Parkvale Drive.



- 14 Emergency Access In the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.
- 15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.



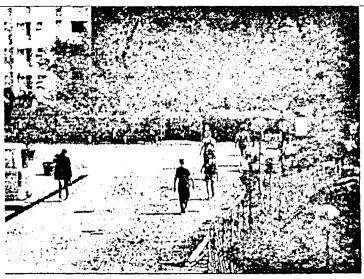
14,Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbies of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.



17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

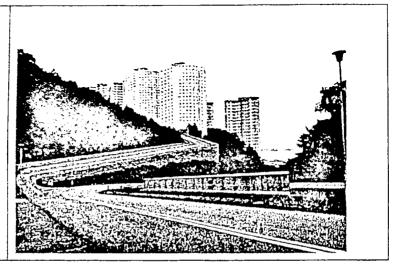
Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.
View of the pedestrian pavement leading to the start of the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f, illustrating that it is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare.



- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent haul road from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the potential traffic impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Valley Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

- that there are no impacts on the surrounding areas and that they will use the Parkvale Drive access. We consider this as totally unsatisfactory.
- 21. Furthermore, no Government Department has requested HKR to propose an alternative access, despite the concerns regarding using Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and the alternative access which we noted in our comments on the original application and in our comments on the HKR's first submission of Further Information.
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Valley Road would not require the use of any part of Parkvale Drive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.





G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- 1. All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is



- environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red tides as well as concentrations of E. coli.
- 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 cu ms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 5. The consultants have not undertaken a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations, nor a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their approach to modelling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's guide to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this, the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub-optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. in paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G "Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will





only treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".

- 8. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.
- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the

The state of the s



gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE DB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As previously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas 6f and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. HKR has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area 6f (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment works and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b.
- This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

- A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone, TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSD and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

- HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.
- J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT
- 1 We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.







- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR'S RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- 1. The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- 2. In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f".
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- 5. Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject HKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section E above.



L. PLANNING CONTROLS

- Planning controls include the Master Plan, population ceiling of DB and the allocation of undivided shares under the DB Deed of Mutual Covenant.
- 2. Regarding the Master Plan (MP), it was pointed out in comment 4402 submitted last July that, although it has been updated recently, it still does not match the current outline zoning plan (OZP) or the existing development on the Lot. Furthermore, in order to protect the interests of the current 8,300+ assigns of the developer, it is essential that the existing MP and OZP are aligned with the existing development on the Lot before any consideration of any proposal to amend the OZP. Otherwise, there is simply too much risk that the rights of the other owners of the Lot will be interfered with. This aspect appears to have been ignored by both HKR and the TPB.
- 3. With regard to population, it is clear that, with Areas 6f and 10b and other obviously planned developments, HKR is moving towards breaching the population ceiling of 25,000, which is the maximum as per the approved OZP, without going through the necessary government procedure. This latest submission completely ignores this point and only refers to population in the context of water supply.
- 4. Furthermore, unfortunately it appears that relevant government departments have not considered our comments as there is no reference to this subject in the list of department comments.
- 5. HKR's original application noted that the current population of Discovery Bay is 15,000 and that the current approved OZP limits the population to 25,000. Subsequently the current population was amended 19,585 (as per the records of DB Services Management Limited, the property management company of DB and a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR). There is no information provided which would provide assurances about the population figure quoted by HKR. This is information in respect of the method of collection, management of the data and whether it is audited to ensure its reliability. Population figures are a vital element of planning for, and control of, development. It is essential that the population figures quoted and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of interest here since HKR is using figures provided by its wholly owned subsidiary. The TPB is requested to address this serious issue before processing any further applications of any kind in respect of DB.
- 6. The difference between the maximum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas 6f and 10b is only 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted last July which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7.0E. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and Lands Department is ignoring what HKR is doing.

5'



- 8. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by Government to demonstrate, in a fully accountable manner, that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. This should include an accurate count of the existing population using an Independent collection method and the expected population of areas for which HKR seeks approval to develop before the Section 12A applications in respect Areas 6f and 10b are considered any further.
- 9. It is clear that the TPB is in danger of being persuaded by this incremental approach, using population figures which are not independent of HKR, to considering projects, especially given the very small population difference of 1,412 mentioned above, to indirectly allow a breaching of the 25,000 population ceiling. There is an urgent need by government to address this issue. Otherwise, in the future, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000. In view of the serious nature of this issue, these comments will again be sent to both the Director of Audit and the Discovery Bay District Councillor for their action. In addition this submission will also be sent to the Ombudsman, as it is clear the administrative processes of the TPB and the Lands Department are either incapable of handling this aspect or just negligent.
- 10. The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which HKR is well aware of from the efforts of a DB owner over the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much correspondence between the owner, HKR and Lands Department and presentations to VOCs and the City Owners Committee (COC). Furthermore, this subject is covered in comment number 4402 submitted last July to the TPB and the Lands Department has asked HKR to prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development of Area 6f. HKR has replied to the Lands Department by requesting the information to be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11. The final determinant of the ultimate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime in which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: 56,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2,150 to Clubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. 55,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12. Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- 13. The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TPB that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 15. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area 6f and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

- 1. The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:

3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":

- a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
- b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
- c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
- d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area 6f without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for



heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex 8 Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure 8.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure B.2. This figure includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. I.e. the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC montage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- 6. The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorly lit.
 - b. Figure B.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VOC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure B.10 view from Lookout these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.
 - d. Figure B.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.

- e. Figure B.14 view from the D-Deck why show this when there should be images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted, such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland.
- f. Figure 8.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

	9 December 2016
Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:

Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.

Parkvale Village Owners Committee Chairman



Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

寫乎申請編號 Y/I-DB/2 而只作指示用途的擬議發展計劃的概括發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative

Development Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/I-DB/2 因應於 2016 年 10 月 27 日接渡的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

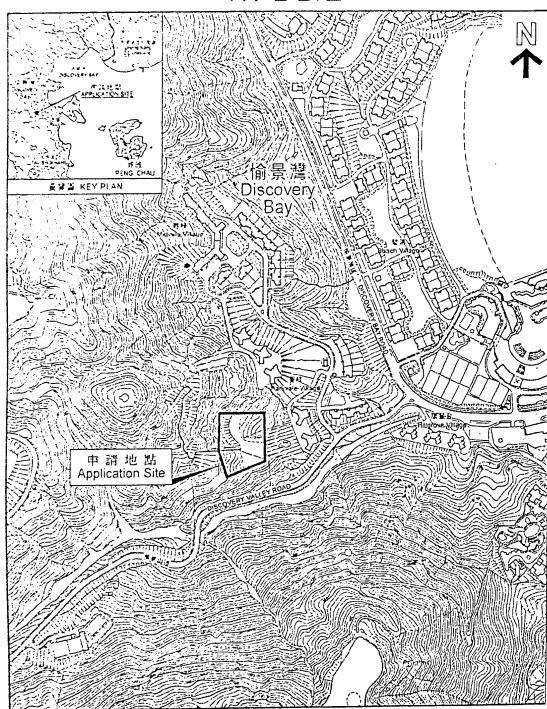
Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27.10.2016

(a)		Y/I-DB/2				
0.5	Application no.	偷景灣第 6f 區丈園約份第 352 約地段第 385 號餘段及增批				
(0)	位置/地址					
1	Location/Address	部分(部分) Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext. (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay				
-	111. #A == 1.98					
(c)	地盤面積 Site area	約 About 7,623 平方米 m²				
(3)	國則	愉景灣分區計劃大綱核准圖編號 S/I-DB/4 Approved Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan No. S/I-DB/4				
(0)	MRU Plan					
(e)	地帶	「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」				
Zoning "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Qu						
(f)	挺議修訂	把「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」地帶改劃為「住				
(1)	Proposed	宅(丙類)12」地帶				
	Amendment(s)					
	/ Imenamento)					
(e)	總 櫻面面積	annotated Start Quarters (3)	平方米	地概比率		
(6)	及/或地積比率		<u>m</u> -	Plot ratio		
	Total floor area	住用 Domestic	約 About	約 About		
	and/or plot ratio		21,600	2.83		
	·	非住用 Non-domestic	-	-		
(h)	幢數	住用 Domestic				
	No. of block	非住用 Non-domestic				
		綜合用途 Composite	•			
(i)	建築物高度(以最高	住用 Domestic 65 米 m				
	實用樓面空間計算) 120 分		120 米(主水平	米(主水平基準以上)mPD		
	/	18 層 storcy(s))		
	層數	非住用 Non-domestic	- 米 m			
	Building height		1	基準以上)mPE		
	(measured to the		- 層 storey(s)		
	mprese asabie moor	综合用途 Composite	- 米m			
	space)/			基準以上)mPD		
	No. of storeys		- 屆 storey(s)		
	上蓋面積	· 经 Ah	out 30 %			
	Site coverage					
•	單位數目	476 住宅	476 住宅單位 Flats			
	No. of units					
•	休憩用地	- 私人 Private	不少於 Not less			
	Open Space	- 1400 Titrate	方米:	n²		
		**************************************	mm	m		
m)	停車位及上落	序車位及上落 高爾夫球車停泊位(申請人未有提供停泊位數目)Golf cart				
	客貨車位數目 { space (number of parking space not provided by applicant)			1)		
	No. of parking (維修車輛上落客貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目)Serv					
	spaces and loading	nd loading vehicles loading/unloading space (number of loading/unloading space no				
1	unloading spaces > provided by applicant)					
<i>\d</i> 3	有關資料是為方便市民大公式者而發化之外於內地名人名西伯卡尔加州大公城上內西安宁心					

有關資料是為方便市民大本多考而提供。對於所載資料在使用主的問題及又報主的政義。被 市規劃委員會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

Y/I-DB/2





申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

備註 Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日,申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的發展 總網藍圖、截視圖、園境設計總圖、環境影響評估、規劃報告、排水、排污及供水研究、 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公契的摘錄圖則。

On 27.10.2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant.

PVOC;

Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

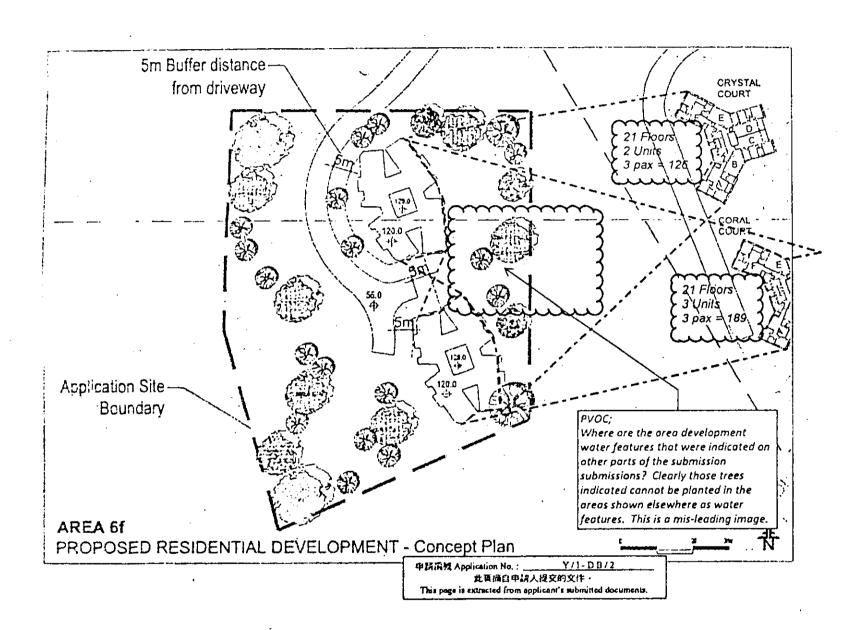
PVOC;

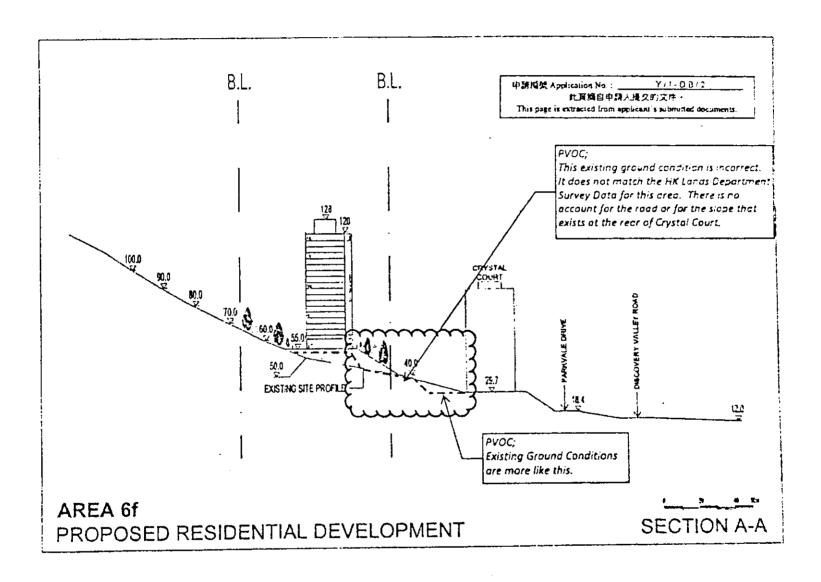
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and are not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

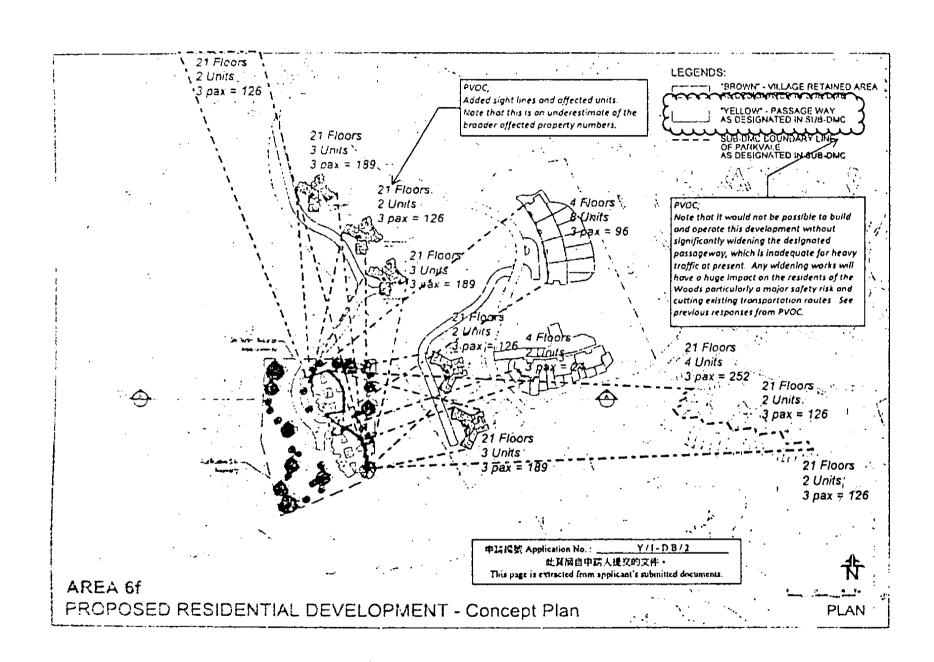
Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

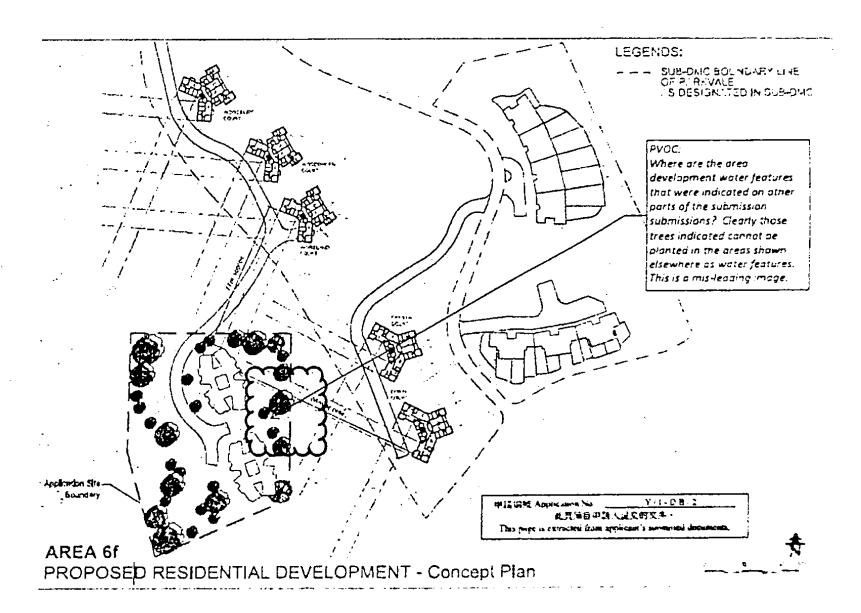
有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供,對於所戴資料在使用上的問題及文義上的数異,城市規劃委員會概不負責,若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件,

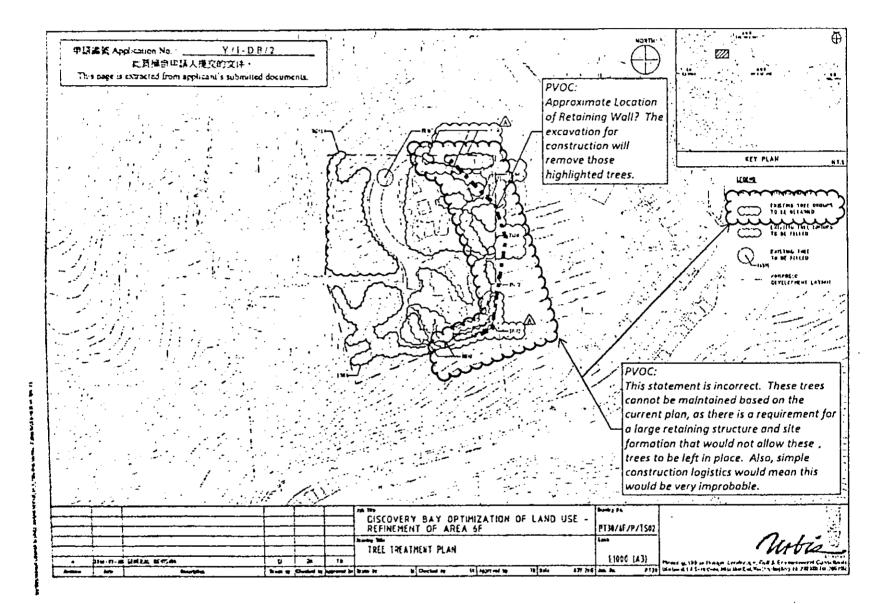
The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

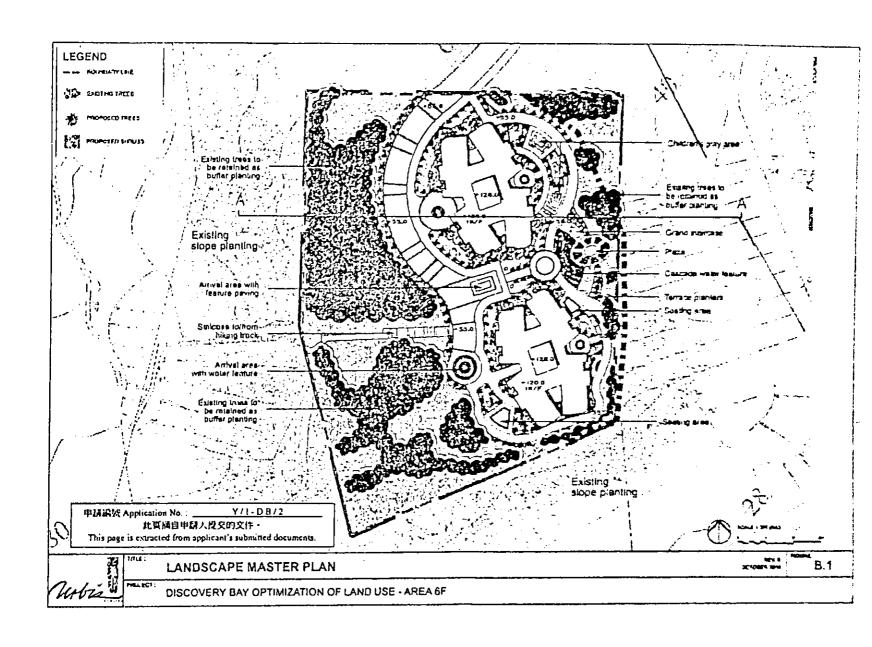




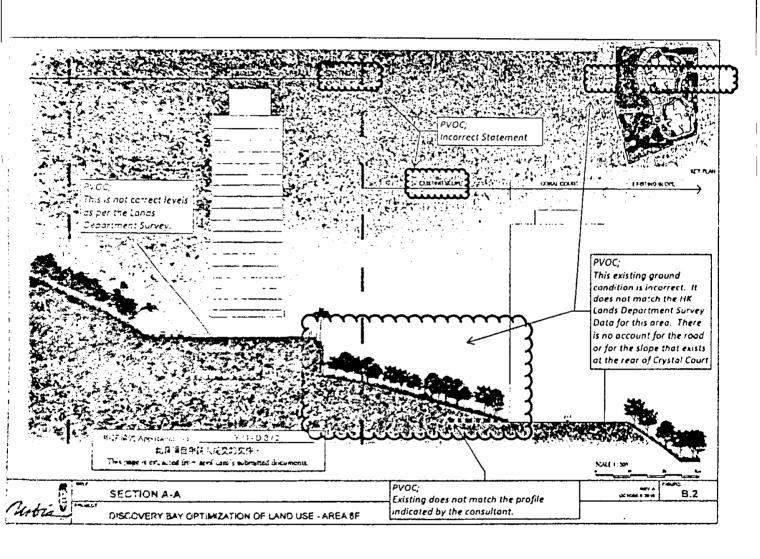




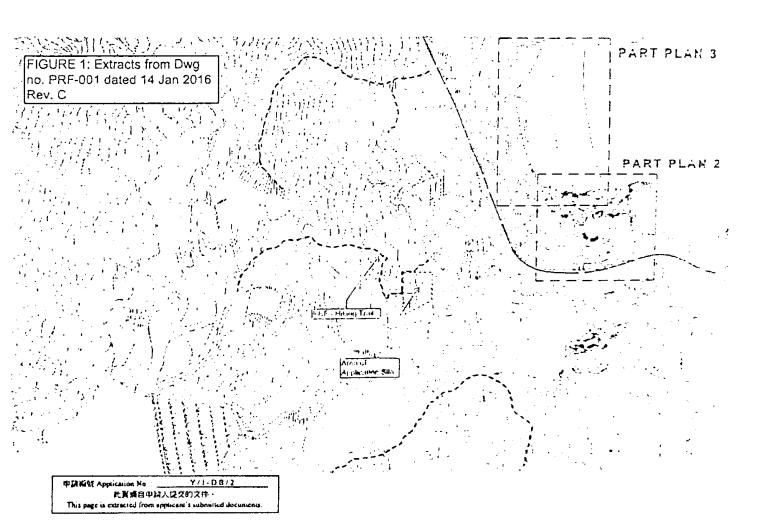


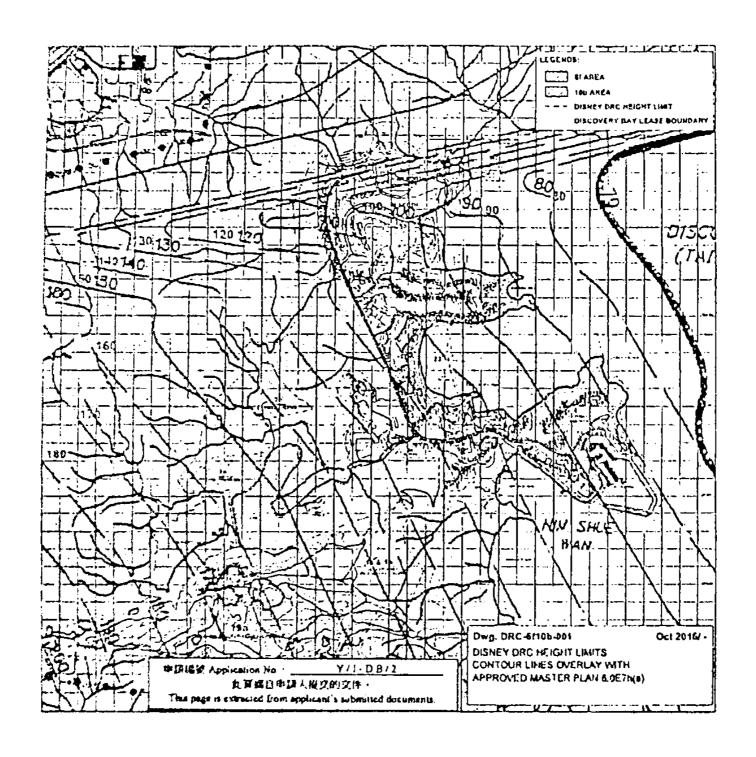


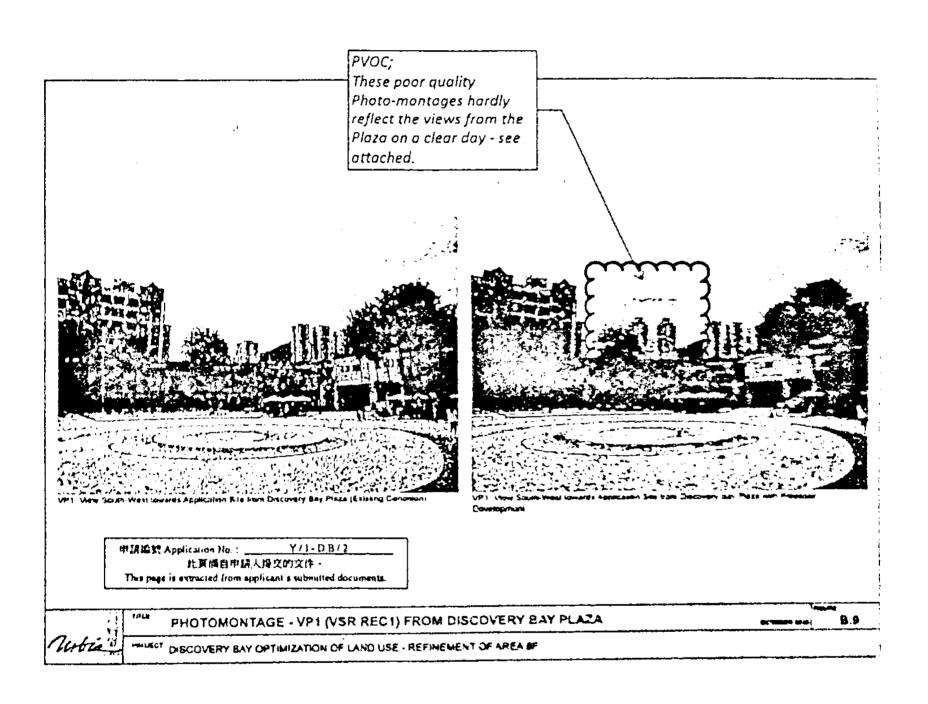












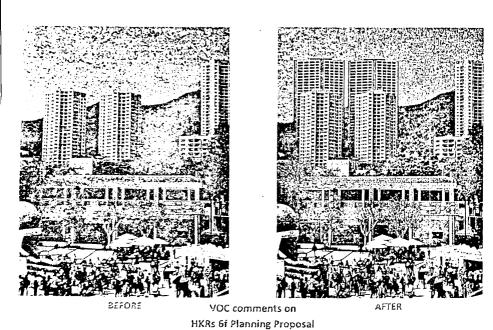
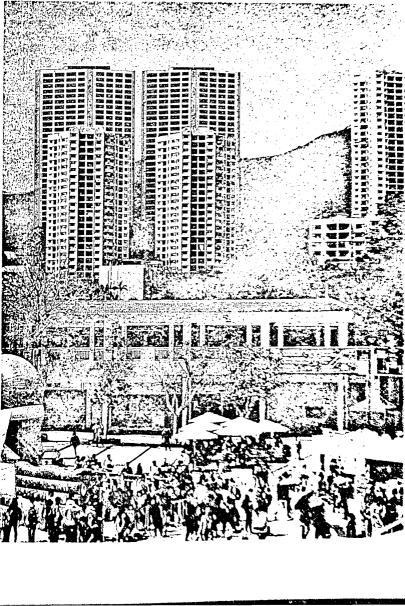
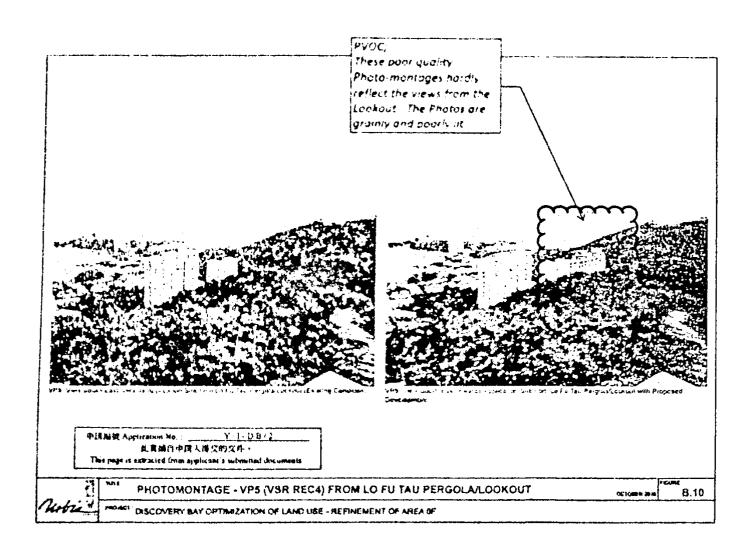
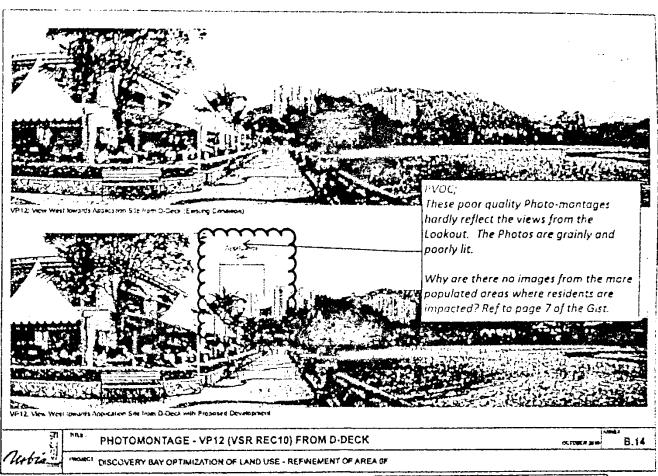


Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA

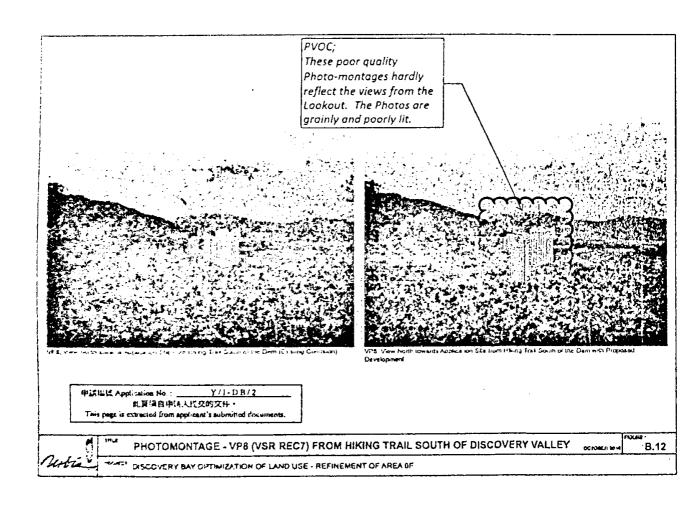






中語論號 Application No.: <u>Y/1-DB/7</u> 此頁城台市四人被文的文件。 This page is extracted from applicant's submitted documents

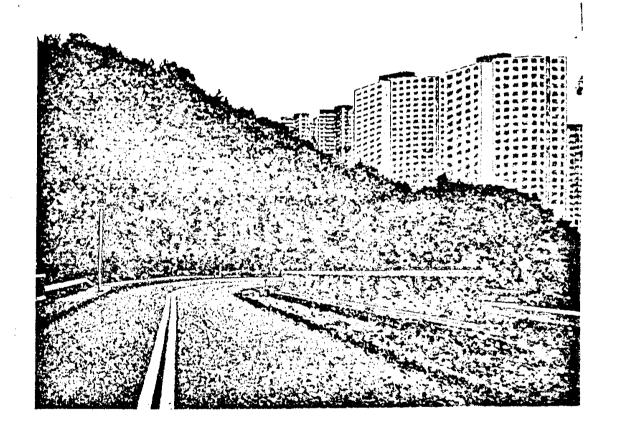


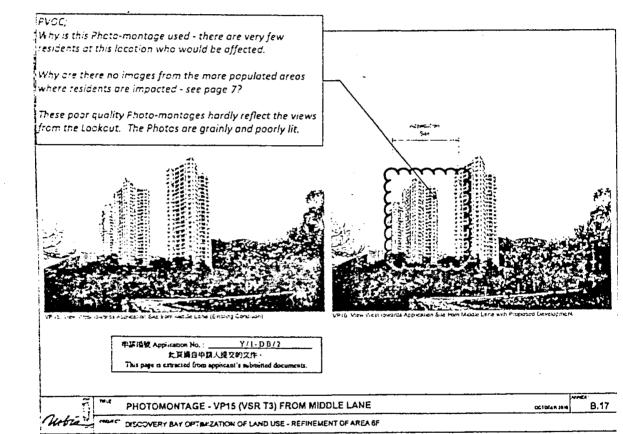


VOC comments on HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

· 1918 · 通應· 國國國 (2018年 - 通過) 建基本表 (1918年2月 1918年 1919年 1919年 - 1918年 1919年 1919年 - 1919年

Fig. 1.2.1 AFTER IMPRESSION FROM DISCOVERY BAY VALLEY ROAD





申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

與申請地點屬相同地帶的先前申請 Previous Applications Relating to the Application Site with the Same Zoning(s)

申討編號	擬誠用途/發展	城市規劃委員會的決定(日期)			
Application No.	Proposed Use/Development	Decision of			
		Town Planning Board (Date)			
Nil .					

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供·對於所戰資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異,城市規劃委員會概不 負責·若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

申請人提交的圖則、鈴園及報告費 Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文 Chinese	英文 English
預則及特別 Plans and Drawings		
總網發展藍圖/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)		
櫻宇位置圖 Block plan(s)		☐ MISSING
搜字平面圈 Floor plan(s)		[] MISSING
紙視圖 Sectional plan(s)		\square
立視圖 Elevation(s)		□ MISSING
顯示擬議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed		Ø
development		
图境設計總圖/園境設計圖 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)		\square
PVOC; ify)		\square
There are many concerns here, that have J摘錄圖則 Extract Plans of Public	•	
neen previously raised to the Board, over an and Deed of Restrictive Covenant		
afety to pedestrians and the inadequate and and beed of restrict coveriant and the inadequate and the solution for traffic - these	•	
ruestions have not been addressed.		
規劃研究 Planning studies		Ø
環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		\square
Environmental impact assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)		
就車輛的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
。就行人的交通影響部位。Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians)	$\overline{\mathcal{A}}$	MISSING
祝觉影響評估 Visual impact assessment		MISSING
景觀影響評估 Landscape impact assessment		☐ MISSING
樹木調査 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages do not make for a true visual impact		☐ MISSING
土力影響評估 Geotechnical impact as assessment, why has this not been		□ MISSING
排水影響評估 Drainage impact assess provided for the sensitive receivers?		□ MISSING
排污影響評估 Sewerage impact assessment	···	MISSING
風險評估 Risk Assessment		``□ }MISSING
其他(論註明)Others (please specily)	my	~₩
排水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply		
水質技術報告 Technical PVOC; The Risk to the public is a		
回應部門意見 Response-and has not been addressed in any		•
form - please refer to the previous		
PVOC submissions that attached.		

有關資料是乃方便市民大眾參等而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracles or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

收件者:

11.4: Łli:

新件者: 软件目期:

09日12月2016年早期五 19.57

tobox1@pland.gov.hk

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay. Objection to the Submission by the

5390

Applicant on 27, 10, 2016

Town Planning Board 15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

Dear Sir,

The Secretariat

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

I thank you in advance for your time and attention to this matter. Please note that I strongly object to the above mentioned submission.

- 1. As the ownership of the land is in question, HKR's claim that they are the sole owner is dubious and does not merit plans to develop said land. Such a crucial matter must be firmly resolved before the Submission can be considered.
- 2. My wife and I chose to live in Woodland Court, an apartment building adjacent to the proposed construction site, five years ago and have made long terms plans to stay here because it is relatively quiet, safe, and clean. We left our long-established home and jobs in Shanghai to escape noise, unsafe conditions, and pollution that exacerbated our daughter's environmental asthma. That HKR wishes to turn this area into a construction zone is anathema to our desires and needs as a family. The proposed construction will mean years of heavy trucks on an inadequately small driveway, robbing children of a safe area to play and bicycle, continual noise of blasting, dig , and construction, and untold amounts of dust, heavy machinery exhaust, and construction emissions. This would be an unhealthy environment and radically change the landscape and atmosphere of the area in negative, irreversible ways.
- 3. The Submission does not adequately address the reduction of quality of life to Discovery Bay residents and owners. The felling of mature trees, combined with the increase in foot and vehicle traffic, noise, and waste, combined with the added strain on the existing infrastructure is a major deviation from HKR's previous published vision for the Discovery Bay. As such, HKR must do much more to work with the residents and owners who have supported the development of Discovery Bay over the years if they desire continued support, financial and otherwise, to address the needs of the community that presently comprises Discovery Bay, particularly those affected by the plans outlined in the Submission.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident: Richard David Larson, Jr.

Address:

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.lik or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

5330

Dear Sir.

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

I thank you in advance for your time and attention to this matter. Please note that I strongly object the above mentioned submission.

- 1. As the ownership of the land is in question, HKR's claim that they are the sole owner is dubious and does not merit plans to develop said land. Such a crucial matter must be firmly resolved before the Submission can be considered.
- 2. My wife and I chose to live in Woodland Court, an apartment building adjacent to the proposed construction site, five years ago and have made long terms plans to stay here because it is relatively quiet, safe, and clean. We left our long-established home and jobs in Shanghai to escape noise, unsafe conditions, and pollution that exacerbated our daughter's environmental asthma. That HKR wishes to turn this area into a construction zone is anathema to our desires and needs as a family. The proposed construction will mean years of heavy trucks on an inadequately small driveway, robbing children of a safe area to play and bicycle, continual noise of blasting, digging, and construction, and untold amounts of dust, heavy machinery exhaust, and construction emissions. This would be an unhealthy environment and radically change the landscape and atmosphere of the area in negative, irreversible ways.
- 3. The Submission does not adequately address the reduction of quality of life to Discovery Bay residents and owners. The felling of mature trees, combined with the increase in foot and vehicle traffic, noise, and waste, combined with the added strain on the existing infrastructure is a major deviation from HKR's previous published vision for the Discovery Bay. As such, HKR must do much more to work with the residents and owners who have supported the development of Discovery Bay over the years if they desire continued support, financial and otherwise, to address the needs of the community that presently comprises Discovery Bay, particularly those affected by the plans outlined in the Submission.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature: R. David Jany Date: 9 Dec 2016

Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident: Richard David Larson, Jr.

Address

tpbpd

货件者:

Andrew Burns

特件日期:

の日12月2016年早時日18.43

语 科別

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

副本

dlors@landsd.gov.hk; sesis?@landsd.gov.hk; esis?@landsd.gov.hk

主旨: 附件: Application No. YA DB/2. Area 6t, Discovery Bay -- Undivided Shares TPB YI-DB? Area 6t R3 Undivided Shares.pdf 5391

10.

To: Secretary, Town Planning Board

Date:

9 December, 2016

Dear Sirs,

Re: Application No. Y/I-DB/2. Area 6f, Discovery Bay -- Undivided Shares

I take pleasure in forwarding the attached submission to the Town Planning Board in respect of the subject Application.

Yours sincerely, And lew Burns To: Secretary, Town Planning Board co: District Lands Office, Islands; LACO

Date: 9 December, 2016

Dear Sirs.

Re: Application No. Y/I-DB/2. Area 6f, Discovery Bay - Undivided Shares

I refer to the "Response to Comments" dated October 2016 on the Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2, submitted by Masterplan Limited on behalf of the Applicant, Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR).

According to the submission, Lands Department stated (Paragraph 6):

The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 30.9.1982 has notionally divided the Lot into 250,000 undivided shares. The Applicant shall prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development.

And Masterplan replied:

This is commercially sensitive information. The applicant has responded to District Lands Office directly via HKR's letter to DLO dated 3 Aug 2016.

The refusal to release essential information to the Town Planning Board under the guise that the information is "commercially sensitive" is unacceptable. HKR are making an application to amend the existing Outline Zoning Plan. A proper reckoning of the number of undivided shares still held by HKR for allocation to new developments is basic information. If HKR have insufficient undivided shares in hand to allocate to new developments, there is no point to consider the application further.

As Lands Department correctly highlighted, the lot is held under a Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). According to the DMC, undivided shares shall be allocated in sub-DMCs as the lot is developed. A review of all existing sub-DMCs for Discovery Bay shows that HKR has misallocated undivided shares to units at Discovery Bay over many years. A non-comprehensive list of the misallocation of undivided shares at Discovery Bay by HKR is provided at the Appendix.

Undivided Share Regime in Discovery Bay

The following background information will help members of the Town Planning Board to understand the unique nature of the undivided share regime at Discovery Bay.

At Page 7 of the DMC, the lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. However, the DMC goes one step further. It immediately allocates these undivided shares to various uses. These uses correspond to the uses permitted under the Discovery Bay Master Plan, which is described at Special Condition 6 of the New Grant for Discovery Bay dated 10 September, 1976 (IS 6122 in the Land Registry).

Referring to Page 7 of the DMC, we see that 56,500 undivided shares were allocated to the Residential Development (as defined in the DMC); 4,850 undivided shares to the Commercial Development; etc. As the lot is developed, it is the intention of the DMC that these defined undivided shares will be allocated to the appropriate units (Residential Development undivided shares allocated to Residential Units, etc).

At Section III of the DMC, it is stated clearly that the undivided shares allocated to a particular use may not be reallocated to other uses, except that any surplus undivided shares not required for a given use may be deemed to be Common Area and Facilities undivided shares.

Therefore, for any extension to the Residential Development, including that proposed under the current application, HKR must show that they have sufficient Residential Development undivided shares to allocate to new Residential Units.

However, a review of the sub-DMCs for Discovery Bay up to and including Neo Horizon Village shows that HKR had allocated all 56,500 Residential Development undivided shares to Residential Units in Discovery Bay upon the completion of Neo Horizon Village in 2000.

As such, the origin of the undivided shares allocated to the Residential Units completed after the year 2000, including those at Siena One, Siena Two B, Chianti and Amalfi villages and Siena Two A sub-village, is unclear. The relevant sub-DMCs and sub-sub-DMCs do not shed any light on this matter. While Reserve Undivided Shares may be allocated under certain conditions, there is no record available of the number of Reserve Undivided Shares used or remaining.

Lands Department is not a party to the DMC. Further, Lands Department does not approve the allocation of undivided shares, but only follows the submission of the Authorized Person. It is the co-owners of the lot who suffer the consequences of misallocation of undivided shares.

HKR must "prove" (to use Lands Department's language) that they have not breached / will not breach the undivided share regime under the DMC if they are allowed to proceed with the proposed new developments.

To protect the interests of all existing and future owners of the lot under the DMC, that proof must be available to all owners to allow them to review and comment for consideration by the Town Planning Board before approval of the application, if any.

Yours sincerely,

Andrew Burns
Owner and resident, Discovery Bay

<u>Appendix</u>

Non-Exhaustive List of the Misallocation of Undivided Shares at Discovery Bay

Village	Year	Detail	
Parkridge	1987	A sub-sub-DMC is issued for Parkland Drive 1-7 (IS 136799), allocating undivided shares from the Parkridge Village Sub-DMC (IS 112092). However, no Residential Development undivided shares remain under the sub-DMC, as all had already been allocated to the Parkridge tower blocks. HKR allocate undivided shares without having any undivided shares to allocate.	
Greenvale	1994	A sub-sub-DMC is issued for Greenvale 7C2 (IS 213300). However, there are insufficient Residential Development undivided shares remaining under the Greenvale Village Sub-DMC (IS 164194) to allocate to all Residential Units in the sub-phase. HKR allocate one less undivided share than management units to all Residential Units.	
Peninsula	1996	A sub-sub-DMC is issued for Coastline (IS 231338). However, there are insufficient Residential Development undivided shares remaining under the Peninsula Village Sub-DMC (IS 162615) to allocate to all the Residential Units in the sub-phase. HKR spread the shortfall among all Residential Units and allocate fractional undivided shares to each unit.	
Greenvale	2003	A sub-sub-DMC is issued for Siena Two A (IS 314645), allocating undivided shares from the Greenvale Village Sub-DMC (IS 164194). However, insufficient Residential Development undivided shares remain under the sub-DMC, as most had already been allocated to the Greenvale tower blocks. HKR allocate undivided shares without having any undivided shares to allocate.	
Post 2000	2000->	HKR exhausted all of their Residential Development undivided shares with the completion of Neo Horizon Village in 2000. While the DMC allows HKR to substitute Reserve Undivided Shares when shares of a given use are depleted, there is no public record of the use of Reserve Undivided Shares or how many HKR still hold.	
Post 2000	2000->	A review of the AP Certificates for all developments from 2000 onward shows that undivided shares have been allocated on the basis of Gross Floor Area, which is the net floor area after deductions allowed by the Building Authority. Under the DMC, undivided shares must be allocated on the basis of GBA. GBA is defined in the DMC. It is the floor area before any deductions allowed by the Building Authority. Hence, fewer undivided shares than stipulated by the DMC have been allocated to all Residential Units built since 2000. This has allowed HKR to retain more Undivided Shares than permitted under the DMC.	

tpbpd		
寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨: 附件:	Seshima Safaya 09441.24 201646 5/2/9/7c 18:24 upbpdo*pland.gov lik Application No. YA-DB/2 Area 6f PVOC Third Comments on the Section 12A Application further information (1).pdf	5392
Dear Sir/Madam	,	
Application No.	Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f	
I have read the at	tached submission from the	
PARKVALE OW	NERS COMMITTEEfor 6f, and	
I w to register	my objection with the TPB accordingly.	
Regards,		
Soshima Safaya		



Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Further Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- 3. Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.
 - Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
 - Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
 - Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
 - Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
 - Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
 - Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

In its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the



Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline 11a. 308 "Guidelines – for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land—use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to aecide what is commercially sensitive (re-ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to keep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the applicant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

- F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key element of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to pass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- 1. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- Siope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.



M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

Annex:

- 1. Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR
- It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April – June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- 3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- 8. Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing



together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

 The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

B. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation. i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New.Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
- 2. Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

1. A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health.

A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The
Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures
that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this
application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.

E. HKR'S RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- 2. HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- 3. AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposal (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area 6f are not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for effluent standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Annex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- EPD comments HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-optimal standalone STW within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summarise the EIAO implications of the proposed development". (I.e. Area 6f).
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet all of EPD's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

- d. Specific 4 HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?
- e Specific S again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about engoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8. EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of 5m between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- a. Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections B, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale, continue to be ignored, e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-completion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.





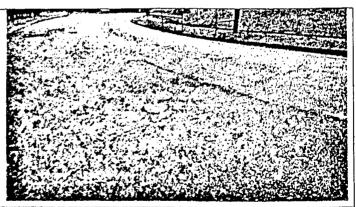
Aerial image of existing Parkvale Village with imposed 6f Development



- 3. Paragraph 10.15 of the application notes that "The 476 units and 1,190 populations increase as a result of the proposal is very modest development intensities". In the context of Parkvale Village, we do not agree with this statement, as it is proposed that all traffic and people generated by the proposed development would have to pass through our currently peaceful village. Not only will the considerable construction traffic have to drive up a hill past the existing low rise flats in the village and then past the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, the significant increase in operational traffic, including the increase in the number of buses, required to service the proposed 476 flats, being nearly double the number of flats in the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, will cause ongoing noise, poor air quality and disturbance to the residents of Parkvale Village.
- 4. Parkvale Drive comprises three sections, being:

Section 1 - from Discovery Valley Road to the junction with Middle Lane, being a relatively narrow hill covered in asphalt, which is also the only means of access to Midvale Village.

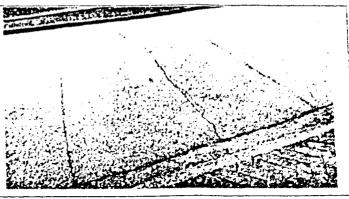
Settlement
cracking evident in
asphalt surface on
Section 1 of
Parkvale Drive



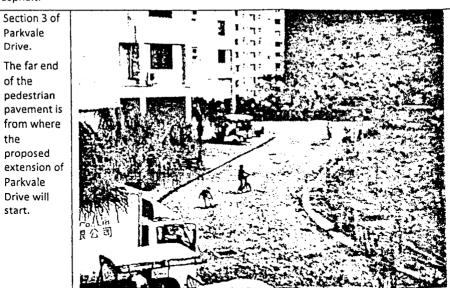


Section 2 - from the junction with Middle Lane to the start of the pedestrian pavement behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, being a steep narrow hill covered in asphalt.

Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 2 of Parkvale Drive.



Section 3 – the "Passageway", as defined in the Parkvale Village Sub-DMC, providing access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, which is designed as a pedestrian pavement and made of paving blocks, not asphalt.



5. We noted in our previous comments that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuited as a means of access to Area 6f due to concerns regarding its state of repair and its width constraints and due to emergency vehicle access and safety concerns.

- 6. We are very surprised and concerned that no government department has asked about the suitability of Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and that HKR has not addressed our concerns in its Further Information.
- 7. State of Repair As the photographs above show, the state of repair of Parkvale Drive is aiready poor. Furthermore, no section of Parkvale Drive was constructed to support heavy usage. In particular, Section 3 is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations, and therefore is only currently designed to cater for 20 tonne FS and operational loading. There is significant concern over the existing and visible damage and settlement that has resulted from the current usage of all three sections of Parkvale Drive, especially of Section 3, the pedestrian pavement section. The surface was not built to be able to sustain usage by heavy construction traffic, nor the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats, being almost twice that of the existing Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.

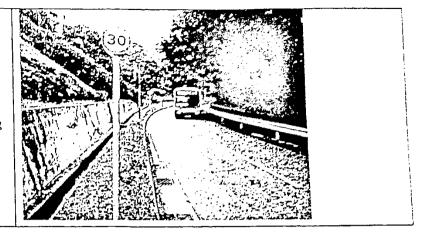
Settlement evident to 20 tonne rated paving resulting from current traffic loading at start of proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f.



- 8. Although this is known by HKR, no mention of it is made in its application or Further Information.
- 9. The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvale Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale Village, but they do bear a share of these costs and the costs of maintaining all other such roads in Discovery Bay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 3 of Parkvale Drive are born by the owners of Parkvale Village as these sections only serve Parkvale Village. We are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and ongoing maintenance costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10. Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large vehicles. When residential shuttle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Drive, other small vans or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.

Section 1 of Parkvale Drive.

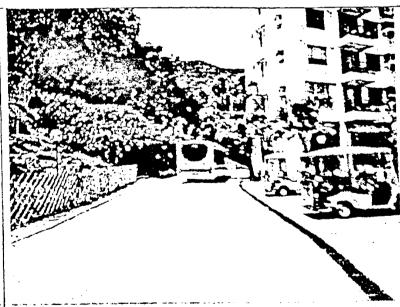
The view looking up the hill, illustrating the difficulty large vehicles have in passing one another.



- 11. When a residential shuttle bus enters the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive there is no ability for other vehicles to manoeuvre, especially while the bus turns in the cul-de-sac.
- 12. The corner of Woodbury Court is only 11 cm (see photograph below) from the edge of the Passageway. It seems unlikely that large equipment, such as earthmoving equipment, piling gear or tower crane segments, could safely transit this constricted area, if at all. In any event, there would be no safe place for pedestrians with such heavy equipment or construction vehicles passing.

Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.

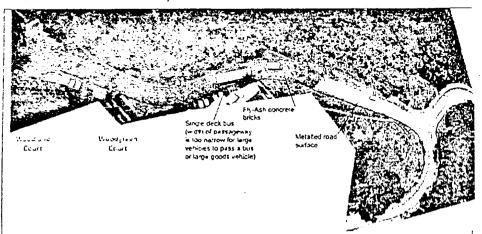
View of the rear of Woodbury Court, illustrating the narrowness of the pedestrian pavement, its lack of a carriageway to separate vehicles from pedestrians and the inability of vehicles to pass one another.



13. The considerable construction traffic will significantly exacerbate these profile its especially when a construction vehicle and a bus, or when two construction vehicles, are travelling in opposite directions along Parkyale Drive.



- 14. Emergency Access In the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.
- 15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.

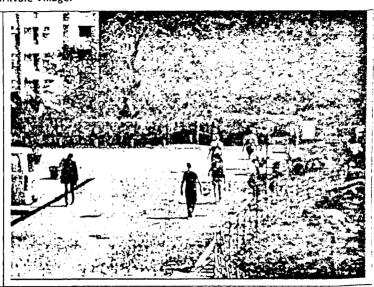


14,Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbies of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.

17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

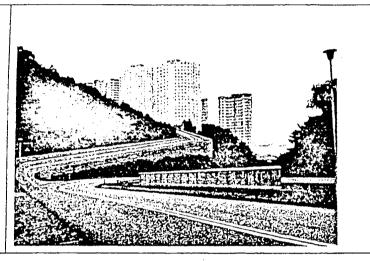
Section 3 of
Parkvale Drive.
View of the
pedestrian
pavement
leading to the
start of the
proposed
extension of
Parkvale Drive
to Area 6f,
illustrating that
it is primarily a
pedestrian
thoroughfare.



- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent hour road from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the potential traffic impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Valley Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

- that there are no impacts on the surrounding areas and that they will use the Parkvale Drive access. We consider this as totally unsatisfactory.
- 21. Furthermore, no Government Department has requested HKR to propose an alternative access, despite the concerns regarding using Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and the alternative access which we noted in our comments on the original application and in our comments on the HKR's first submission of Further Information.
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Valley Road would not require the use of any part of Parkvale Drive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.

Alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road.



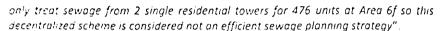
G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- 1. All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is



- environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red tides as well as concentrations of E. coli.
- 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 cu ms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 5. The consultants have not undertaken a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations, nor a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their approach to modelling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's guide to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this, the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub—optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. in paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex G "Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will





- 8. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.
- 9. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage gipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Slu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 36 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the



gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE DB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As previously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas of and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. HKR has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area of (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment works and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas of and 10b.
- This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no
 information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental
 and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the
 supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTV) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

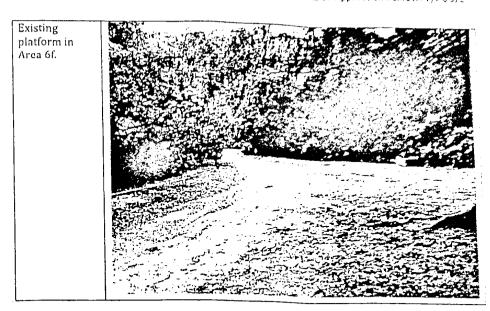
- A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone, TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSD and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.

J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT

- 1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.





- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR'S RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- 1. The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- 2. In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f".
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f
- 5. Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject hKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section E above.



I PLANNING CONTROLS

- Pranning controls include the Master Plan, population ceiling of DB and the allocation of undivided shares under the DB Deed of Mutual Covenant.
- 2. Regarding the Master Plan (MP), it was pointed out in comment 4402 submitted last July that, although it has been updated recently, it still does not match the current outline zoning plan (OZP) or the existing development on the Lot. Furthermore, in order to protect the interests of the current 8,300+ assigns of the developer, it is essential that the existing MP and OZP are aligned with the existing development on the Lot before any consideration of any proposal to amend the OZP. Otherwise, there is simply too much risk that the rights of the other owners of the Lot will be interfered with. This aspect appears to have been ignored by both HKR and the TPB.
- 3. With regard to population, it is clear that, with Areas 6f and 10b and other obviously planned developments, HKR is moving towards breaching the population ceiling of 25,000, which is the maximum as per the approved OZP, without going through the necessary government procedure. This latest submission completely ignores this point and only refers to population in the context of water supply.
- 4. Furthermore, unfortunately it appears that relevant government departments have not considered our comments as there is no reference to this subject in the list of department comments.
- 5. HKR's original application noted that the current population of Discovery Bay is 15,000 and that the current approved OZP limits the population to 25,000. Subsequently the current population was amended 19,585 (as per the records of DB Services Management Limited, the property management company of DB and a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR). There is no information provided which would provide assurances about the population figure quoted by HKR. This is information in respect of the method of collection, management of the data and whether it is audited to ensure its reliability. Population figures are a vital element of planning for, and control of, development. It is essential that the population figures quoted and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of interest here since HKR is using figures provided by its wholly owned subsidiary. The TPB is requested to address this serious issue before processing any further applications of any kind in respect of DB.
- 6. The difference between the maximum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas 6f and 10b is only 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted last July which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7.0E. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and Lands Department is ignoring what HKR is doing.



- 8. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by Government to demonstrate, in a fully accountable manner, that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. This should include an accurate count of the existing population using an independent collection method and the expected population of areas for which HKR seeks approval to develop before the Section 12A applications in respect Areas 6f and 10b are considered any further.
- 9. It is clear that the TPB is in danger of being persuaded by this incremental approach, using population figures which are not independent of HKR, to considering projects, especially given the very small population difference of 1,412 mentioned above, to indirectly allow a breaching of the 25,000 population ceiling. There is an urgent need by government to address this issue. Otherwise, in the future, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000. In view of the serious nature of this issue, these comments will again be sent to both the Director of Audit and the Discovery Bay District Councillor for their action. In addition this submission will also be sent to the Ombudsman, as it is clear the administrative processes of the TPB and the Lands Department are either incapable of handling this aspect or just negligent.
- 10. The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which HKR is well aware of from the efforts of a DB owner over the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much correspondence between the owner, HKR and Lands Department and presentations to VOCs and the City Owners Committee (COC). Furthermore, this subject is covered in comment number 4402 submitted last July to the TPB and the Lands Department has asked HKR to prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development of Area 6f. HKR has replied to the Lands Department by requesting the information to be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11. The final determinant of the ultimate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime in which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: 56,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2,150 to Clubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. 55,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12. Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- 13. The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TPS that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 16. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area 6f and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

ŗ,

- 1. The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:
- 3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":
 - a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
 - b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
 - c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
 - d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area 6f without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for

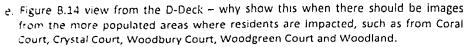


heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure B.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure B.2. This figure includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. I.e. the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC montage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- 6. The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorly lit.
 - b. Figure B.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VOC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure B.10 view from Lookout these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.
 - d. Figure 8.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.



- f. Figure 8.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:	
	9 Dècember 2016	

Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.

Parkvale Village Owners Committee Chairman



Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

賽字申讀編號 YI-DB2 而只作指示用途的扱識發展計劃的概括發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative

<u>Per elopment Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/L-DB/2</u> 記述於 2016 年 10 月 27 日接援的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27,10,2016

(m)	亭車位及上落	高麗夫球車停泊位(申請人未有抗	提供停泊位數目) Go	olf cart parking			
	Open Space	- 私人 Private	方米」				
(1)	No. of units 休憩用地		不少於 Not less than 1 190 平				
(k)	單位數目	476 住宅單位 Flats					
(j)	上蓋面積 Site coverage	約 About 30 %					
! 	space) No. of storeys			基準以上)mPD)			
	Building height (measured to the highest usable floor	综合用途 Composite	- 米(主水平 - 層 storey(s - 米 m	基準以上)mPD			
	/	非住用 Non-domestic	18 層 storey(s)			
(i)	建築初高度(以最高實用樓面空間計算)	住用 Domestic	65 米 m 120 米(主水平	基準以上)mPD			
		综合用途 Composite					
(11)	No. of block	非住用 Non-domestic					
(b)	運 數	住用 Domestic	2				
!	and/or plot ratio		21,600 2.83				
:	Total floor area	住用 Domestic	約 About	約 About			
(2)	經樓面面積 及/或地積比率		平方米 m²	地積比率 Plot ratio			
-		annotated "Staff Quarters (5)	To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)" to "Residential (Group C) 12"				
	Proposed Amendment(s)	= 1: 121:	宅(丙類)12」地帶				
(1)	提議修訂	把「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」地帶改劃為「住					
-	Zoning	"Other Specified Uses" ar	"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)"				
(0)	_		「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」				
	Plan	Approved Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan No. S/I-DB/4					
(E)i	基 系	愉景灣分區計劃大網核准圖編號 S/I-DB/4					
(2)	七望面積 Site area	約 About 7,623 平方米 m²					
		Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext. (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay					
ďΣ	位置 / 地址 Location/Address	館景灣第 6f 區丈量約份第 352 約地段第 385 號餘段及增批 部分(部分)					
	Application no.	Y/1-DB/2					
(3)		V/I DB/2					

(m) 停車位及上落 客貨車位數目 Space (number of parking space not provided by applicant) No. of parking 维修車輛上落客貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目)Servicing

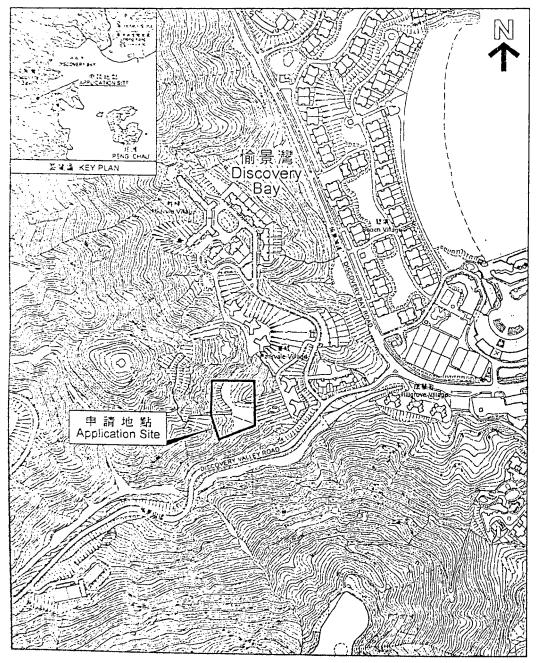
No. of parking と 维修車輛上落名貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目)Servicing spaces and loading vehicles loading/unloading space (number of loading/unloading space not unloading spaces provided by applicant)

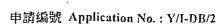
有關資料是為方便市民大學養有而提供一對於所放資料在使用企的問如及又裁正的政業。原用規劃委員會概不負責,若有任何疑問,歷查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



Y/I-DB/2





備註 Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日,申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的發展 總綱藍圖、截視圖、閩境設計總圖、環境影響評估、規劃報告、排水、排污及供水研究、 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公契的摘錄圖則。

On 27.10.2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant.

PVOC; Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC

Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

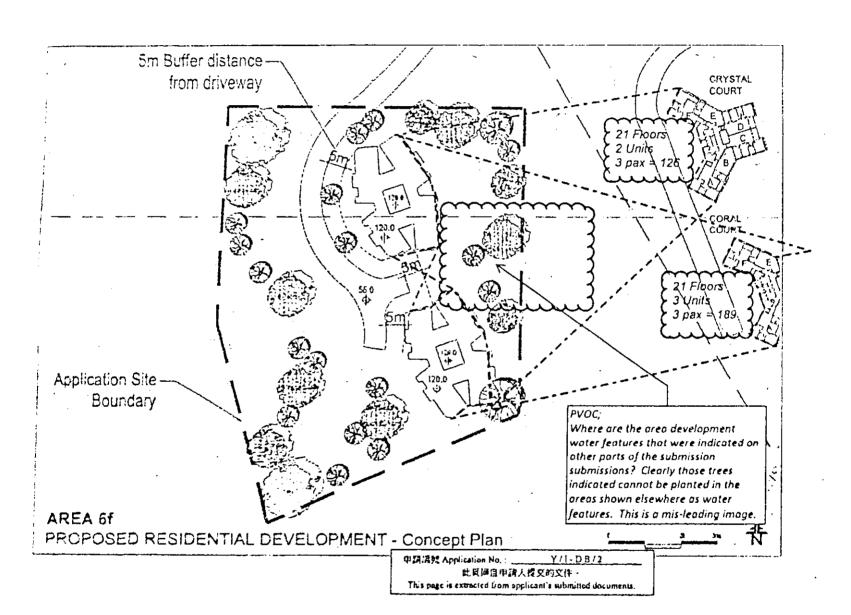
PVOC;

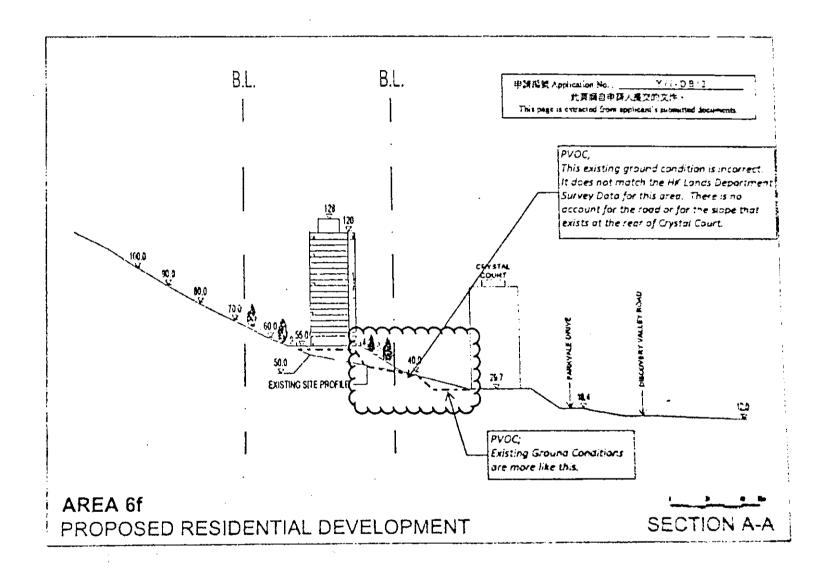
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and are not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

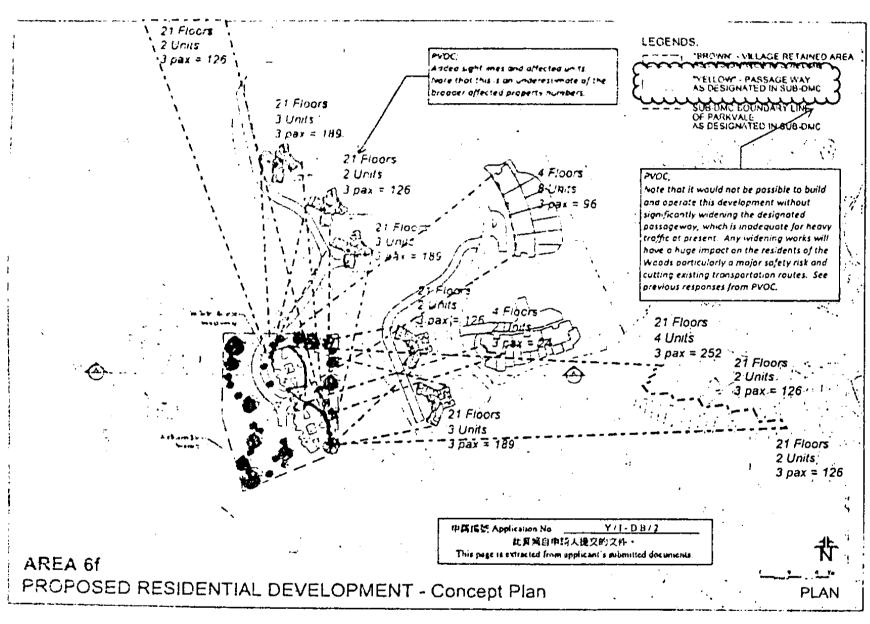
Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

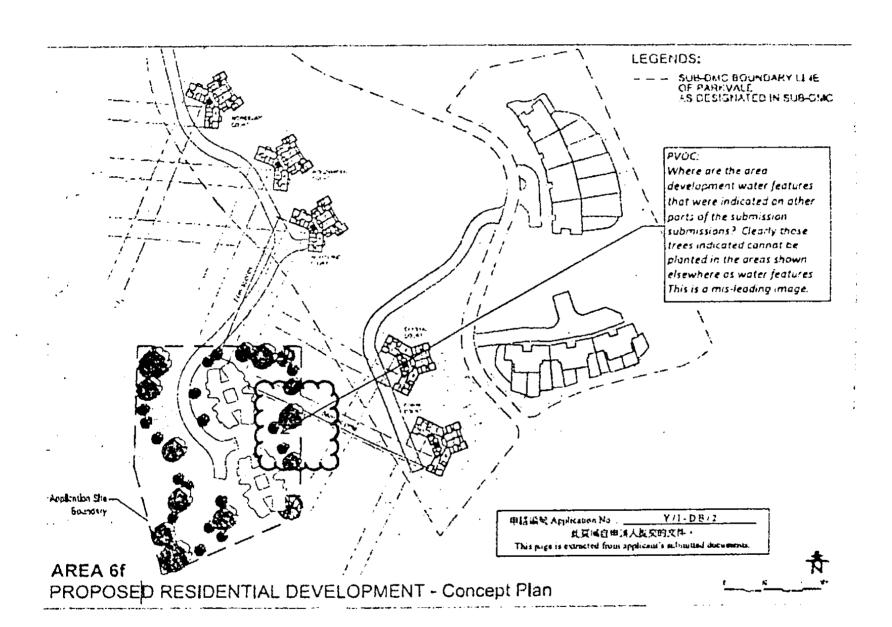
有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異、城市規劃委員 會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提它的文件。

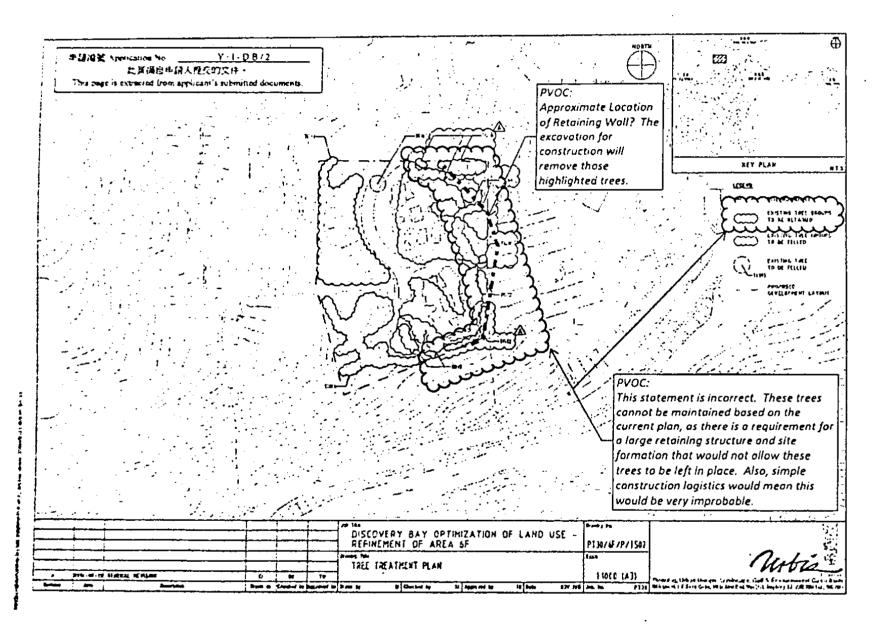
The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant

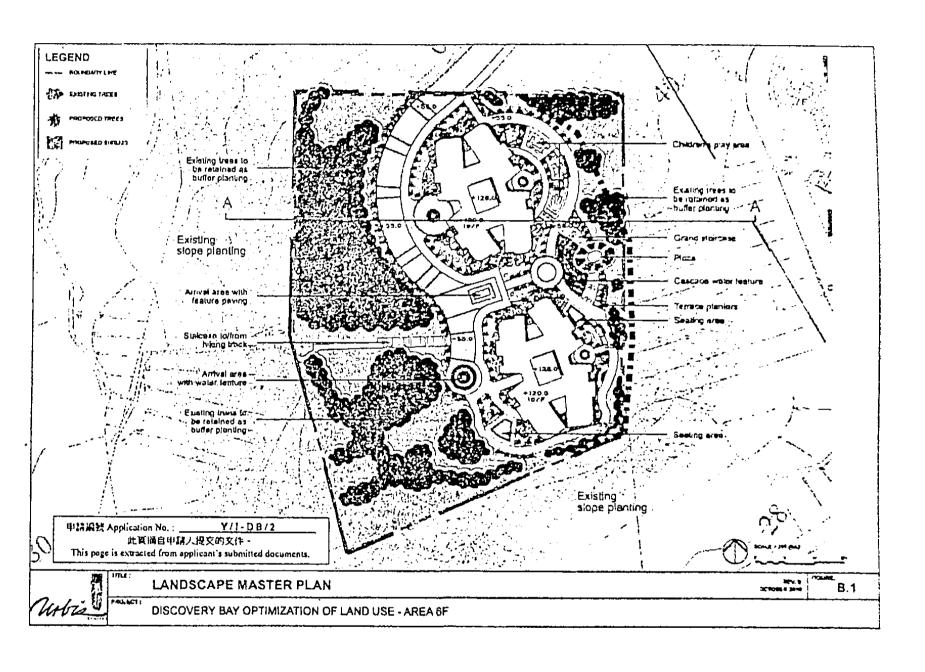


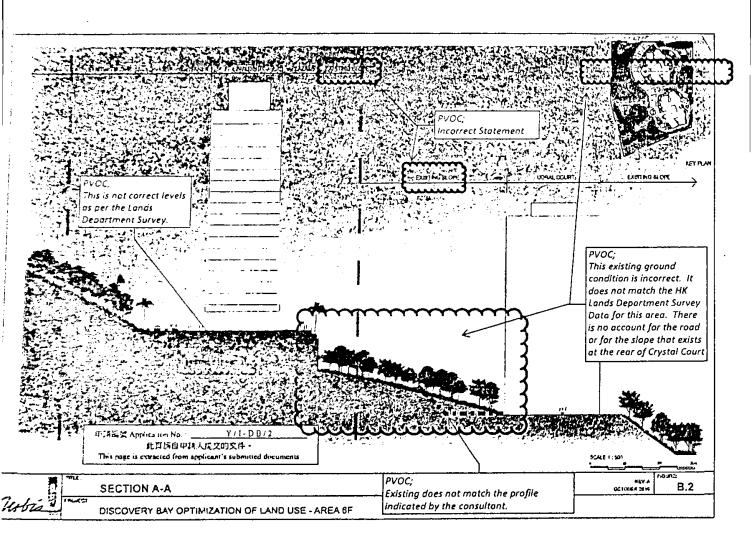




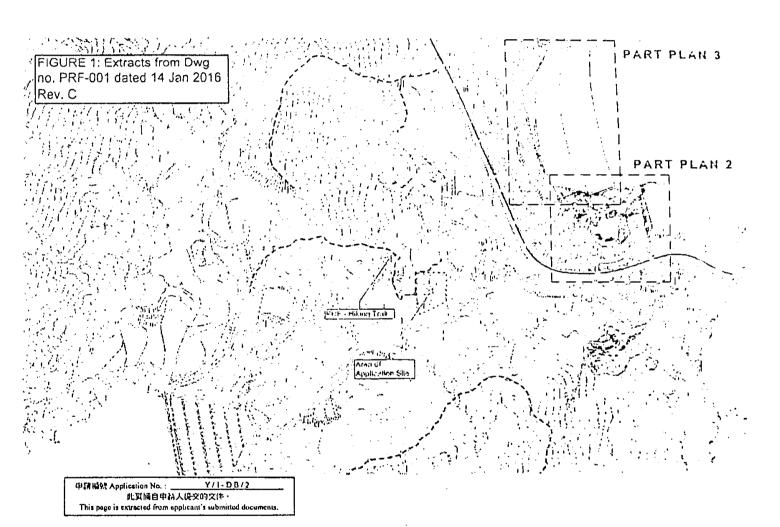




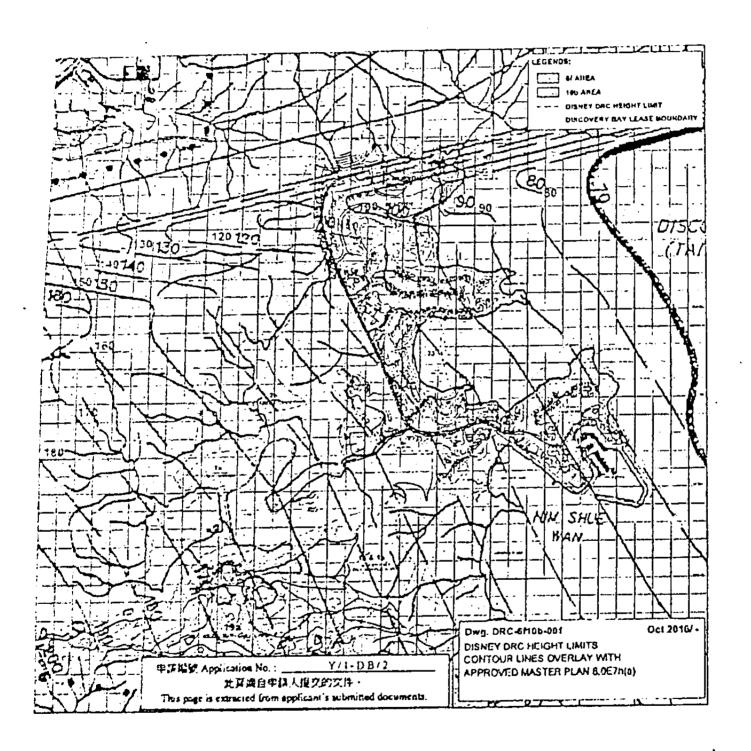






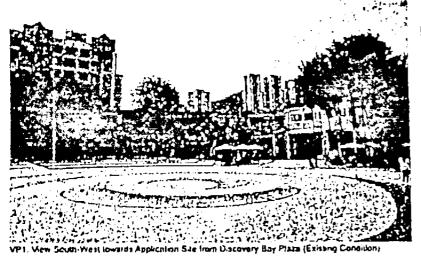


(Andrews Andrews Andr





These poor quality
Photo-montages hardly
reflect the views from the
Plaza on a clear day - see
attached.



VP3; Vrow South-West towards Application Stalltom Discovery Bay Plaza with Processed Development

中請编號 Application No.:

Y/I-DB/2

此頁傾自申請人提文的文件。
This page is extracted from applicant's submitted documents.

4 un

Urbia

PHOTOMONTAGE - VP1 (VSR REC1) FROM DISCOVERY BAY PLAZA

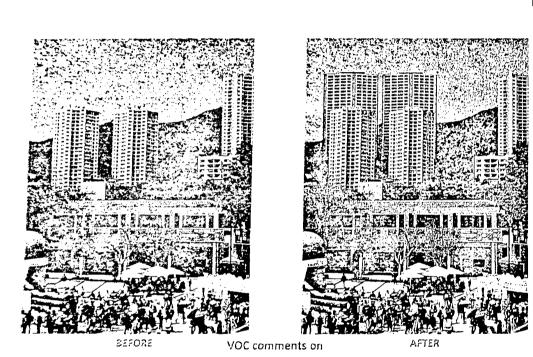
DC PAGES 2015

ີ Β.

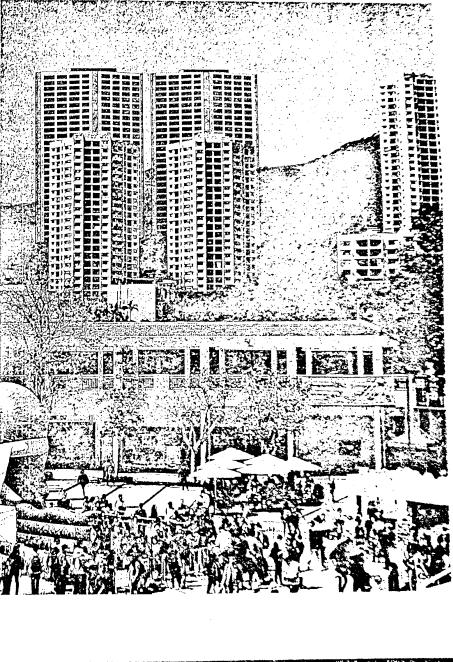
PRIMECT DISCOVERY BAY OPTIMIZATION OF LAND USE - REFINEMENT OF AREA 6F

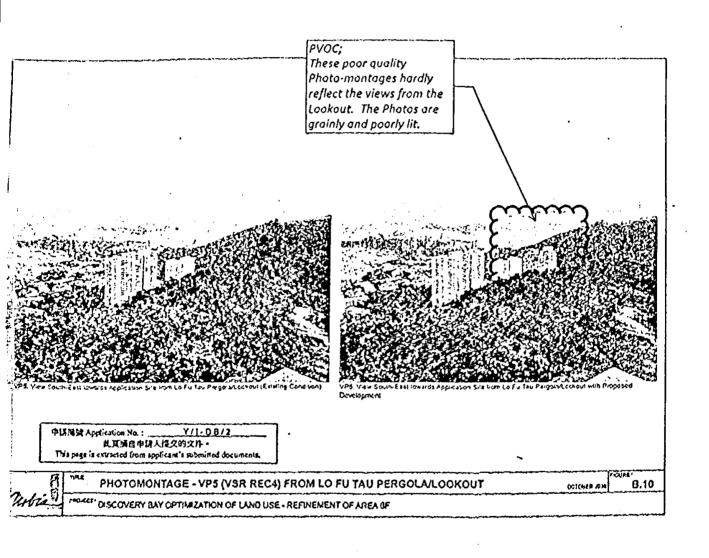


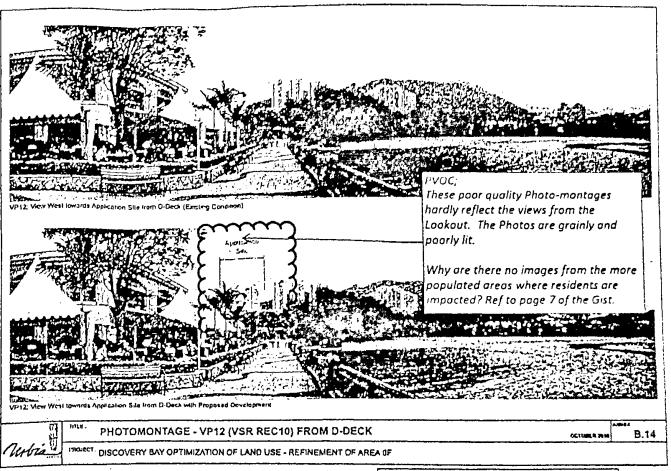




HKRs 6f Planning Proposal Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA

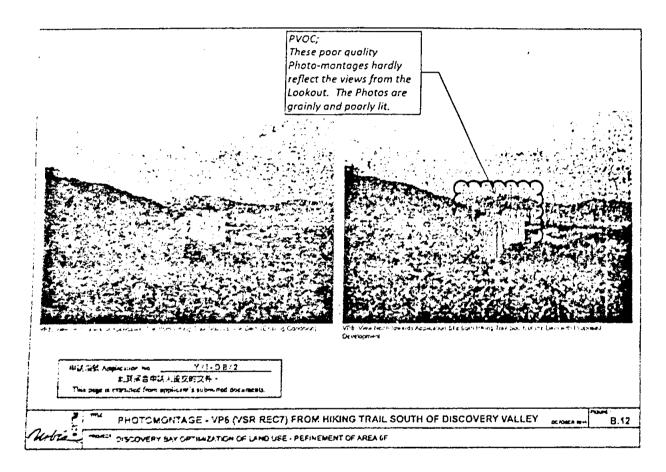






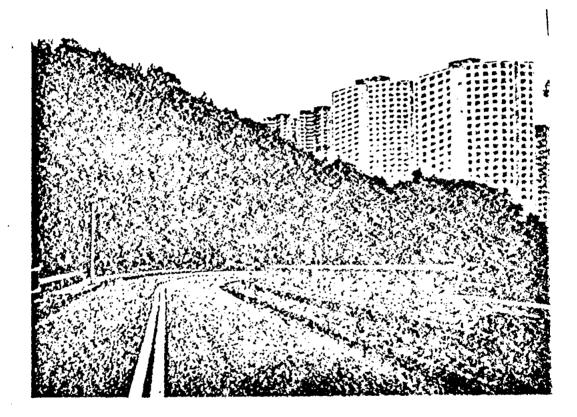
申請編輯 Application No. <u>Y/1-DD/2</u> 此取四の部人規模的文件 -This page is extracted from applicant's submetted documents.

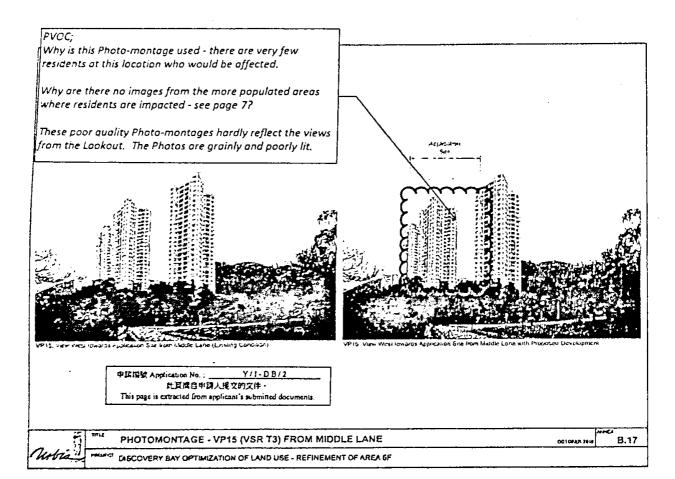




VOC comments on HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

Fig. 1.2.1 AFTER IMPRESSION FROM DISCOVERY BAY VALLEY ROAD







THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

與申請地點屬相同地帶的先前申請 Previous Applications Relating to the Application Site with the Same Zoning(s)

申請編號	擬誠用途/發展	城市規劃委員會的決定(日期)
Application No.	Proposed Use/Development	Decision of Town Planning Board (Date)
	Nil	

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供・對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異・城市規劃委員會概不 負責・若有任何疑問・應查閱申請人提交的文件・

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



申請编號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

申請人提交的圖則、繪圖及報告書 Plans. Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文	英文
	Chinese	English
監則及繪图 Plans and Drawings		
總調發展藍圖/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)		Ø
核字位置圖 Block plan(s)		☐ MISSING
樓字平面圖 Floor plan(s)		☐ MISSING
截視圖 Sectional plan(s)		\square
立視圖 Elevation(s) 顯示擬議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed		☐ MISSING
		\square
development		
圖境設計總圖/國境設計圖 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)		☑
PVOC; ify)		\square
There are many concerns here, that have p摘錄圖則 Extract Plans of Public	-	
been previously raised to the Board, over safety to pedestrians and the inadequate		
longterm solution for traffic - these	_	
questions have not been addressed.		
規劃研究 Planning studies		Ø
環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		Ø
Environmental impact assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)		
就車輛的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)		MISSING
幹行人的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians)	····	∴∏ MISSING
祝党影響評価 Visual impact assessment	تتنظنند	MISSING
系裁影響評估 Landscape impact assessment	<u></u>	MISSING
樹木調查 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages		☐ MISSING
土力影響評估 Geotechnical impact assessment, why has this not been		☐ MISSING
排水影響評估 Drainage impact assess provided for the sensitive receivers?		☐ MISSING
排污影響評估 Sewerage impact assessment		MISSING
風險評估 Risk Assessment		☐ 3MISSING
其他(讀註明) Uthers (please specify)	$\frac{1}{2}$	ديين
排水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply	-	
水質技術報告 Technical I PVOC; The Risk to the public is a		
同應部門賽貝 Response to Major concern for this development		
form - please refer to the previous	-	
PVOC submissions that attached		

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異。城市規劃委員會概不 負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

0011123/12010 (\@.991/\) 18:20

tpbpd@pland.gov.lik Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f

PVOC Third Comments on the Section 12A Application further information (1) pdf

5393

Dear Sir/Madam,

收件者:

±11:

附件:

Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f

I have read the attached submission from the

PARKVALE OWNERS COMMITTEEfor 6f, and

I want to register my objection with the TPB accordingly.

Regards,

Suren Safaya

Parkvale Village Owners' Committee

Comments on the Second Further Information Submitted in Support of Section 12A Application Number Y/I-DB/2 to amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay.

Introduction

In April and July 2016 we, the Parkvale Village Owner's Committee (PVOC), a body of owners in Parkvale Village in Discovery Bay (DB) elected to represent the interests of the owners of the 606 flats in the village, submitted our comments on Hong Kong Resort Company Limited's (HKR) Section 12A Application "To Amend Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan for rezoning the permissible use from staff quarters to flats at Area 6f, Discovery Bay". Our comments were assigned number 1512 (April) and 2787 (July) by the Town Planning Board (TPB).

This document includes our comments on the Further Information (made available by the TPB on 18 November 2016) submitted by HKR in response to comments made by government departments.

Further Information

The Further Information submitted by HKR comprises:

- 1. Masterplan Limited's covering letter.
- HKR's response to departmental comments made available by the District Planning Office on 25 and 28 July 2016.
- 3. Annexes:
 - Annex A Revised Concept Plan.
 - Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract).
 - Annex C Revised Environmental Study.
 - Annex D Revised Planning Statement (extract).
 - Annex E Technical Note on Water Quality.
 - Annex F Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan (extract) and Deeds of Restrictive Covenant (extract).
 - Annex G Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply.

No substantive change has been made to the Further Information submitted in June.

In its covering letter, Masterplan Limited, on behalf of HKR, states that it has responded only to departmental comments. It is clear that, again, our concerns which we expressed in our comments submitted in April and July have not been addressed at all or very inadequately in HKR's responses to the departmental comments, nor in the other parts of their latest submission of Further Information. Indeed, it appears that the TPB has not circulated our comments to all relevant government departments and bureaux.

For example, we have drawn attention to many traffic access aspects, such as safety and emergency situations, which do not appear to have been raised by the TPB with either the



Fire Services Department (FSD) or the Police. In fact everything we have submitted in respect of Traffic appears to have been completely ignored by HKR and the TPB, and, if consulted by the TPB, government departments and bureaux. Furthermore, as confirmed by the absence, again, of a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians in this latest submission of Further Information, HKR and the TPB are completely ignoring this key concern. This is not acceptable.

Public comments have to be submitted in accordance with TPB Guideline No. 308 "Guidelines – for submission of comments on various applications under the Town Planning Ordinance". Paragraph 4.7 of the guideline states that: "Public comments should be related to the planning context of the application and submitted in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Ordinance. These public comments will be assessed by the Board on a case-by-case basis and only planning-related considerations will be taken into account. As a general guideline, the Board will primarily consider the following planning issues in considering the public comments on the application: (a) the nature (e.g. views in support, against or expressing general concern) of the public comment; (b) the planning intention, land—use compatibility and impacts (e.g. effects on the environment, ecology, traffic, infrastructure, landscape, visual and the local community etc.); (c) comments specific to the proposed scheme; and (d) other considerations that the Board considers appropriate."

Attention is also drawn to paragraph 6.1 of this guideline which states that "This set of Guidelines only provides general guidance on the publication of applications for amendment of plan, planning permission and review and submission of comments on the various applications under the Ordinance. It is not meant in any way to restrict the contents of any application or comment made, nor to restrict the right of the Board to require further information."

The PVOC considers that this third submission from the PVOC has again properly complied with TPB Guideline No. 30B, whereas the Submission of Further Information from HKR does not.

Masterplan Limited states that the technicalities of the proposal are capable of being easily resolved. However, the inadequacies and omissions of their, and the other consultant's reports, indicate that they are not capable of resolving them.

In this submission we again highlight our principal concerns regarding the proposed development of two 18 storey buildings, including 476 flats, of 21,600 m2 GFA on a platform created to accommodate a 170m² GFA three storey Building.

These principal concerns are described in the following sections:

- A. Inadequate and unreliable information has been provided by HKR. E.g. HKR has submitted studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- B. Public Consultation is inadequate and non-transparent.
- C. Consultation with all relevant government departments and bureaux has been inadequate and incomplete.
- D. A Risk Assessment has not been undertaken.
- E. HKR's responses to government department comments have been inadequate and evasive. It cannot be acceptable in a public consultation exercise for the applicant alone

to decide what is commercially sensitive (re ownership of Passageway and allocation of undivided shares) and to keep that information from being publicly commented upon. All information provided by the applicant must be placed in the public domain so the public can comment on it. The table setting out these responses cannot be considered to be comprehensive.

- F. Despite Annex C of the latest Further Information stating in paragraph 2.1.1.4 that a key element of the development is the "access road", there is no information provided as to its construction through Parkvale village. There are many issues arising from unsuitable access to the site such as: the part of Parkvale Drive which is designed as a pedestrian pavement under BD regulations and the effect of additional construction and operational traffic on it; width constraints of Parkvale Drive which limit the ability of larger vehicles, including buses and construction vehicles, to pass one another; potential lack of emergency access to Parkvale Drive in the event of an accident; safety, as the proposed access to the site is a pedestrian area used by residents and the public; and HKR's lack of consideration of alternative access to the site. As pointed out above, HKR continues to not submit, in its Further Information, a Traffic Impact Assessment on Pedestrians which is listed under the Reports to be submitted.
- G. A sewage treatment works (STW) is to be included in Area 6f with discharge directly into the sea next to the ferry pier using either a gravity pipe or the open nullah which is adjacent to Hillgrove Village. However, it is clear from HKR's comments that the latter is the intended approach. Also, HKT tries to minimise the pollution impact of discharge of sewage into the sea whereas it will increase the TIN and TPs, thereby increasing the probability of, e.g., red tide in Discovery Bay waters. Not surprisingly HKR's consultants say that the sewage proposal "is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".
- H. HKR is misleading the TPB by saying there are two options re water supply but, as previously pointed out (since government has confirmed that its facilities at the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station are not available for the foreseeable future), there is only one which is a potable water supply to be provided by re-opening, after 16 years, the DB water treatment plant and using water from the DB reservoir.
- 1. No information is provided regarding the provision of other utilities to Area 6f and how it will affect Parkvale Village, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is the provision of utilities. Furthermore, there is no reference to the DB LPG gas system which has recently suffered an explosion which is the subject of investigations by EMSD and FSD.
- J. Slope safety of the area, where the two proposed 18 story buildings will be built, is ignored, despite Annex C paragraph 2.1.1.4 stating that a key element of the development is site formation. HKR continues to ignore CEDD's request for HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development and to submit a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR).
- K. Ownership issues HKR's right to use Parkvale Drive as access to Area 6f is still disputed.
- L. Planning controls of Discovery Bay are ignored in respect of the Master Plan (MP) and Outline Zone Plan (OZP) relationship, the 25,000 population ceiling and the allocation of undivided shares and management units under the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC). Furthermore, HKR has a conflict of interest regarding population data, in that current figures are provided by its wholly owned subsidiary, DB Management Services Limited.



M. Diagrams and photomontages are often misleading, inaccurate and of poor quality.

Annex:

- 1. Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.
- A. INADEQUATE AND UNRELIABLE INFORMATION HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY HKR
- 1. It can be seen from the latest Further Information that the consultants have not visited Area 6f since April June 2014. In view of the many comments made previously and the intense concern over the proposal, it is very surprising and negligent that the consultants have not revisited the site to see the physical nature of the comments (e.g. over traffic issues) and the current condition of the area.
- 2. In the latest Gist published by the TPB there is a list of Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by HKR in its latest submission of Further Information. The planning process by now, 19 years since the Handover, should be bi-lingual. The current situation means that only residents who can read English will be able to read the application and submit comments, thereby excluding many residents from a so called public consultation exercise.
- 3. Many Plans, Drawings and Reports are missing. The TPB should request HKR to provide the missing items so that there is a full and up to date picture of Area 6f and to make sure that the public are fully informed about the project. Without this information there is the distinct possibility that HKR is guilty of misrepresentation.
- 4. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have never been provided:
 - a. Floor plans
 - b. Elevations
 - c. Traffic impact assessment on pedestrians
 - d. Geotechnical impact assessment
 - e. Drainage impact assessment
 - f. Sewage impact assessment
 - g. Risk assessment
- 5. The following Plans, Diagrams and Reports have not been provided since HKR first submitted its application which, in view of the many public and government comments, is a serious omission:
 - a. Block plan
 - b. Visual impact assessment
 - .c. Landscape impact assessment
 - d. Tree survey
- 6. HKR submits studies and papers and not impact assessments, thereby avoiding having to study the impact on the community and people most affected by its proposal.
- 7. The consultant's reports provided by HKR are not considered reliable for a public consultation exercise. This is because the key consultant, Ove Arup, has stated in respect of its reports the following: "This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for, and should not, be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party".
- 8. Based on the above, the process of public consultation is distorted, not transparent and patently unfair, since it is only possible to see the correct and full picture by bringing



together the instructions/requirements given to Ove Arup with the response, i.e. the reports. Furthermore, how can anyone, including the government and the public, rely on the reports in view of the statement about liability!

 The TPB is requested to obtain from HKR its full and detailed instructions/requirements provided to all their consultants involved in this Section 12A application and to confirm one way or the other that the reports can be relied upon.

B. PUBLIC CONSULTATION

- Public Consultation is supposed to be open, transparent and not distorted by misrepresentation, i.e.
 - a. In the published Gist of Area 6f, the TPB states that "on the 27/10/2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments" This means that HKR has only addressed government departmental concerns in its third submission and has ignored all public comments submitted to the TPB, including those from Parkvale residents, the Parkvale VOC and the DB community.
 - b. HKR is avoiding explaining publicly its response to certain government departmental and public concerns citing that this is "commercially sensitive information". In a public consultation exercise, which is supposed to be open and transparent, this attitude is unacceptable to the people of Hong Kong, inconsistent with the government planning process and should be unacceptable to the TPB.
- 2. There is an ongoing police investigation into the abuse of the submission of comments procedure in respect of the second round of comments. This raises the question as to why the TPB has not suspended or even cancelled this Section 12A application, pending the outcome of the investigation, a question which should be answered by the TPB as part of the public consultation exercise.

C. CONSULTATION WITH GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND BUREAUX

- 1. HKR and many government departments and their respective overseeing bureaux have been negligent and failed to either respond or to respond adequately to legitimate concerns and issues raised by members of the public in their well-reasoned submissions. Based on the three submissions of HKR (and the fact that nothing has been published by the TPB apart from two deferral papers submitted to the TPB Rural and New Towns Planning Committee (RNTPC)), the application and all the related comments do not appear to have been sent by the TPB, for analysis and comment, to all relevant government departments: e.g. Police; Fire Services; Transport; Legal Services; Highways; and Transport.
- Distribution by the TPB to all relevant departments and bureaux is fundamental to
 obtaining government views on all the issues raised. TPB/Planning Department cannot
 possibly have all the necessary expertise to properly consider comments on every
 subject: e.g. traffic issues; sensitive commercial interests; and legal ownership.

D. RISK ASSESSMENT

1. A Risk Assessment has not been done as indicated in the table of the Gist. This is negligent since risk to the public is a major concern for this development and has not



been addressed in any form despite the concerns expressed in our two previous submissions and again in this one. We have expressed many concerns about traffic; slopes; environment; and public health.

2. A Risk Assessment is required and HKR should be instructed to do one by the TPB. The Risk Assessment cannot be done in a comprehensive manner unless the TPB ensures that all government departments and bureaux provide their comments on this application and the comments submitted by the public, including those by the PVOC.

F HKR'S RESPONSE TO GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS

- 1. The Table in HKR's Further Information "Applicant's response to the departmental comments made available by District Planning Office (DPO) on 25 and 28 July 2016" cannot be considered comprehensive and reliable since the DPO's two letters are not attached. Consequently, it is not possible to check whether HKR has responded to all comments. Furthermore, it is also not possible to check which of the public comments have been ignored by the TPB and to ask why?
- 2. HKR's response to government departments and bureaux, therefore, continue to be both deficient and inadequate. The following paragraphs set out the PVOC's comments on HKR's responses.
- 3. AFCD comments as explained in Section M, paragraphs 3 and 4, below and in Annex 1 to this submission, HKR's comments regarding the revised Landscape Design Proposal (HKR Further Information Annex B) to plant 148 compensatory trees within Area 6f are not practicable.
- 4. DSD comments HKR's statement that all statutory requirements for effluent standards will be met by a standalone sewage treatment work (STW) is incorrect as HKR's Annex C paragraph 6.4.1.1 notes that only "most of the pollution concentrations would comply with relevant criteria". What about the ones which do not?
- 5. EPD comments HKR confirms that it will construct a sub-optimal standalone STW within Area 6f.

6. EPD and Water Quality:

- a. General 1 EPD has previously stated that the water quality assessment in the Environmental Study (ES) was inadequate to meet EPD's requirements. Even after such comments, HKR has only submitted a "preliminary water quality assessment", which concludes that the proposed STW "could meet" relevant technical standards for sewage discharge. So HKR has still not carried out the necessary studies to the standard required by EPD.
- b. General 2 HKR continues to ignore the comment that "there are too many sections in ES reports stating that the various assessments would be carried out in the subsequent statutory EIA and to remove such misleading statements in the ES reports. As an alternative please use a new section to summarise the EIAO implications of the proposed development". (I.e. Area 6f).
- c. Specific 3 HKR is still refusing to give adequate details and a commitment to the STW design standards necessary to fully meet all of EPD's requirements and technical standards for both the STW and discharge approach.

- d. Specific 4 HKR confirms that not all pollution concentrates would comply with relevant criteria but only "most". What about the ones which do not?
- e. Specific 5 again HKR gives only limited details regarding the design and construction of the STW and the discharge pipe and provides no details about ongoing maintenance and management.
- f. Specific 7 HKR does not provide any comments regarding the ongoing maintenance and management, both for day to day operations and for emergencies of the STW.
- g. Specific 8 HKR clearly is confusing the subject of discharge by saying that the method now proposed is a gravity sewage pipe, but it then states that this is a worst case scenario (especially during dry seasons) and goes on to say that it is recommended, during the subsequent detailed design stage, to establish any base flow along the spillway and hence the feasibility of discharging effluent into the open nullah and box culvert directly. HKR is obscuring the subject and should be told by EPD to clearly state now which method it intends pursuing and its full implications.
- EPD and Waste Management HKR continues to provide inadequate feedback by saying that the construction methodologies are yet to be developed in the subsequent detail design.
- 8. EPD and Sewage Infrastructure HKR does not provide a comprehensive response to EPD and only simplistically refers to other comments.
- 9. EPD and Air Quality Specific 7 HKR describes the road type of Parkvale as "a local road" and refers to a buffer of 5m between the road and the proposed development. This is an inadequate description of Parkvale Drive, the proposed only access to the site. It fails to note that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuitable as a means of access to the site. See section F below. In particular, the section of Parkvale Drive adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings is designed as a pedestrian pavement and is made of paving blocks, not asphalt. Furthermore, there is no buffer between Parkvale Drive and Woodbury Court.

10. Lands Department's comments:

- a. Specific 1 this is missing and should be provided by HKR to the TPB.
- b. Specific 4 HKR recognizes that its application does not conform to the approved MP6.0E7h(a) Master Plan. The Lands Department must insist that HKR deals first with the Master Plan issue before proceeding any further with this application.
- c. Specific 6 HKR refuses to comply with the requirements of public consultation, which require that all information is disclosed, by hiding behind what it considers to be "commercially sensitive" information in respect of the management and accountability of the 250,000 undivided shares of the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC). This was dealt with in a letter of 3 August 2016 from HKR to the DLO. This is not acceptable, and the Lands Department must insist on this information being disclosed. Furthermore, if HKR continues to insist on its position, the Lands Department must consult with relevant government departments, such as Legal Services and Secretary for the Treasury, as to the validity of the claims made by HKR. This subject is covered also in Sections B, above, and L, below.
- d. Specific 7 this is in respect of ownership and is covered in the HKR letter mentioned under Specific 6 above. Again, under the claim of sensitive commercial information



HKR is trying to undermine the public consultation exercise. The Lands Department should have HKR's claim to be the sole owner of Area 6f reviewed by independent lawyers and the Legal Services Department. It would be totally wrong for the Lands Department to accept HKR's and its lawyers' claim at face value since, e.g., the Lands Department will not have seen the instructions given to HKR's lawyers.

- e. Specific 10 and 11 the Director of Lands has to implement the Audit Commission's recommendation and if not explain why not. These comments by the Lands Department and HKR's response will be sent to the Director of Audit.
- 11. WSD HKR has completely ignored all the points about breaching the population ceiling of 25,000 as per the DB OZP through deliberate and incremental development projects. This subject is also covered in Section L below.

F. TRAFFIC

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of traffic access, safety and emergency situations in both Parkvale Village and the adjacent village of Midvale, continue to be ignored, e.g.
 - a. HKR still says that vehicle access will be simply through an extension of Parkvale Drive, which is a gross simplification of what will have to be constructed to do so. Furthermore, it provides no design and diagrammatic information in respect of the impact on the Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) which is the only access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.
 - b. HKR still does not provide any detailed information about a safe and viable means of vehicular access to the site both during the construction and post-completion occupation phases. HKR states that Parkvale Drive will be extended to the site. This encroaches on the DMC-assigned pedestrian passageway which is currently the sole means of access, a semi-recreational area and a golf cart access path for residents of Parkvale Village.
 - c. The Parkvale Passageway (see paragraph 4 below) is neither designed nor constructed for use by heavy construction vehicles and does not have space for additional designated pedestrian pavements.
 - d. The asphalt section of the existing Parkvale Drive is a carriageway of sub-standard engineering design, of insufficient width for large vehicles to pass and lacks the legal bare minimum width of pedestrian pavements.
- 2. The proposed access to the site is by an extension to Parkvale Drive. In fact, the application states that "Area 6f is readily accessible, with an extension to the existing Parkvale Drive". As Parkvale Drive is the only means of access through our village, all traffic would have to pass through our village to access Area 6f. This is clear from Annex A of the October Further Information and the aerial image below.

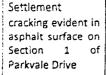


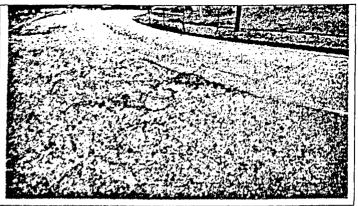
Aerial image of existing Parkvale Village with imposed 6f Development



- 3. Paragraph 10.15 of the application notes that "The 476 units and 1,190 populations increase as a result of the proposal is very modest development intensities". In the context of Parkvale Village, we do not agree with this statement, as it is proposed that all traffic and people generated by the proposed development would have to pass through our currently peaceful village. Not only will the considerable construction traffic have to drive up a hill past the existing low rise flats in the village and then past the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, the significant increase in operational traffic, including the increase in the number of buses, required to service the proposed 476 flats, being nearly double the number of flats in the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, will cause ongoing noise, poor air quality and disturbance to the residents of Parkvale Village.
- 4. Parkvale Drive comprises three sections, being:

Section 1 - from Discovery Valley Road to the junction with Middle Lane, being a relatively narrow hill covered in asphalt, which is also the only means of access to Midvale Village.

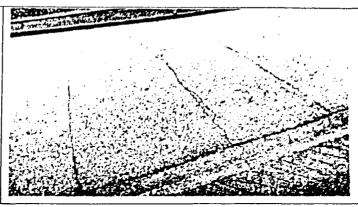




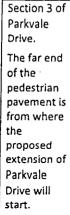


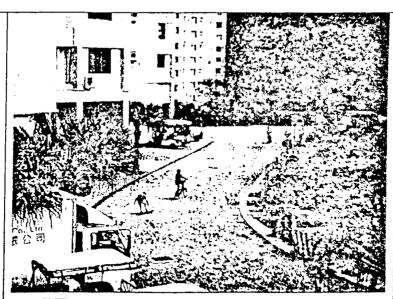
Section 2 - from the junction with Middle Lane to the start of the pedestrian pavement behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, being a steep narrow hill covered in asphalt.

Settlement cracking evident in asphalt surface on Section 2 of Parkvale Drive.



Section 3 – the "Passageway", as defined in the Parkvale Village Sub-DMC, providing access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, which is designed as a pedestrian pavement and made of paving blocks, not asphalt.





5. We noted in our previous comments that Parkvale Drive is totally unsuited as a means of access to Area 6f due to concerns regarding its state of repair and its width constraints and due to emergency vehicle access and safety concerns.

- 6 We are very surprised and concerned than no government degations is keen exact about the surrabinty of Personal or in an exited order means of a concern key at an a sea of such that HER has but addressed our concerns in 4s harmon information.
- A state of Require. As the printings are necessarily as an analysis of a sure of a sur

Serious for Parkvale
Drive
Sottlement evident to 20 tonne rated paving resulting from current trafficlosching at start of proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 46



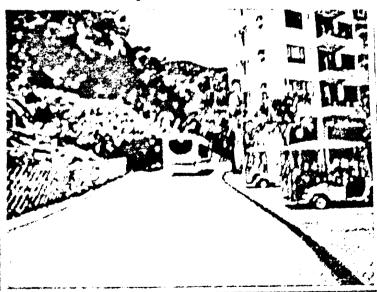
- Although this is known by HRR, no member of it is made in its application or Further Information.
- 9. The costs of maintaining Section 1 of Parkvaie Drive are not born directly by the owners of Parkvale Village, but they do bear a shale of these costs and the costs of maintaining all other such made in Discovery Bay. However, all the costs of maintaining Sections 2 and 3 of Parkvale Drive are born by the awners of Parkvale Village, we are extremely concerned that the additional construction and operational traffic will cause serious damage and angoing maintainence costs to the owners in Parkvale Village.
- 10. Width Constraints As well as the surface of Parkvale Drive not being built to support heavy traffic, its width does not support usage by large venicles. When residential shuttle buses negotiate the sharp bends on Parkvale Drive, other small vers or delivery vehicles need to give way to them.



After the result of the them by a more the perfection pavement Section 3 of Parkvale. Serve there is a case of the winer websites to mandative expecially while the hus turns to the colors.

12 The order of Aricology (rise is any 13 in over photograph below) from the edge of the Pascageway. It seems a lowery translative equipment, such as earthmoving equipment on the gear. I will also segments, could safely transit this constructed area, flatial in a virious management and in a virious proposale place for pedestrians with such heavy equipment and or in a could

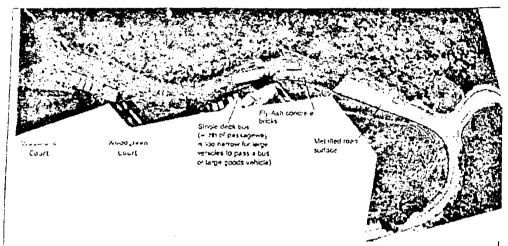
Parkvale !! View of the rear of Woodbury Hustrating the DACTOWNESS OF the pedestrian pavement, its IACK OF A cattlegeway to Beparate vehicles from pedestrians and the mability of vehicles to pass one another



13 The considerable construction traffic will significantly exacerbate these problems, especially when a construction vehicle and a bus, or when two construction vehicles, are travelling in opposite directions along Parkvale Drive.



- 14. Emergency Access In the event of a vehicle accident or a blockage on Parkvale Drive by two or more large vehicles in conflict, there would be no access for emergency vehicles, whether ambulances, fire appliances or police, to an emergency at either the construction site, the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings or the larger adjacent Midvale Village.
- 15. The question of adequate emergency access to the affected occupied residential blocks, as well as to the construction site, should have been referred to the Police and the Fire Services Department for consideration before these roads and driveways were proposed for construction site access. This issue may also create implications under the Construction Sites Safety Ordinance.



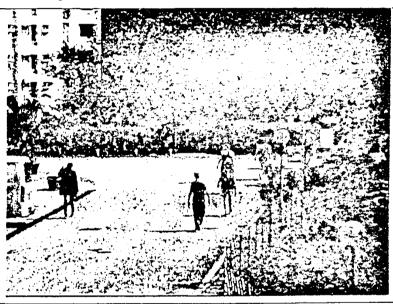
14,Bird's-eye view of the pedestrian pavement Section 3 of Parkvale Drive, to the rear of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, illustrating that this section is a narrow paved pedestrian and golf parking area providing access to the entrance lobbies of the buildings. It also provides access to service vehicles, local bus services and delivery vehicles which may traverse at low speeds to park in one of the only three unloading bays. It is not a properly engineered road and lacks a camber to allow for efficient drainage, being constructed of concrete bricks laid on non-reinforced sand underlay. This renders the surface prone to subsidence and minor flooding during heavy rainfall.

16. Safety - Section 3 pedestrian pavement of Parkvale Drive, being the access to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, is a quiet family pedestrian area that is used by children and young families for cycling, ball games and general recreation. It is also used by the elderly and for walking dogs, as well as for access to the residential buildings. This area is wholly unsuitable for heavy traffic flow and poses a very real risk of residents being hurt or killed by the heavy traffic required for the proposed construction and the increase in operational traffic, especially the increase in the number of buses, which would result from the number of proposed flats being almost twice that of the existing the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings.



17. The Passageway is a cul-de-sac and is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare, although it is shared with parking spaces for a few golf carts and three goods vehicle unloading spaces, which were added out of necessity following the opening of the DB Tunnel Link. The Passageway also serves as a turning point for the village shuttle bus. However, it is very narrow, to the extent that a bus and a medium-sized delivery vehicle cannot pass. It is constrained because there is a steep slope on one side and the other side is right up against the entrances to the three occupied high-rise Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, whose main front doors open directly to the Passageway. There are no separate footpaths, and there is no room for any, and there are no railings or other protections. Children can run directly out onto and play on the pedestrian pavement and the elderly also use it for exercise as well as access. The Passageway design constraints did not envisage the introduction of through traffic, especially heavy trucks and buses, the presence of which would destroy the safety and amenity of Parkvale Village.

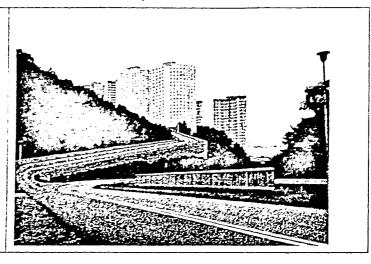
Section 3 of Parkvale Drive.
View of the pedestrian pavement leading to the start of the proposed extension of Parkvale Drive to Area 6f, illustrating that it is primarily a pedestrian thoroughfare.



- 18. Alternative Access to Area 6f After the proposed development of Area 6f was made known, a member of the Parkvale Village VOC proposed an alternative access to Area 6f from Discovery Valley Road. At a meeting of the Owners of Parkvale Village in March 2016 an employee of DB Services Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR, noted that HKR was considering this alternative. Subsequent to the meeting, HKR sent an email to the Chairman of the PVOC which stated that:
- 19. "We are aware of the potential traffic impact to the neighbourhood. As such, HKR is favourably considering to build either a temporary or permanent haul road from Discovery Valley Road".
- 20. However, despite HKR's comment in the email, it has not mentioned either the potential traffic impact or the possibility of an alternative access from Discovery Valley Road in either its Application or its Further Information. In fact, in those documents HKR states

- that there are no impacts on the surrounding areas and that they will use the Parkvale Drive access. We consider this as totally unsatisfactory.
- 21. Furthermore, no Government Department has requested HKR to propose an alternative access, despite the concerns regarding using Parkvale Drive as the only means of access to Area 6f and the alternative access which we noted in our comments on the original application and in our comments on the HKR's first submission of Further Information.
- 22. The alternative access from Discovery Valley Road would not require the use of any part of Parkvale Drive. We believe that the TPB should require HKR to adopt this alternative access or to demonstrate why it cannot be used.





G. SEWAGE TREATMENT

- All the concerns and comments submitted to the TPB in respect of sewage treatment processing and discharge continue to be ignored.
- 2. HKR has decided to build a separate sewage treatment works (STW) in Area 6f. This means that people living in Parkvale Village will have a STW adjacent to them. HKR is not providing details of the design, its exact location and how it will be managed and maintained. As HKR will want to minimize costs, we are concerned how adequate such a facility will be and the risk of its breaking down. So the residents of Parkvale Village, who at no stage have been consulted by HKR, will be forced by HKR to live next door to a STW with all its negative aspects, including strong foul odours, if the TPB approves the application.
- 3. HKR is proposing to discharge treated sewage from Area 6f through a gravity sewage pipe and into the marine waters adjacent to the ferry pier without the need of a marine outfall and located less than 300 metres from the public bathing beach at Tai Pak Bay. This is an artificially made beach fronting the very shallow and silted Tai Pak Wan. The proposal for the treatment of sewage and the discharge of effluent into a shallow seabed, less than 300m from a bathing beach, boardwalk restaurants and ferry pier, is



- environmentally unacceptable and will encourage toxic red tides as we'll as concentrations of E. coli.
- 4. It is noted that HKR is still saying, as it did in its second submission, that discharging directly the treated sewage into an open nullah is still an option to be considered at the design stage. This open nullah is parallel to Discovery Valley Road and proceeds directly in front of Hillgrove Village. Therefore, every day 440 culms per day of sewage will be flowing alongside approximately 200 metres of footpath/road and directly under the balconies of around 200 apartments in this village. This option would appear to be cheaper than building a gravity sewage pipe and it is considered that HKR will adopt this option whilst giving the impression to the TPB, EPD, etc. that it will build a gravity pipe, which presumably puts the sewage flow underground.
- 5. The consultants have not undertaken a sensitivity analysis regarding their various calculations, nor a risk assessment as to environmental aspects, daily operations and emergency arrangements of a STW. In addition, there is no mention of the assumptions and limitations as to their approach to modelling. In a public consultation exercise there should be a layman's guide to the scientific and mathematical acceptability of their approach (and its quality), since, without this, the vast majority of the public are unlikely to understand and to be able to comment on the approach.
- 6. The above approach to sewage treatment and discharge has not been explained by HKR to the wider community of DB. In view of this deficient and sub-optimum approach (a similar approach is to be adopted for Area 10b with sewage to be directly discharged into the sea at Nim Shue Wan), HKR is guilty of abusing the so called public consultation process and displaying a complete disregard for modern sewage treatment and discharge practices as developed so diligently over the last 30 years by government, namely EPD, WSD and DSD and their respective policy bureaux.
- 7. In its Further Information of June and October HKR's consultants have said:
 - a. in paragraph 6.2.iii of its original application, that "alternative on-site sewage treatment plant could be provided, either at Area 6f or Area 10b. This is not preferred, having numerous STW in the area is considered to be ineffective in achieving economies for scale for the infrastructure and land area". Furthermore, paragraph 5.6.2.2 of HKR's Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply Systems for Area 6f notes that "This STW will treat sewage only from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so it is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy". Paragraph 5.6.4.1 also notes that a local STW may cause "an offensive smell and is health hazard".
 - b. "This additional effluent would have impacts on both water quality and marine ecology. All these would require a quantitative water quality model to be established for assessment as part of the subsequent EIA". (June Revised Environmental Study, 6.3.1.3). Furthermore, in the October Further Information there is no reference to a subsequent EIA, which likely means that the subject of an EIA has been dropped. Logically there should be a full scale EIA as part of this Section 12A application.
 - c. building a STW in Area 6f is still sub-optimum in its October submission. Since the consultant has again in the Further Information Annex 6 "Revised Study on Drainage, Sewage and Water Supply", paragraph 5.6.1.4, stated that "As this new DBSTW will





only treat sewage from 2 single residential towers for 476 units at Area 6f so this decentralized scheme is considered not an efficient sewage planning strategy".

- S. Due to its proximity to our village, we consider that it is inappropriate to locate a STW in Area 6f, due to the potential smell and health hazard, especially as the effluent may be discharged into an open nullah.
- S. No mention was made in HKR's first and second submissions of what would happen to the sewage in the event that the STW broke down. Only now, in its third submission, is the subject of emergency arrangements addressed. These include: dual feed power supply for the STW; "suitable backup" of the STW treatment process (but no information as to what is suitable); and connecting the gravity sewage pipe to the existing sewage system (to be only used during emergencies), which would feed the sewage to the existing system (i.e. to Siu Ho Wan STW), and, as backup, the movement of sewage by 35 sewage tanker vehicles per day to the Siu Ho Wan STW. The former is clearly most likely to be used once and then left on permanently, since there is no description of how this action would be managed (hence making unapproved use of the government Siu Ho Wan facilities) as the existing DB Services Management Limited (as illustrated by its day to day performance) is both management and engineering severely challenged. Movement of sewage by truck is clearly unacceptable in a modern city environment, especially as it would require 36 sewage tanker vehicles a day, and is inconsistent with the government's efforts to modernise sewage treatment and disposal in Hong Kong. Furthermore, HKR has been told that it cannot feed the sewage to the Siu Ho Wan STW.
- 10. In addition, HKR has not mentioned anything about emergency arrangements in the event of the open nullah discharge approach being taken. This would probably involve the 36 trucks per day travelling through Parkvale village and Discovery Bay going to the Siu Ho Wan STW, which HKR does not have approval to use for this sewage.
- 11. We are also concerned about the effluent being discharged into the sea in Discovery Bay. Although the effluent will have been treated, it will have a high concentration of nutrients which has been scientifically proven to encourage growth of harmful algae ("red tides"), particularly in shallow coastal areas (see page 170 of "Harmful Algae", volume 9, issue 10, 2010 of 'Elsevier') and, as the prevailing winds come from the east, blowing onto Discovery Bay, such harmful algae would not dissipate easily. Furthermore, HKR tries to downplay the occurrence of red tides despite the discharge of more TINs and TPs which will increase the probability of more red tides.
- 12. In response to the DSD request to clarify the future maintenance responsibility for the proposed sewage treatment facilities under Option 2 and 3 in Sections 5.6.2 and 5.6.3, respectively, of HKR's application, the June Further Information states that "The Option 2 sewage holding tank and Option 3 sewage treatment plant will be maintained by City Management at the costs of undivided shareholders of Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments". This has not been reconfirmed in the latest Further Information, although the intention is now to have a separate STW in Area 6f.
- 13. HKR continues to make no reference in its Further Information that all the capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f together with the gravity sewage pipe to the sea at the Plaza will be met by either HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f proposed development. HKR should be required to confirm that all capital and operating costs arising from the proposed STW in Area 6f and the



gravity sewage pipe or use of the nullah will be borne by HKR and/or the undivided shareholders of Area 6f proposed development.

14. Also the residents of Parkvale Village and other villages in Discovery Bay should not have to suffer the disturbance of laying the gravity sewage pipe or the connection to the open nullah.

H. WATER SUPPLY FROM THE DB RESERVOIR

- 1. HKR's application and Further Information blatantly attempt to give the impression that there are two options available regarding the supply of potable water. As creviously pointed out, potable water will be not supplied from the Siu no Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station (FWP). As the SHWWTW and SHWFWP cannot be expanded to match the programme of the potential Areas of and 10b developments, this supply is just not available for the foreseeable future, as clearly evidenced by the plea from both Masterplan and Ove Arup for government not to forget DB when it considers its expansion plans for sewage and water. In Fig. has no alternative but to supply potable water to Area 6f (and 10b) from the raw water stored in the private Discovery Bay Reservoir by restoring the private water treatment world and building water mains for fresh and flushing water in order to make a private water supply exclusively for the additional 4,000 persons in Areas 6f and 10b.
- 2. This appears to be a very expensive and another sub-optimum approach. There is no information in the Further Information as to management, engineering, environmental and public health implications of, after 16 years, re-opening the reservoir for the supply of potable water.
- 3. HKR should again be asked to confirm that the capital and the operating costs arising from using the reservoir will be borne by either HKR or the undivided shareholders of the Area 6f and Area 10b proposed developments, and not by the owners of Parkvale Village or by the owners of any other village in Discovery Bay which have their water supplied using the Siu Ho Wan Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW) and the SHW Fresh Water Pumping Station.

I. PROVISION OF OTHER UTILITIES

- 1. A serious omission from the application is that all other utilities have been overlooked, despite this Further Information stating that the provision of utilities is a key element for the development of Area 6f. These include electricity, LPG supply, telephone, TV and street lighting, as well as likely substation capacity issues, with all of these services needing to be laid through Parkvale Village, including the existing narrow and congested pedestrian pavement, adjacent to the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, leading to Area 6f.
- 2. Another serious, and disturbing, omission is that the consultants appear to be unaware that HKR and the DB community are awaiting the EMSO and FSD reports into a major LPG gas explosion at 5 Parkland Drive on 5 September 2016. There are serious concerns about the LPG system in DB. The reliability of expanding the use of the LPG system to Areas 6f and 10b needs to be considered and included in a submission of Further Information.

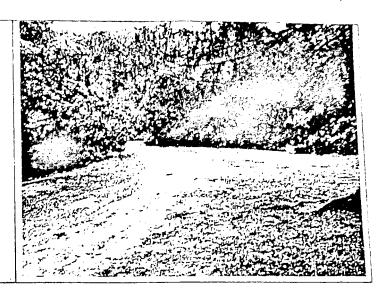
HKR should be required to confirm that the provision of these utilities will have no impact on the residents and owners of Parkvale Village or explain what the impact will be and how HKR will mitigate their impact.

J. SLOPE SAFETY AND BUILDING CONCEPT

- 1. We have pointed out above that HKR has never provided a Geotechnical Impact Assessment. Furthermore, we pointed out in the last PVOC submission that "H(GEO, CEDD) had requested a Geotechnical Planning Review (GPRR) in support of the application to be submitted by HKR NOW and has asked HKR to assess the geotechnical feasibility of the proposed development. HKR has refused to do so and will only submit a GPRR prior to implementation." We said that HKR's position must be rejected.
- 2. Despite this Further Information stating that slope formation is a key element for the development of Area 6f, HKR continues to ignore CEDD's requests and again has provided no information on the slope and building design. As the Further Information does not Include a Geotechnical Planning Review Report (GPRR), no information has been provided in respect of the proposed geotechnical engineering work presumably necessary in respect of both the slope down from Area 6f to Coral and Crystal Courts and behind Area 6f and the slope behind the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings. In comparison, HKR has responded to a similar request for a GPRR for Area 10b and has submitted one in its latest Further Information in respect of Area 10b.
- 3. Also, as explained in Section M below (and in Annex 1 to this submission) the diagram illustrating the slope and building position is fundamentally flawed as it shows the slope coming straight down to Coral and Crystal Courts in Parkvale Village and omits the road leading to these buildings, thereby indicating that the slope would be less steep than it actually would be.
- 4. HKR should be asked to undertake a geotechnical review and submit a GPRR.
- 5. The site is defined as 8,300m2 on rising ground from 44mPD to 70mPD. What is unclear from this description is that the site is only partially formed and is predominantly a slope leading down towards Crystal and Coral Courts. The present platform was only created to accommodate a 170m² GFA 3 Story Building and most, if not all, of the cleared flat area is only large enough to accommodate the road leading to the two proposed high rise buildings, not the buildings themselves. To establish the level site indicated on the concept plans would require considerable site formation to raise the grade from 44mPD to approximately a level 55mPD, and to cut back the existing formed slope.



Existing platform in Area 6f.



- 6. In creating this much larger level site, the slopes towards Crystal and Coral Courts and towards Discovery Valley Road will be increased significantly. This raises the safety risk of slope failure and increases the slope drainage run-off towards the existing Parkvale Village properties.
- 7. HKR should be required to state how it will eliminate these risks.
- K. OWNERSHIP AND HKR'S RIGHT TO USE PARKVALE DRIVE AS ACCESS TO AREA 6F
- 1. The Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village refers to Sections 2 and 3 (as described above) of Parkvale Drive, being from its junction with Middle Lane to its end at the start of the proposed extension to Area 6f, as a "Passageway".
- 2. In Annex E of its first Further Information, HKR stated that "the ownership of the Passageways vests with the Registered Owner (HKR) who is entitled to grant a Right of Way to other parties to use the Passageways to the proposed development in Area 6f".
- 3. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant for Discovery Bay and the Sub-Deed of Mutual Covenant for Parkvale Village are complicated documents and are difficult for a lay person to understand, especially in regard to Passageways, Village Retained Areas and Village Common Areas and the rights of the Registered Owner and of owners of undivided shares in the Lot thereto.
- 4. Given this, and given that the owners of the undivided shares in Parkvale Village have been responsible for the costs of maintaining this "Passageway" for the past 28 years, we believe that HKR should present counsels' independent legal opinions supporting its contention that it has the legal right to use the passageway as access to Area 6f.
- Furthermore, the Lands Department should reject HKR's request to leave its detailed views on this subject within the "commercially sensitive information" contained in HKR's letter to the DLO dated 3 August 2016 and referred to in Section E above.





L. PLANNING CONTROLS

- Planning controls include the Master Plan, population ceiling of DB and the allocation of undivided shares under the DB Deed of Mutual Covenant.
- 2. Regarding the Master Plan (MP), it was pointed out in comment 4402 submitted last July that, although it has been updated recently, it still does not match the current outline zoning plan (OZP) or the existing development on the Lot. Furthermore, in order to protect the interests of the current 8,300+ assigns of the developer, it is essential that the existing MP and OZP are aligned with the existing development on the Lot before any consideration of any proposal to amend the OZP. Otherwise, there is simply too much risk that the rights of the other owners of the Lot will be interfered with. This aspect appears to have been ignored by both HKR and the TPB.
- 3. With regard to population, it is clear that, with Areas 6f and 10b and other obviously planned developments, HKR is moving towards breaching the population ceiling of 25,000, which is the maximum as per the approved OZP, without going through the necessary government procedure. This latest submission completely ignores this point and only refers to population in the context of water supply.
- 4. Furthermore, unfortunately it appears that relevant government departments have not considered our comments as there is no reference to this subject in the list of department comments.
- 5. HKR's original application noted that the current population of Discovery Bay is 15,000 and that the current approved OZP limits the population to 25,000. Subsequently the current population was amended 19,585 (as per the records of DB Services Management Limited, the property management company of DB and a wholly owned subsidiary of HKR). There is no information provided which would provide assurances about the population figure quoted by HKR. This is information in respect of the method of collection, management of the data and whether it is audited to ensure its reliability. Population figures are a vital element of planning for, and control of, development. It is essential that the population figures quoted and used are independently collected and verified by audit. There is a conflict of interest here since HKR is using figures provided by its wholly owned subsidiary. The TPB is requested to address this serious issue before processing any further applications of any kind in respect of DB.
- 6. The difference between the maximum of 25,000 and the sum of the current population and the proposed population of Areas 6f and 10b is only 1,412. Furthermore, the current population does not include the future occupants of other properties in Discovery Bay which HKR is currently developing and planning. Such developments include that described in comment number 4372 submitted last July which refers to the Lands Department currently reviewing HKR's application to develop an additional 124,000 m2 under the next Master Plan, MP7.0E. Using the proposed number of flats in Areas 6f and 10b as a reference, a total of 2,240 flats, housing 5,600 people, may be built on this additional 124,000 m2.
- 7. What this means is that HKR is knowingly acting in such a way as to be flagrantly disregarding the current ceilings on the total number of flats and population. Furthermore, it would appear that both the TPB and Lands Department is Ignoring what HKR is doing.



- 8. Before the change in use is considered, HKR must be required by Government to demonstrate, in a fully accountable manner, that the proposed developments in Areas 6f and 10b will not contribute, together with other areas in Discovery Bay being developed and planned, to exceeding the approved OZP maximum population of 25,000. This should include an accurate count of the existing population using an independent collection method and the expected population of areas for which HKR seeks approval to develop before the Section 12A applications in respect Areas 6f and 10b are considered any further.
- 9. It is clear that the TPB is in danger of being persuaded by this incremental approach, using population figures which are not independent of HKR, to considering projects, especially given the very small population difference of 1,412 mentioned above, to indirectly allow a breaching of the 25,000 population ceiling. There is an urgent need by government to address this issue. Otherwise, in the future, there is likely to be an investigation by the Director of Audit as to why this issue was not addressed NOW by the TPB and why HKR was allowed to develop beyond the population ceiling of 25,000. In view of the serious nature of this issue, these comments will again be sent to both the Director of Audit and the Discovery Bay District Councillor for their action. In addition this submission will also be sent to the Ombudsman, as it is clear the administrative processes of the TPB and the Lands Department are either incapable of handling this aspect or just negligent.
- 10. The allocation of undivided shares and management units is an issue which HKR is well aware of from the efforts of a DB owner over the last two years. This issue has been the subject of much correspondence between the owner, HKR and Lands Department and presentations to VOCs and the City Owners Committee (COC). Furthermore, this subject is covered in comment number 4402 submitted last July to the TPB and the Lands Department has asked HKR to prove that there are sufficient undivided shares retained by them for allocation to the proposed development of Area 6f. HKR has replied to the Lands Department by requesting the information to be regarded as commercially sensitive. In other words, not to be disclosed in a public consultation exercise, which is inconsistent with the aims of public consultation.
- 11. The final determinant of the ultimate development potential of the Lot (under the Land Grant and Master Plan) is the number of undivided shares remaining for allocation to any new development on the Lot. The Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) contains this unique share regime in which the Lot is notionally divided into 250,000 undivided shares. These undivided shares were immediately allocated to various uses: 56,500 to Residential Development, 4.850 to Commercial development, 2,150 to Clubs and public recreation activities, and 3,550 to hotel use. 55,000 were defined as "Reserve Undivided Shares".
- 12. Only undivided shares allocated to Residential Development may be sub-allocated to Residential Units and once these have been exhausted the developer may draw from the Reserve Undivided Shares.
- 13. The problem is there is no record of how many Reserve Undivided Shares remain for allocation to the future development of the Lot.
- 14. Unfortunately there appears to be no accountable and transparent central register and management of the process of allocating the shares which means that HKR cannot

assure the TPB that there are sufficient shares to be allocated to Areas 6f and 10b and other developments. Both the Lands and Planning Departments are aware of this situation and should not consider any application until they receive assurance with supporting and valid documentation and figures that there are shares available for the developments.

- 15. In order to protect the interests of all the current and future assigns of the developer, the TPB should require a full accounting of the allocation of all undivided shares by share type to all Villages, City and the other areas of the lot, prior to consideration of any proposal to amend the present OZP.
- 16. Related to the above is the position currently being argued by a concerned DB owner that there has been misallocation of shares to commercial units since there is reason to believe that management units have not been allocated to the commercial units in DB in accordance with the terms of the DMC. In respect of this concern, the following resolution was proposed at the City Owners' Committee (COC) on 7 December 2016: "To propose a Resolution to require that Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (HKR) set out the true number of Management Units (MU) that they have allocated to all commercial units at Discovery Bay and the basis for such allocation. Further, to seek compensation from HKR for any shortfall in payments to the Management Fund (or refund for any overpayment) should the past or present allocation not accord with the terms of the Deed of Mutual Covenant (DMC)".
- 17. This is clearly a very important issue which the TPB should inquire into before proceeding with both Area 6f and 10b applications, since the TPB needs to know the exact and correct position regarding all the parameters in managing developments in DB so that decisions can be made in the correct planning environment.

M. DIAGRAMS AND PHOTOMONTAGE

- 1. The latest Further Information provided by HKR contains misleading, inaccurate and poor quality diagrams and photomontages.
- 2. The DIAGRAMS (including comments) included in the latest Gist are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out in the following paragraphs:
- 3. Annex A to the Further Information "Revised Concept Plan":
 - a. Concept Plan where are the area development water features that were indicated on other parts of the submissions? Clearly those trees indicated cannot be planted in the areas shown elsewhere as water features. This is a misleading image.
 - b. Section A-A the existing ground condition is incorrect. It does not match the Lands Department Survey Data for this area. There is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court, with the result that the slope appears to be less steep than it would actually be.
 - c. Concept Plan in Annex 1 we have added site lines and affected units. Note that the figures are probably an underestimate of the numbers of residents who would be affected by the proposed development.
 - d. Concept Plan the sections of Parkvale Drive highlighted in yellow are designated in the sub DMC as Passageways. Note that it is not possible to build and operate Area 6f without significantly widening the designated passageway which is inadequate for



heavy traffic. Widening works will have a huge impact on residents of the Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court residential buildings, as well as all other pedestrian traffic which uses Parkvale Drive to get to the hiking trail promoted by HKR. This is a major safety risk and would cut existing transportation routes. This has been stressed in previous submissions but, as explained elsewhere in this submission, has been ignored.

e. Concept Plan - same as (a) above.

4. Annex B Revised Landscape Design Proposal (extract):

- a. Tree Treatment Plan (Annex B, page A3) and Optimisation of Land Use figure B.1. The statement about existing tree groups to be retained is incorrect. These trees cannot be maintained based on the current plan, as there is a requirement for a large retaining structure and site formation that would not allow these trees to be left in place. Simple construction logistics would mean this would be very improbable. Also where is the approximate location of the retaining wall? The excavation for construction will remove those highlighted trees.
- b. Optimisation of land use figure B.2. This figure includes incorrect statements about the existing slopes since the existing slope does not match the profile indicated by HKR's consultant: the existing slope profile shown in the figure does not reflect the correct levels as per the Lands Department Survey; the existing ground condition shown in the figure is incorrect since it does not match the Lands Department Survey data for this area. Furthermore, there is no account for the road or for the slope that exists at the rear of Crystal Court.
- 5. In its covering letter Masterplan Limited says that the Updated PHOTOMONTAGES for the revised scheme (Annex H to the Further Information) shows the "negligible" effect of Area 6f and that the previously submitted Visual Impact Assessment remains relevant." This statement is both incorrect and misleading since the photos do not show the visual impact on the people who would be really affected by the proposed development. i.e. the nearby residents of Parkvale, Midvale and Hillgrove Villages who will view Area 6f close up and continuously. The reality is illustrated by the PVOC montage as contained in Annex 1 to this submission.
- 6. The UPDATED PHOTOMONTAGES (including comments) are included in Annex 1 to this submission. Our comments are set out below.
 - a. A consistent feature of the photomontage is that the applicant continues to submit low quality photos as all of them are grainy and poorly lit.
 - b. Figure B.9 view from DB Plaza these poor quality photomontages hardly reflect the views from the Plaza on a clear day as illustrated in the VOC photos in Annex 1 to this submission.
 - c. Figure 8.10 view from Lookout these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the Lookout as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.
 - d. Figure B.12 view from the hiking trail south of Discovery Valley these poor quality photos hardly reflect the views from the hiking trail as the photos are grainy and poorly lit.





- e. Figure 8.14 view from the D-Deck why show this when there should be images from the more populated areas where residents are impacted, such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland.
- f. Figure B.17 view from Middle Lane why is this photo used as there are very few residents at this location who would be affected. Why are there no images from the more populated areas where the residents are impacted, such as from such as from Coral Court, Crystal Court, Woodbury Court, Woodgreen Court and Woodland Court?
- 7. In order for this public consultation exercise to be seen to be transparent and fair to all parties, including the public, it is essential that the TPB, if the application proceeds, provides the photomontage provided by the PVOC to the relevant meeting of the RNTPC. If this is not done then the TPB Secretariat and the RNNTC will be considered negligent in its duty and exercise of public administration.

CONCLUSION

We (the Parkvale Village Owners Committee representing the Owners of Parkvale Village, which is adjacent to Area 6f and through which all traffic to Area 6f would pass) continue to be surprised and disappointed that no Government Department, nor HKR, appears to have considered the adverse impact of the proposed development on the owners and residents of Parkvale Village, especially the totally inadequate and unsuitable access to the site.

As clearly demonstrated in our submission the HKR application continues to be deficient in many ways. So again, we consider that the Town Planning Board is in no other position than to reject HKR's application to rezone Area 6f.

We again encourage the Town Planning Board to visit the site and meet residents. In doing so, many of the issues highlighted in this report would be evident.

	9 December 2016
Signed on bendij by the PVOC:	Dute.
Signed on behalf of the PVOC:	Date:

Mr. Kenneth J. Bradley J.P.

Parkvaie Village Owners Committee Chairman

Annex 1: Comments on HKR's diagrams and photomontages.

關乎申請編號 Y/I-DB/2 而只作指示用途的擬議發展計劃的概括發展規範 Broad Development Parameters of the Indicative Development Proposal in Respect of Application No. Y/I-DB/2

因應於 2016 年 10 月 27 日接獲的進一步資料而修訂的概括發展規範

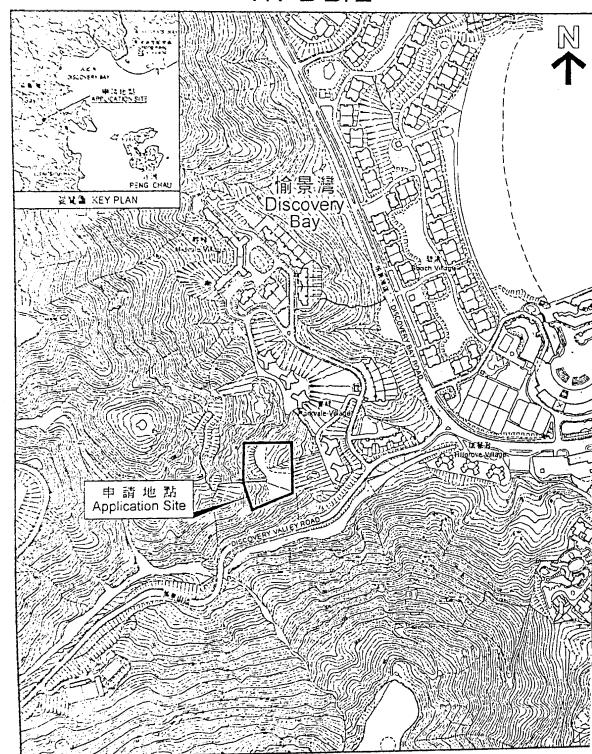
Revised broad development parameters in view of the further information received on 27.10.2016

(a)	申請編號	Y/I-DB/2				
(b)	Application no. 位置/地址	偷景灣第 6f 區丈量約份第 352 約地段第 385 號餘段及增批				
	Location/Address	部分(部分)				
	2004101171001033	Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext. (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay				
(c)	地盤面積					
	Site area	約 About 7,623 平方米 m ²				
(d)		偷景灣分區計劃大網核准圖編號 S/I-DB/4				
(-)	Plan	Approved Discovery Bay Outline Zoning Plan No. S/I-DB/4				
(e)	地帶	「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」 "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)"				
1, ,	Zoning					
(f)	擬議修訂	把「其他指定用途」註明「員工宿舍(5)」地帶改劃為「住 宅(丙類)12」地帶				
	Proposed					
	Amendment(s)	To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses"				
	• •	annotated "Staff Quarters (5)" to "Residential (Group C) 12"				
(g)	總樓面面積		平方米	地積比率		
1	及/或地積比率	住用 Domestic	<u>m</u> *	Plot ratio		
ĺ	Total floor area	住用 Domestic	約 About	約 About		
	and/or plot ratio	非住用 Non-domestic	21,600	2.83		
(7.)	42 B4		-	-		
(h)		主用 Domestic 2				
1	No. of block	非住用 Non-domestic	-			
-	The second of the second of the second	綜合用途 Composite 住用 Domestic	-			
(i)	~ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	住用 Domestic	65			
	實用樓面空間計算)					
	57 m/	非住用 Non-domestic	18 層 storey(s	5)		
ĺ	層製	yr paying a room gormona.	, , ,	基準以上)mPD		
İ	Building height	•	- M(エバー空中のエ) III D - 層 storey(s) - 米 m - 米(主水平基準以上) mPD			
	(measured to the highest usable floor	綜合用途 Composite				
	space)/					
	No. of storeys		- 層 storey(s	5)		
(i)	上蓋面積					
3	Site coverage	約 About 30 %				
(k)	單位數目	476 住宅單位 Flats				
	No. of units		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
(1)	休憩用地		不少於 Not less	than 1.190 平		
1.	Open Space	- 私人 Private	方米			
1	· ·	markethimmen named in the second				
(m)	停車位及上落	高閔夫球車停泊位(申請人未有提供停泊位數目)Golf cart parking				
		space (number of parking space not provided by applicant)				
	No. of parking	維修車輛上落客貨位(申請人未有提供上落客貨位數目)Servicing yehicles loading/unloading space (number of loading/unloading space not				
	spaces and loading	rehicles loading/unloading space (number of loading/unloading space not				
	unloading spaces provided by applicant)					

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any maccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



Y/I-DB/2





申請編號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

備註_Remarks

於 2016 年 10 月 27 日,申請人提交進一步資料以回應部門的意見及提交經修訂的參展 總網藍圖、截視圖、圍境設計總圖、環境影響評估、規劃報告、排水、排污及供水研究、 水質技術報告、合成照片及公共休憩設施界線圖及限制公契的摘錄圖則。

On 27.10.2016, the applicant submitted further information providing responses to Responses to departmental comments including revised Master Plan, sectional plan, Landscape Proposal, Environmental Study, Planning Statement, Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply, Technical Note on Water Quality, updated photomontages and extract plans of Public Recreation Facilities Demarcation Plan and Deed of Restrictive Covenant.

PVOC;

Please confirm where the responses are to the Residents / PVOC concerns as they do not appear to have been reviewed or addressed.

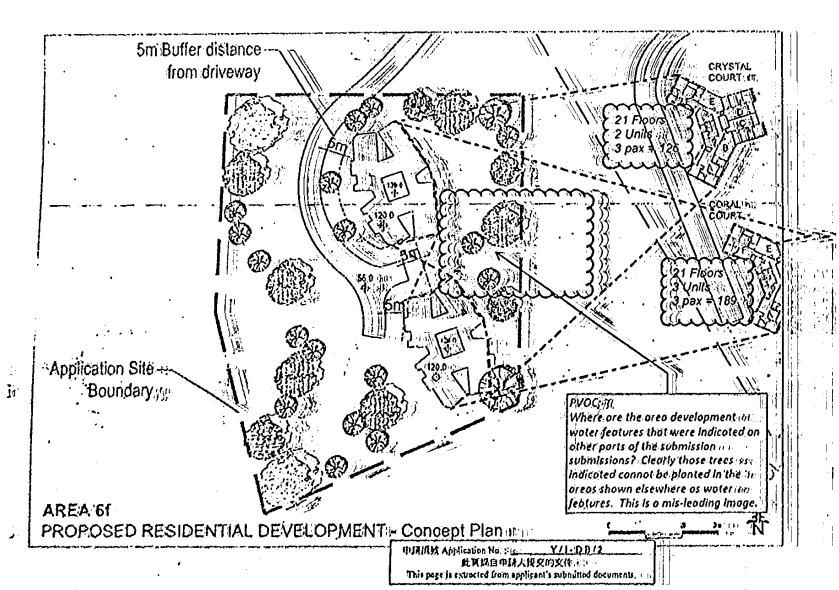
PVOC:

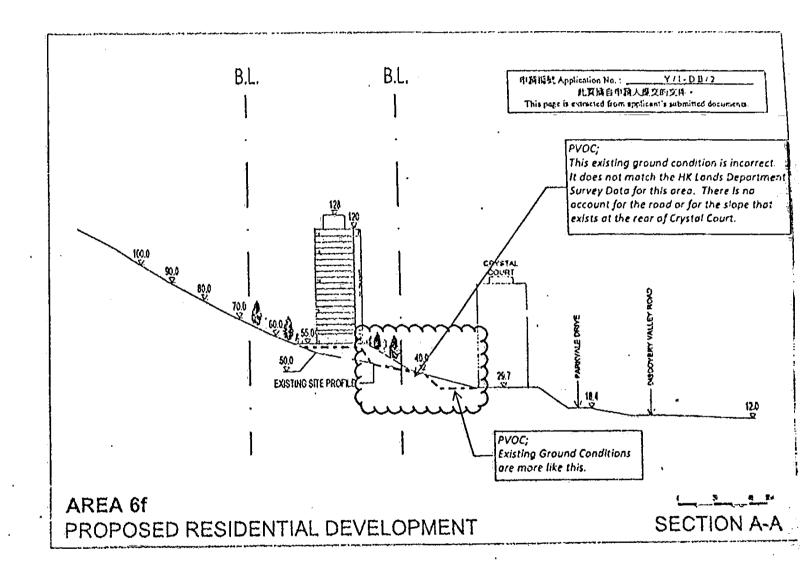
Photo-montages are very poor quality, and are not reflective of the view from the majority of the community.

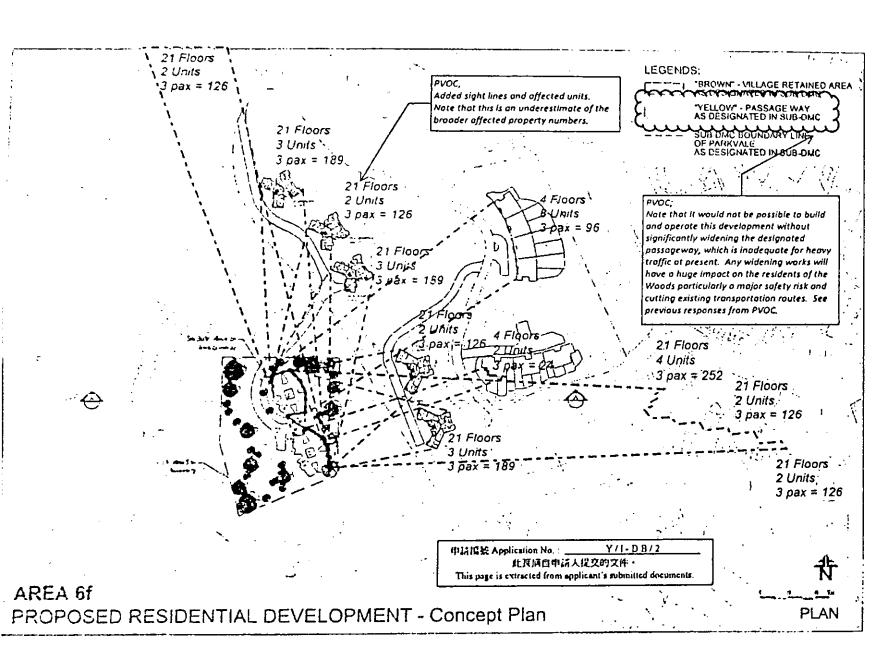
Note that there are over 523 flats that view directly on this site, with an average of 3 per unit, thats potentially 1569 residents whose views are not reflected in the photo-montages.

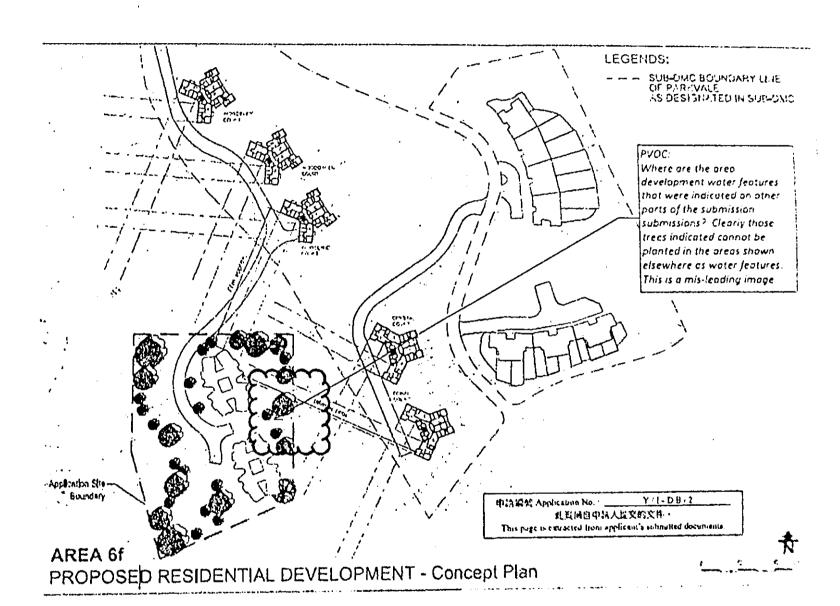
有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所獻資料在使用上的問題及文義上的效果。城市規劃委員會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

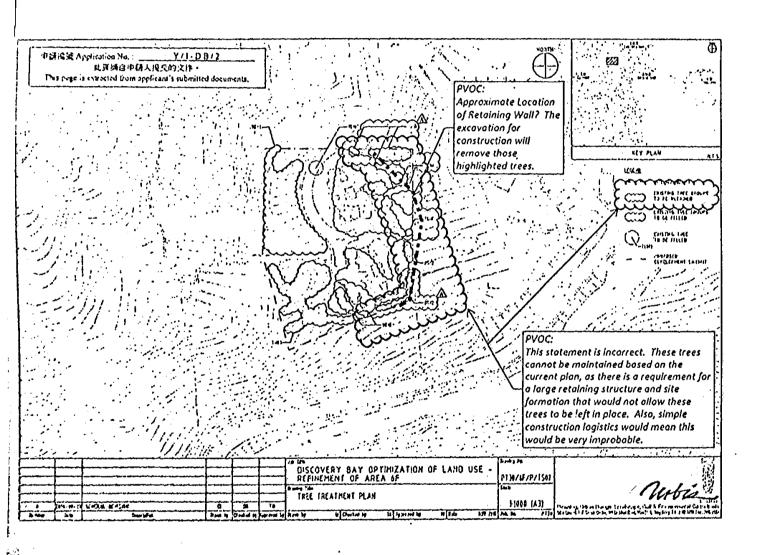
The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

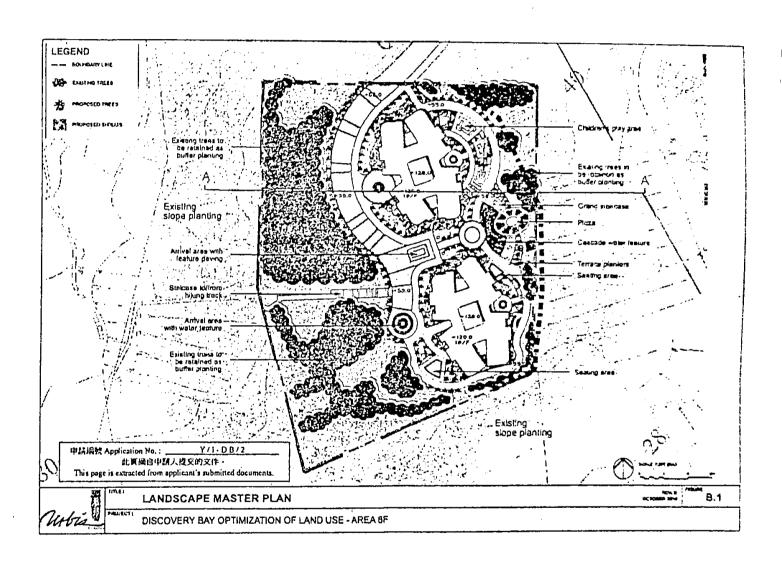




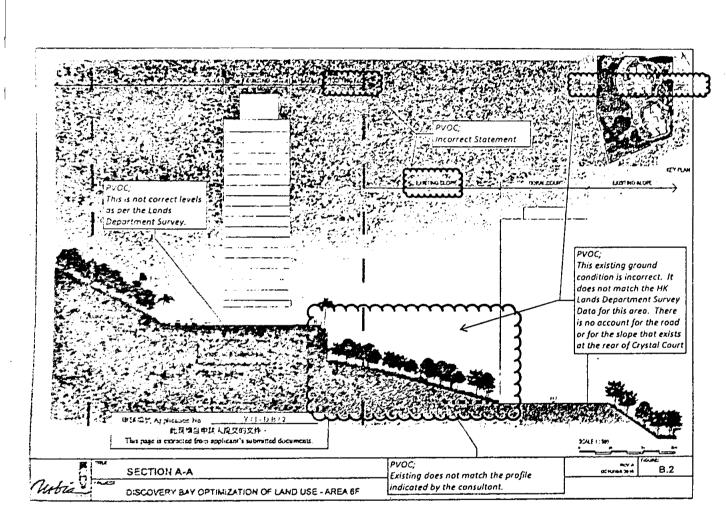


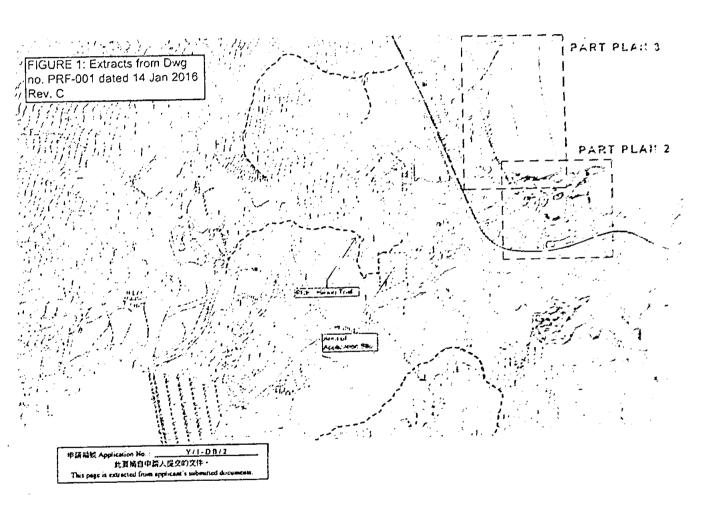


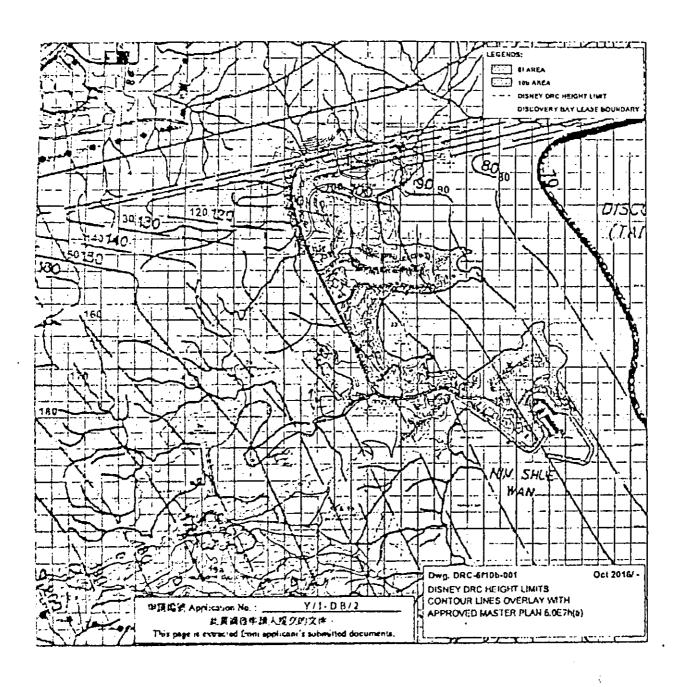






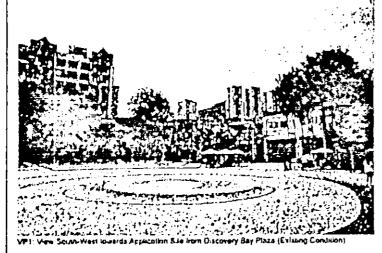








These poor quality
Photo-montages hardly
reflect the views from the
Plaza on a clear day - see
attached.



VP1; View So

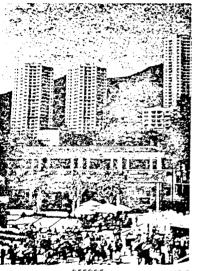
申請監視 Application No. : Y/1-DB/2 北質適合中語人提文的文件・ This page is extracted from applicant a submitted documents.

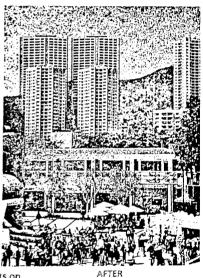
Vender:

PHOTOMONTAGE - VP1 (VSR REC1) FROM DISCOVERY BAY PLAZA

L 10000 70-04

MILISCT DISCOVERY BAY OPTIMIZATION OF LAND USE - REFINEMENT OF AREA SF



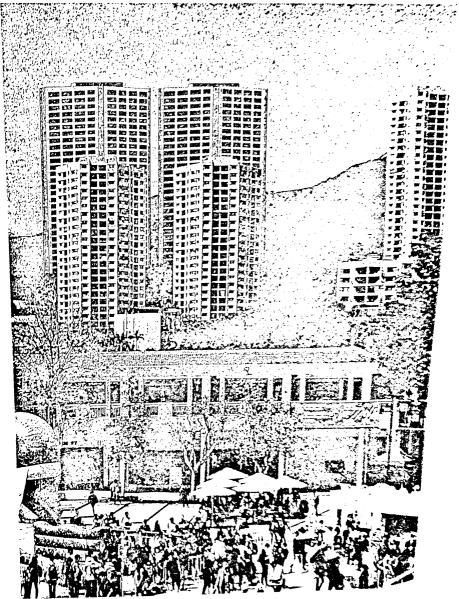


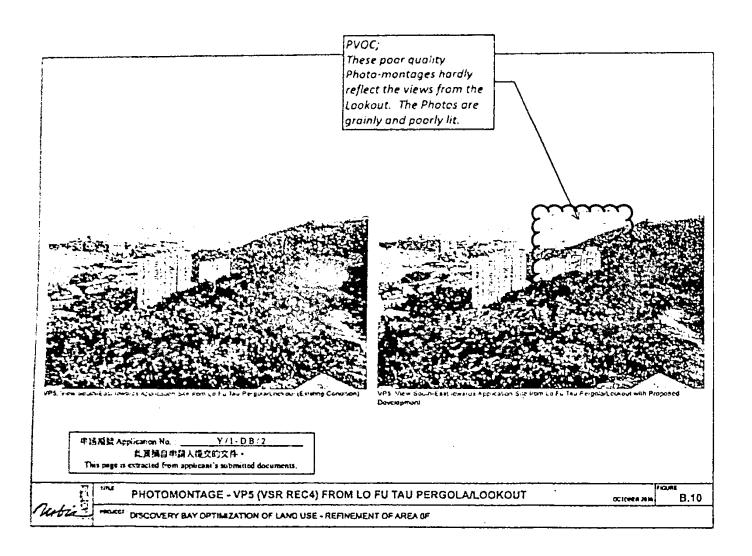
BEFORE

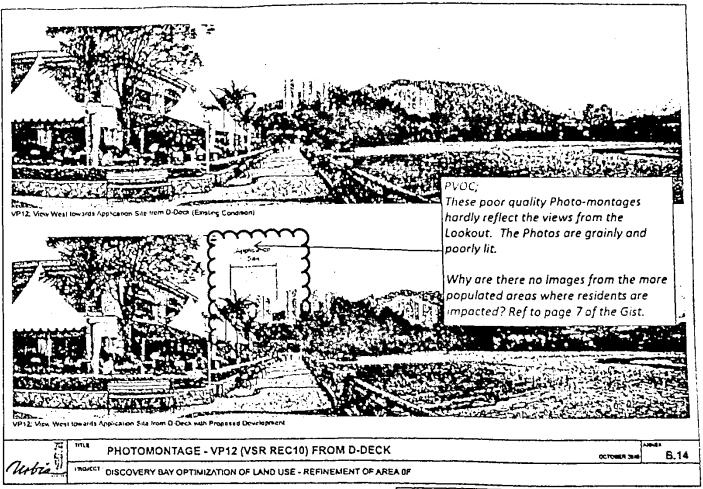
VOC comments on

HKRs 6f Planning Proposal

Fig. 1.1 BEFORE & AFTER IMPRESSION FROM PLAZA



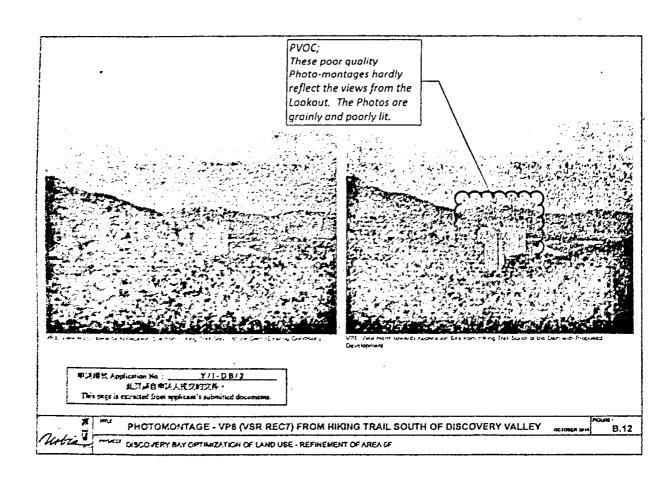




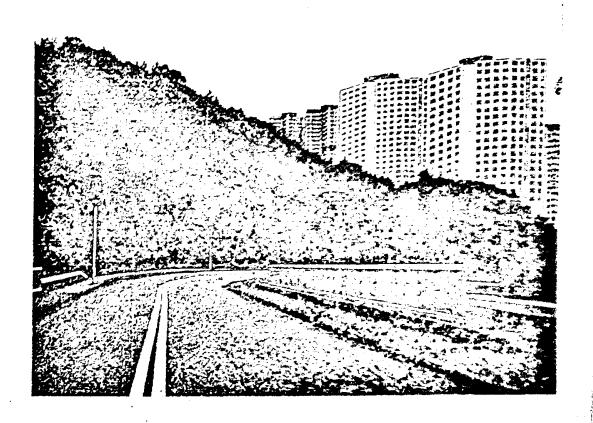
中国编版 Application No.: Y/1-DB/2 此質問自申請人提交的文件: This page is extracted from applicant's submitted documents.







VOC comments on HKRs 6f Planning Proposal Fig. 1.2.1 AFTER IMPRESSION FROM DISCOVERY BAY VALLEY ROAD



Physicians and the second seco

◆保護甲 typhication No. 11以及。

我中國中華 医电师中部环境 的印题

Procession Appellentions Relating to the Application life with the lattic Libingto.

* # # "

新维卡姆 袋牌

被为物理: 在商业的,决定(门即)

-

Progressed I so Development

The cases of finite town Planning Roard (Pate)

~..

The information of provided to specifications of the general public. Under not to constant as well the Lovin Problems
Theoret and appropriate the first time on the contractions only the information of the information
provided to come of assess information absolute according to the enforcement of the approximate.



申請終號 Application No.: Y/I-DB/2

申請人提交的運則、繪圖及報告書 Plans, Drawings and Reports Submitted by Applicant

	中文 <u>Chinese</u>	英文 English
學則及給學 Plans and Drawings		
總統發展藍圖/布局設計圖 Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)		
標字位置圖 Block plan(s)		□ MISSING
樓字平面置 Floor plan(s)		☐ MISSING
载德图 Sectional plan(s)		\square
主視室 Elevation(s)		□ MISSING
顯示擬議發展的合成照片 Photomontage(s) showing the proposed		\square
development		
图境設計總圖/園境設計圖 Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s)		
PVOC; lify)		
There are many concerns here, that have p接錄圖則 Extract Plans of Public	-	
been previously raised to the Board, over an and Deed of Restrictive Covenant		
safety to pedestrians and the inadequate	=	
questions have not been addressed.		
規劃研究 Planning studies		Ø
環境影響評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		\square
Environmental impact assessment (noice, air and/or water pollutions)	~~~~	· ·
就車輌的交通影響評估 Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles)		i i di Missing
對行人的交通影響評估、Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians)	man	MISSING
祝堂影響評価 Visual impact assessment	\dots	MISSING
祝堂影響評估 Visual impact assessment 景觀影響評估 Landscape impact asses <u>sment</u>		MISSING
樹木調査 Tree Survey PVOC; Poor quality Photo-montages		☐ MISSING
土力影響評估 Geotechnical impact as assessment, why has this not been		☐ MISSING
排水影響評估 Drainage impact assess provided for the sensitive receivers?		☐ MISSING
排污影解評估 Sewerage impact assessment	~~ ~	MISSING
国版評估 Risk Assessment		``□ }MISSING
其他(蔣証列)Uthers (please specify)	mfm	سهی
排水、排污及供水研究 Study on Drainage, Sewerage and Water Supply	-	
水質技術報告 Technical (PVOC; The Risk to the public is a		
回應部門意見 Response-fand has not been addressed in any		
form - please refer to the previous	•	
PVOC submissions that attached.		

有關資料是為方便市民大眾參考而提供。對於所數資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異,城市規劃委員會概不 章章·若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

The information is provided for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.



等件者: 等件日期: 收件者: 主旨:	Chiu Kitty 09日12月2016年星明五 17:13 phpt@pland.gov.lik Application No. YA-DB/2 Area 6f	· 5394
Deor Sirs,		
	ne attached submission from the PENINSULA C MMITTEE for 6f) and I wish to register my objec	,
Chiu Kit yee		

tpbpd

5395

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

0013125120163 3/1545/1774 tobod@pland.cov.hk

Dear Sir.

Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:

1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to

I ren to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"),

- Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this united application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the
- Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.

 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
 There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the
- land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the

proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners

being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this develope. .t. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

5395

Sincerely yours, KH Lau

Discovery Bay

附件:

Sukey Sung 99日12月20日年皇皇王 日日 tpopd@pland.gov.rk

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨.

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27 10.2016

5396

3533_001 pdf

Dear Sir/Madam,

4

Attached is my objection letter. Thank you.

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/P, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC') dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature: P3/13 Date: 09/12/2016.

Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident: Song Shi Xing & Though Tie.

Address:

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨: 附件:

Lynda Aurora 09日12月2016年星期五 10.38

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Discovery Bay objection

PastedGraphic-4.pdf; ATT00084.txt; PastedGraphic-5.pdf, ATT00087.txt

5397

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax; 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature: \(\text{\text{Curora}} \)	Date:
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	L AURORA
Address:	Ž <i>ok</i>

等件者: 寄件日期:

收件普:

Æï:

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F. North Point Government Offices

considered, secured and respected.

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2

Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC') dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be
- The disruption, pollution and muisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.

- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the $h_{\rm c}$, use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Regards 5398

Pushkar Vijay Sane

Discovery Bay

Hong Kong

tpbpd

John Campbell 09日12月2016年基別在 15:31 pbpd@pland.gov.hk

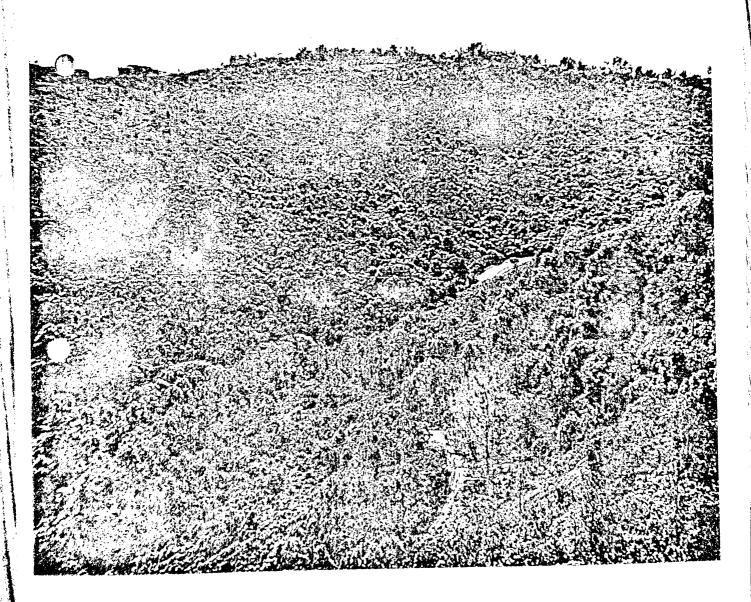
Planning Application Y/I - DB/2 YI - DB2 Lpdf; Comments on Application YI - DB2.docx

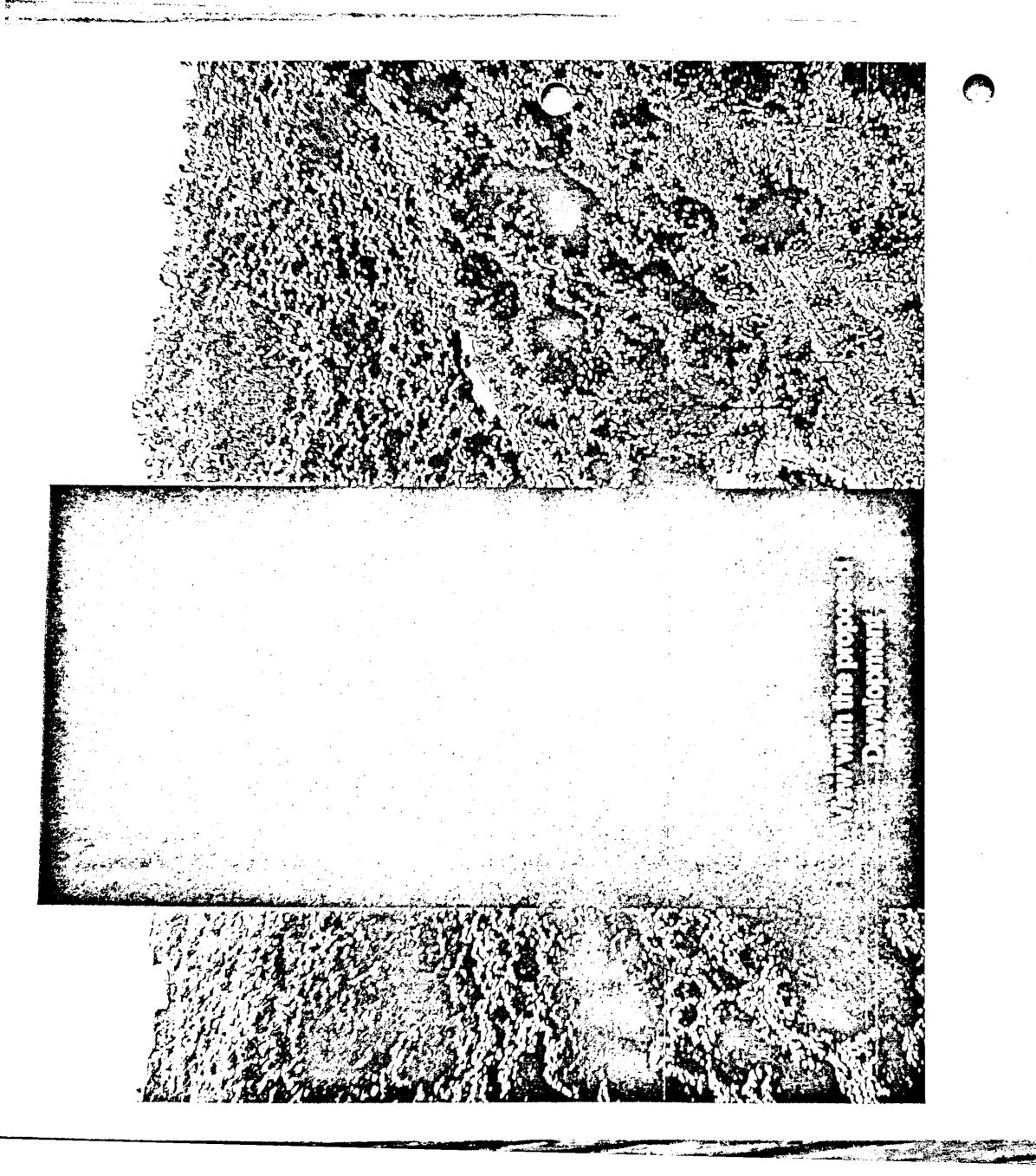
5399

Please find attached the comments form for the Planning Application Y/I - DB/2.

Regards

John





就規劃申請提出意見

Comments on Planning Application

請勿塡寫此欄	檔案編號 Reference No.	
For Official Use Only	收到日期 Date Received	

重要提示:

Important Notes:

- (1) 意見必須於指定的法定期限屆滿前向城市規劃委員會(委員會)提出;
 the comment should be made to the Town Planning Board (the Board) before the expiry of the specified statutory period;
- (2) 委員會考慮申請的暫定會議日期已上載於委員會的網頁(www.info.gov.hk/tpb/)。考慮規劃申請而舉行的會議(進行商議的部分除外),會向公眾開放。如欲觀看會議,請最運在會議日期的一天前以電話(2231 5061)、傳真(2877 0245 或 2522 8426)或電郵(tpbpd@pland.gov.hk)向委員會秘書處預留座位。座位會按先到先得的原則分配:the tentative date of the Board to consider the application has been uploaded to the Board's website (www.info.gov.hk/tpb/). The meeting for considering planning applications, except the deliberation parts, will be open to the public. For observation of the meeting, reservation of seat can be made with the Secretariat of the Board by telephone (2231 5061), fax (2877 0245 or 2522 8426) or e-mail (tpbpd@pland.gov.hk) at least one day before the meeting. Seats will be allocated on a first-come-first-served basis:
- (3) 供委員會在考慮申請時參閱的文件,會在發送給委員會委員後存放於規劃署的規劃資料查詢處(查詢熱線 2231 5000),以及在會議當日存放於會議轉播室,以供公眾查閱;及 the paper for consideration of the Board in relation to the application will be available for public inspection after issue to the Board Members at the Planning Enquiry Counters of the Planning Department (Hotline: 2231 5000) and at the Public Viewing Room on the day of meeting; and
- 在委員會考慮申請後,可致電2231 4810或2231 4835查詢有關決定,或是在會識結束後, 在委員會的網頁上查閱決定摘要。 after the Board has considered the application, enquiry about the decision may be made at tel. no. 2231 4810 or 2231 4835 or the gist of the decision can be viewed at the Board's website after the meeting.

度人送遞或轉遞:香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓 傳真:2877 0245 或 2522 8426 電郵:tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
To: Secretary, Town Planning Board By hand or post: 15/F. North Point Government Off	
By hand or post: 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong By Fax: 2877 0245 or 2522 8426 By e-mail: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk	
有關的規劃申請編號 The application no. to which the comment relates $Y(I-DB(2$	
意見詳情(如有需要,請另頁說明)	\cap
Details of the Comment (use separate sheet if necessary)	
Please see attached	
	C
提意見人」姓名/名稱 Name of person/company making this comment John Campbell By Signature 日期 Date 09 Dec Vio	

致城市規劃委員會秘書:

通訊地址 Postal Addre 電話號碼 Tel No. 傳真號碼 Fax No.

電郵地址 E-mail address



個人資料的聲明 Statement on Personal Data

- 1. The personal data submitted to the Board in this comment will be used by the Secretary of the Board and Government departments for the following purpose:
 - (a) the processing of this application which includes making available the name of the "commenter" for public inspection when making available this comment for public inspection; and
 - (b) facilitating communication between the "commenter" and the Secretary of the Board/Government departments
 - in accordance with the provisions of the Town Planning Ordinance and the relevant Town Planning Board Guidelines.

Comments on Application Y/I - DB/2

The proposed site is single road without sufficient passing space for EVA if there is any blockage of the road. The road up to the site is steep and if there is a breakdown or accident EVA's will not be able to get to the proposed development. This site should for safety reasons have a second access road. The single track road is almost 400m from a dual entry road and with 2 to 3 years of construction traffic going constantly up and down there is a very good chance that it will be blocked to EVA's at some point and once is too often.

-

Many people now work from home either full time or part time and to have 2-3 years of construction noise including the rock piling is unacceptable in a residential area. My wife and I often have conference calls and these will be impossible for the first year at least. Will compensation be offered to find alternative accommodation during the noisy construction period?

There are many young children getting on and off buses and generally playing around in the road in front to Woodbury/Woodgreen/Woodland Courts and having construction traffic passing frequently is not safe. This links back into the site needing a second access road for construction traffic.

I and many others try to ventilate their properties naturally to reduce energy consumption but this will not be possible with all the construction pollutants in such close proximity.

The buses serving Woodbury/Woodgreen/Woodland Courts are already full to the point that the driver can't see out of the entrance door and to add another 400 flats worth of passengers will not work.

The view on the Photomontage VP 14 from Tai Pak Wan Public Beach clearly shows that the new development will create a wall effect closing the gap between the Woodbury/Woodgreen/Woodland Courts and Crystal/Coral Courts. I'm not convinced that the correct height for the new development is shown on this photomontage.

The view from the rear of this flat like many others will be significantly blocked (see attached).

Where will all the construction huts, vehicles and materials be stored without taking down many more tress and shrubs than is currently shown on the design drawings? A construction layout plan is required to test its operability.

How will all the hikers be given safe access to the walk adjacent to the proposed development?

John Campbell 09 Dec 2016

The proposed site is single road without sufficient passing space for EVA if there is any blockage of the road. The road up to the site is steep and if there is a breakdown or accident EVA's will not be able to get to the proposed development. This site should for safety reasons have a second access road. The single track road is almost 400m from a dual entry road and with 2 to 3 years of construction traffic going constantly up and down there is a very good chance that it will be blocked to EVA's at some point and once is too often.

Many people now work from home either full time or part time and to have 2-3 years of construction noise including the rock piling is unacceptable in a residential area. My wife and I often have conference calls and these will be impossible for the first year at least. Will compensation be offered to find alternative accommodation during the noisy construction period?

There are many young children getting on and off buses and generally playing around in the road in front to Woodbury/Woodgreen/Woodland Courts and having construction traffic passing frequently is not safe. This links back into the site needing a second access road for construction traffic.

I and many others try to ventilate their properties naturally to reduce energy consumption but this will not be possible with all the construction pollutants in such close proximity.

The buses serving Woodbury/Woodgreen/Woodland Courts are already full to the point that the driver can't see out of the entrance door and to add another 400 flats worth of passengers will not work.

The view on the Photomontage VP 14 from Tai Pak Wan Public Beach clearly shows that the new development will create a wall effect closing the gap between the Woodbury/Woodgreen/Woodland Courts and Crystal/Coral Courts. I'm not convinced that the correct height for the new development is shown on this photomontage.

The view from the rear of this flat like many others will be significantly blocked (see attached).

Where will all the construction huts, vehicles and materials be stored without taking down many more tress and shrubs than is currently shown on the design drawings? A construction layout plan is required to test its operability.

How will all the hikers be given safe access to the walk adjacent to the proposed development?

每件日期: 軟件者: ±11:

船件:

Sameer Safaya 10111274701045

tpbpd@pland gov.hk

Area 10b Objection doex / Area of Resident Objection.doex

5400

YII-DBIZ

Dear TPB.

I just want to make it clear, that HKR abuses its power at every level, engaging in coercion, intimidation and downright illegal methods to develop as it pleases. THESE MUST STOP. We have democratically always opposed their noninclusive planning approaches. Its very top down, and NEVER with consent of residents. All they do is hold village meetings, and make their own decisions anyway after having "ceremoniously informed" us the residents. There is no due diligence, no representation and we have the feeling its just corruption at every level of government that authorizes all these re-zoning issues for example. Kindly see my rejection of their absurd, detrimental plans for any further developments in Discover Bay, thank you,

Objection to HKR's plans to equitinue croding our quality of life in DB with these illegal and corrupt plans

Kind regards,

Saler - a long time resident in DB and HK since 1992.

This is Parkvale

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sirs,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. The HKR claim that they are the sole land owner of Area 10b is in doubt. The lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant (PDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area 10b forms part of the "Service Area" as defined in the PDMC. Area 10b also forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 10b for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). This has effectively granted over time an easement that cannot be extinguished. The Applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be maintained, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby is and will be substantial. This

- 3. The Proposal is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation of the land use from the original approved Master Layout Plana and the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. a change from service into residential area. Approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interests of all resident and owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure cannot stand up under such a substantial increase in population implied by the submission. All DB property owners and occupiers would have to suffer and pay the cost of the necessary upgrading of infrastructure to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development. For one example the required road networks and related utilities capacity works arising out of this submission. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected. At minimum undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure of any modified development subsequently agreed to. Disruption to all residents in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5. The proposed felling of 118 mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surroundings, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature:Sameer Safaya	Date:	9/12/2016	-
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Re	esident:	Sameer Safaya_	
Address:			

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨: 附件:

Ling Yi Zou [0911127]2016年基別在23:26 tpbpd@pland.gev.hk Objections to 10B & 6P HKD application

10b JB.pdf; 6f JB.pdf

Y/1-D8/2

5401

Hi,

Please see my comments attached.

Regards, Jerker Berthou The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

(

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the 4. underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex 6. A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident: John Borthon

Address:



Tion of Linning Road

LVL:North)Point:Government Offices

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk o

Section 12A Application No. 7/1-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27,10,2016

Resorts (GHKR?). Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captured application on 27.10.2016.

Kundly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

HKR Claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 209 1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of aftic PDMC every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot, prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected. ...

inc. disruption: pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the himsion practice addressed.

The property of the Lot and a fundamental approved Master Plans or the approved Master Plans in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

1 of 2

residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

4. The proposed reclamation and construction of a decking with a width of 9-34m pose environmental hazard to the immediate rural natural surrounding. There are possible sea pollution by the proposed reclamation, violation of the lease conditions, contravention of the Foreshore and Sea-bed (Reclamation) Ordinance, and encroachment on Government Lands etc. The submission has not satisfactorily addressed these issues and without any proper consultation with the co-owners.

- 5. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 6. The proposed felling of 168 nos. mature trees in Area 10b is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.

7

10

- 7. I disagree the applicant's statement in item E.6 of RtC that the existing buses parks in Area 10b open space are "eyesores". We respect that Area 10b has been the backyard of Peninsula Village for years and are satisfied with the existing use and operation modes of Area 10b, and would prefer there will be no change to the existing land use or operational modes of Area 10b.
- 8. The proposed extensive fully enclosed podium structure to house the bus depot, the repair workshops, the dangerous goods stores including petrol filling station and RCP are unsatisfactory and would cause operational health and safety hazard to the workers within a fully enclosed structure, especially in view of those polluted air and volatile gases emitted and the potential noise generated within the compounds. The proponent should carry out a satisfactory environmental

impact assessment to the operational health and safety hazard of the workers within the fully enclosed structure and propose suitable mitigation measures to minimize their effects to the workers and the residents nearby.

- The proposed tethoval of helipad for emergency use from Area 10b is undestrable in view of its possible urgent use for rescue and transportation of the patients to the acute hospitals due to the rural and remote setting of Discovery Bay. This proposal should not be accepted without a proper re-provisioning proposal by the applicant to the satisfaction of all property owners of Discovery Bay.
- 10. I disagree the applicant's response in item (b) of UD&L, PlanD's comment in RtC that the proposed 4m wide waterfront promenade is an improvement to the existing situation of Area 10b. The proposed narrow promenade lacking of adequate landscaping or shelters is unsatisfactory in view of its rural and natural setting.
- A is still unsatisfactory and I agree that the comments made by Architectural Services Department that "....The podium of the building blocks nos. L7 to L14 is about 250m in length that is too long and monotonous. Together with the continuous layouts of the medium-rise residential blocks behind, the development may have a wall-effect and pose considerable visual impact to its vicinity..." and by Planning Department that "....towers closer to the coast should be reduced in height to minimize the overbearing impact on the coast" and that

Public viewers from the southwest would experience a long continuous building mass abutting the coast. Efforts should be made to break down the liding mass with wider building gaps...." are still valid after this revision.

including the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments included and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Date: The Conder 2016

Bay Owner / Resident: CHI HO NON/G-

新雄君 新雄日期 山林名 丁竹 川内

5413

The second of the second

C)

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir.

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

Kindly please note that I strongly object to the submission regarding the proposed development of the Lot. My main reasons of objection on this particular submission are listed as follows:-

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4.! The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and haise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5.! The proposed felling of 118 nos, mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6.! The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :	9~	Date:	9-12-2016
Name of Discovery B	Bay Owner <u>/</u> Re side nt: _	Chan Siu Kong	
Address:			

主旨: 附件:

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者:

tom chan

09日12月2016年呈现在15:54

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Discovery Bay Area 10b and 6F) Objection Letter to TPB

T_Area 6f (Behind Parkvale) - Objection Letter to TPB 2.pdf; T_Area 10b (Peninsula) - Objection Letter to TPB 2.pdf

Y/1-013/2

The Secretariat

Town Planning Board

15/F, North Point Government Offices

333 Java Road, North Point

(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4.! The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5.! The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6.! The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :	Date:	9-12-2016
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	Chan Siu Kong	
Address:		

ipbpd

寄件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨: 附件:

5405

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4.! The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5.! The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6.! The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :		Date:	9-12-2016	
Name of Discovery	Bay Owner / Resident:	han Suk Ching (Ooris	_
Address:				_

Endord 等件各 等件日期 即件名 主旨 附件

W. Liz

5436

War Blown .

Warrent to be y wifer of the war the a Tit

A THE PERSON PROCESS AND RELIANCE TO SEE A STREET OF THE PERSON THE SECOND STREET, THE SE

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir.

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC') dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area,

and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.

- 4.! The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.
- 5.! The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6.! The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature:	Date:	9-12-2016
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	Chan Wai Chung	
Address:		

脊件者: 寄件日期: 收件者: 主旨:	Law Tak Chi [ODE 12 H 2016] \$2 10 17 15.23 tpbpt@pland.gov.hk Objections to HKR' is two applications to the Town Plan	ing Board (TPB) to develop Area (61) behind Parkvale) and 166 Gervier Area at the
粉件:	waterfront of Peninsula Village) in Discovery Bay Area of (Behind Parkvale) - Objection Letter to TPB.doc	
Dear Sir,		3401
In response	to the applications by HKR	to the Town Planning Board for the

development of the areas cited in the Subject heading above, please note that I strongly object to such kinds of developments. Full arguments against the same are attached.

Grateful if you would pay due attention to the reasons and reject the applicant's submissions.

Thank you,

Lau Tak Chi

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via cmail: tpbpd@pland.gov.ldk or fax: 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir.

The second of th

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC") dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all

infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 6f should be withdrawn.

Signature :	Date: _	9 th Dec 2016
Name of Discovery Bay Owner / Resident:	Lau Tak Chi	
Address:		

寄件日期; 091112月2016年星期五 15:04 收件者:

tpbpd@pland.gov.lik

Objection to 2 new Discovery Bay proposed developments - Area 10B and Area 6F)

Y/1-DB/2

Dear Sir/Madam

主旨:

I wish to register my strong objection to the above 2 developments in my home town of Discovery Bay. I am a permanent resident of Hong Kong, having lived here for over 15 years now. I chose to live in Discovery Bay because of the relatively low density population, hence lower levels of pollution and the access to nature and currently own 3 properties in Discovery Bay. I am very concerned about the proposed developments as it is my belief that, with the large increase in population, they will alter Discovery Bay beyond recognition. Neither do I believe that DB has the infrastructure to support such a large increase in population. What about sewerage, buses, rubbish collection, schools, leisure facilities, medical facilities, water etc etc?- the proposed plans do not adequately explain how this can possibly work. As a resident, I also worry about the noise levels during renovation and the disruption to resident's every day lives during the very long renovation period for a project on such a large scale.

To summarize, I wish to object to applications Y/1-DB/3 and Y/1-DB/2. Such an enormous increase in population is simply not feasible in Discovery Bay and will cause widespread upset.

Yours faithfully Catherine Mackinnon

The Secretariat
Town Planning Board
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point
(Via cmail; tpbpd@pland.gov.hk or fax; 2877 0245 / 2522 8426)

Dear Sir,

Section 12A Application No. Y/I-DB/2 Area 6f, Lot 385 RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay

Objection to the Submission by the Applicant on 27.10.2016

I refer to the Response to Comments submitted by the consultant of Hong Kong Resort ("HKR"), Masterplan Limited, to address the departmental comments regarding the captioned application on 27.10.2016.

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole land owner of Area 6f is in doubt, as the lot is now held under the Principal Deed of Mutual Covenant ("PDMC') dated 20.9.1982. Area 6f forms part of either the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC. Pursuant to Clause 7 under Section I of the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to go pass and repass over and along and use Area 6f for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has failed to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unilateral application. The property rights of the existing co-owners, i.e. all property owners of the Lot, should be considered, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nuisance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property owners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- 3. There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Outline Zoning Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential area, and approval of it would be an undesirable precedent case from environmental perspective and against the interest of all property owners of the district.
- 4. The original stipulated DB population of 25,000 should be fully respected as the underlying infrastructure capacity could not afford such substantial increase in population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in upgrading the surrounding infrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related utilities improvement works arised out of this submission etc. The proponent should consult and liaise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all

infrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nos. mature trees in Area 6f is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still unsatisfactory in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

Unless and until the applicant is able to provide detailed responses to the comments for further review and comment, the application for Area 10b should be withdrawn.

Signature :	Date: 3/2/2016	. :
Name of Discover	Bay Owner / Resident: You Ma LEE	:- : -
Address:	The second secon	

寄件者:

09日12月2016年早期五 14:27

省件日期: 收件者:

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

主旨:

附件:

Re Objection: Area 10b and area 6f, Discovery Bay

image1.JPG; ATT00013.txt; image2.JPG; ATT00016.txt; image3.JPG; ATT00019.txt; image4.JPG; ATT00022.txt

5410

To whom it may concern,

Pls see attached objections related to:

- Area 10b, Lo 385, RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay
- Area 6f, Lot 385, RP & Ext (Part) in D.D. 352, Discovery Bay V / 1-DS/2

BR Ebba Lo

The Secretarial
Town Planning Hourd

IS T. North Point Conveniment Office.

333 Liva Road, North Point
(Via emial <u>Inlight of filling for the 1882 in </u>

Deat Sit.

Section II A Application No. 3 1-1011 2 Area of Cot 385 RP & EMPADDICTO 125, Proceedings

Other clients the Submission by the Apple ont on Joseph Sub-

Frefer to the Response to Comments out a near residence of the configuration of European Resort (CHKR)). Masterplan Limited to had been the dependence of constraint regarding the captioned application of 27 pt 2006.

- 1. HKR claims that they are the sole hand corner of Area of its in doubt, in the bot is now held under the Principal Deed of Minual Covenant (PPDMC) dated 20.9.1982. Area of forms part of eather the "City Common Areas" or the "City Retained Areas" as defined in the PDMC, Pursuant in Claims " under Section Lot the PDMC, every Owner (as defined in the PDMC) has the right and liberty to popass and reprise user and along and use Area of for all purposes connected with the proper use and enjoyment of the same subject to the City Rules (as defined in the PDMC). The applicant has laded to consult or seek proper consent from the co-owners of the Lot prior to this unit steal application. The property rights of the existing co-gwiners, i.e., all property owners of the Lot should be considered, secured and respected.
- 2. The disruption, pollution and nursance caused by the construction to the immediate residents and property moners nearby are substantial, and the submission has not been addressed.
- There is major change to the development concept of the Lot and a fundamental deviation to the land use of the original approved Master Plans or the approved Optime Zening Plan in the application, i.e. from staff quarters into residential

area and approval of it would be an once that the property of all property of the district

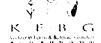
The ony and supulated DB isopulation of 28 point hermit be tally respected as the underlying intrastructure capacity could not afford a classification in reason population by the submission, and all DB property owners would have to suffer and pay for the cost out of this submission in appending the submissionint intrastructure so as to provide adequate supply or support to the proposed development, e.g. all required road network and related unlittles improvement works ansen out of this submission etc. The proposition should consult and haise with all property owners being affected and undertake the cost and expense of all untrastructure out of this development. Its disruption during construction to other property owners in the vicinity should be properly mitigated and addressed in the submission.

- 5. The proposed felling of 118 nm mature trees in Area of is an ecological disaster, and poses a substantial environmental impact to the immediate natural setting. The proposal is unacceptable and the proposed tree preservation plan or the tree compensatory proposal are unsatisfactory.
- 6. The revision of development as indicated in the Revised Concept Plan of Annex A is still installished by in term of its proposed height, massing and disposition in this revision. The two towers are still sitting too close to each other which may create a wall-effect to the existing rural natural setting, and would pose an undesirable visual impact to the immediate surrounding, especially to those existing towers in the vicinity.

		de to provide detailed respon	
for further res	few and comment, the	application for Area 6f shou	ld be withdrawn.
	$\setminus A \cap A$	The thry Date:	

Name of Discoulty Bay Owner / Resident: DEN LO + 10,90 HONG

Address:



嘉道理農場暨植物閣か司 Kadoorie Farm & Botanic Garden Corporation

grounds, nursery grounds) should also be considered as specified in the Technical Memorandum on Environmental Impact Assessment Process. The impact assessment regarding these sensitive receivers and other marine ecological sensitive receivers (like the seagrass beds at Nim Shue Wan and corals) largely depends on the results of the marine water quality impact assessment.

- 5. We would like the Board to clarify with the relevant authorities and the applicant as to whether proper water quality modeling analyses have been conducted to assess the potential marine water quality impacts that would be caused by the proposed project (i.e., Y/I-DB/3). We hope that such modeling analysis has been carried out and the results are acceptable to the relevant authorities. If no such modeling analysis has been undertaken, we would like the Board to request for the rationale and explanations for such an omission from the assessment process.
- 6. We are highly concerned about the potential ecological impacts that would be caused by these projects. We consider that comprehensive ecological impact assessments should be carried out for both projects and the results of such studies presented to the Board. We consider that it is not acceptable to approve these applications without the Board being provided with such information.
- 7. Thank you for your attention.

Ecological Advisory Programme
Kadoorie Farm and Botanic Garden

cc. Hong Kong Bird Watching Society
WWF-HK

香港新界大埔本錦公路 Lem Kam Road, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong Email: eap@kfbg.org

1



嘉道理農場暨植物園分司 Kadoorie Farm & Botanic Garden Corporation

The Secretary,
Town Planning Board,
15/F, North Point Government Offices,
333, Java Road, North Point,
Hong Kong.
(Email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk)

12th July, 2016.

By email only

Dear Sir/ Madam,

To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)" to "Residential (Group C) 12" (Y/I-DB/2)

R

To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters

(1)", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Service Area", "Other Specified Uses"

annotated "Dangerous Goods Store/Liquefied Petroleum Gas Store", "Other Specified
Uses" annotated "Pier (3)", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Petrol Filling Station",

"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Marina" and "Government, Institution or
Community" to "Residential (Group C) 13", "Government, Institution or Community",

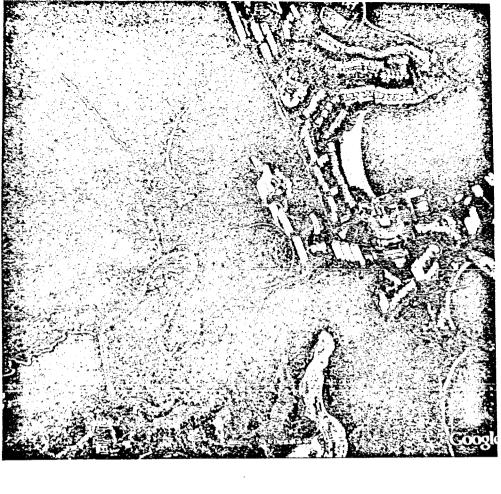
"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Residential Above Service Area" and "Other
Specified Uses" annotated "Promenade" and to extend the Outline Zoning Plan
boundary beyond the existing seawall and zone it as "Residential (Group C) 13" and

"Other Specified Uses" annotated "Promenade"

(Y/I-DB/3)

- 1. We refer to the captioned.
- 2. We are highly concerned about the potential ecological impacts that would be caused by these projects. We consider that proper ecological impact assessments should be carried out for both projects and the results of such studies presented to the Board. We would consider that it is not acceptable to approve these applications without the Board being provided with this information.
- 3. As can be seen from an aerial photograph taken in 2016 (Figure 1), the site for the first application (Y/I-DB/2) is quite well-vegetated and would be ecologically linked with the

香港新界大埔林錦公路 Lam Kain Road, Tal Po, New Territorios, Hong Kong Email: eap@klbg.org



香港新界大埔林錦公路 Lam Kam Road, Tai Po, New Territories, Hong Kong Email: eap@klbg.org



嘉道理農場暨植物園公司 Kadoorie Farm & Botanic Garden Corporation

surrounding hillside vegetation. According to the AFCD, there are also seagrasses present at Nim Shue Wan¹. In addition, we would like the Board to clarify with the applicant as to whether reclamation of the foreshore is required for the second application (Y/I-DB/3). If the answer is 'Yes', we are highly concerned that the seagrass beds will be seriously affected by the future scale of engineering works associated with this application.

- 4. We urge the Board to clarify with the applicant and the relevant authorities as to whether ecological impact assessments have been carried out to identify and evaluate the ecological value of the application sites and their surroundings as well as the potential ecological impacts of the proposals. If not yet done, we urge the Board to consult with the Conservation Authority and request for such assessments for these applications. Relevant mitigation measures should also be clearly articulated if ecological impacts are identified for these sites and their surroundings.
- 5. Thank you for your attention.

Ecological Advisory Programme Kadoorie Farm and Botanic Garden

¹https://www.afcd.gov.hk/english/conservation/con_wet/con_wet_sea/con_wet_sea_dis/images/ThecurrentdistributionofseagrassesiHongKong201402EngMP.jpg



嘉道理業場暨植物園分司 Kadoorie Farm & Botanic Garden Corporation

The Secretary,
Town Planning Board,
15/F, North Point Government Offices,

333, Java Road, North Point,

Hong Kong.

(Email: tpbpd@pland.gov.hk)

9th December, 2016.

By email only

5411

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Dear Sir/ Madam,

To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (5)" to "Residential (Group C) 12"

(Y/I-DB/2)

To rezone the application site from "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Staff Quarters (1)", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Service Area", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Dangerous Goods Store/Liquefied Petroleum Gas Store", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Petrol Filling Station", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Marina" and "Government, Institution or Community" to "Residential (Group C) 13", "Government, Institution or Community", "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Residential Above Service Area" and "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Residential Above Service Area" and "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Promenade" and to extend the Outline Zoning Plan boundary beyond the existing seawall and zone it as "Residential (Group C) 13" and "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Promenade"

(Y/I-DB/3)

1. We refer to the captioned.

- 2. We consider that the comments made in our previous submission are still valid; please refer to Appendix 1.
- 3. In addition, we would like to provide our views regarding some recent responses made by the applicant to the comments of the authorities.
- 4. We would like to make clear that impact on fisheries does not only cover impacts on Fish Culture Zones (FCZs). Impacts on capture fisheries and fisheries resources (e.g., spawning

香港新界大埔科錦公路 Lain Kam Road, Tal Po, New Territories, Hong Kong Email: eap@ktbg.org